

Data Providers Handbook

Archiving Guide to the PDS4 Data Standards



Data System Working Group

Oct, 2009

Version 0.1

CHANGE LOG

Revision	Date	Description	Author
0.1	Mar 30, 2009	Initial draft based on information collected by the Data System Working Group.	R.Joyner
0.2	Aug 6, 2009	Updated versions of all Classes	R. Joyner

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION.....	4
1.1	PURPOSE	4
1.2	AUDIENCE	4
1.3	DOCUMENT SCOPE	4
1.4	DOCUMENT OVERVIEW.....	5
1.5	APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS.....	5
1.5.1	CONTROLLING DOCUMENTS	5
1.5.2	REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	5
2.0	Overview	6
3.0	PDS4 concepts	8
3.1	PDS4 BUILDING BLOCKS – THE PRIMARY PIECES	8
3.1.1	PDS4 BASE STORAGE STRUCTURES.....	8
3.1.2	PDS4 OBJECT	8
3.1.3	PDS4 OBJECT DESCRIPTION	9
3.1.4	PDS4 TAGGED OBJECT	9
3.1.5	PDS4 TYPES OF TAGGED OBJECTS.....	10
3.1.6	PDS4 PRODUCT	10
3.1.7	PDS4 SETS OF PRODUCTS.....	14
3.1.8	PDS4 LABEL.....	15
3.1.9	PDS4 XML.....	15
3.2	THE LOGICAL ORGANIZATION.....	16
3.2.1	TYPES OF DATA	17
3.3	ASSOCIATING ONE PIECE WITH ANOTHER	17
3.4	PACKAGING FOR DELIVERY TO THE PDS.....	18
3.5	THE CONCEPT OF CARDINALITY	18
4.0	Pds4 data representation	20
4.1	PDS4 DATA STRUCTURES	21
4.2	PDS4 DATA PRODUCT DESCRIPTION.....	23
5.0	Pds4 product Label schema.....	24
5.1	RESTRICTIONS IN TAILORING SCHEMAS	26
5.2	BUILDING AND USING LOCAL DATA DICTIONARIES	26
5.3	EXAMPLE RELATIONSHIP OF SCHEMAS TO LABELS	26
6.0	PDS4 CONCEPT OF “IDENTIFIers”	29
7.0	PDS4 DATA PRODUCT CLASSES	31
7.1	Array_Base – Homogeneous N-Dimensional Array Of Scalars	31
7.1.1	IMAGE_GRAYSCALE	31
7.2	Table_Base – Heterogeneous Repeating Record of Scalars	47
7.2.1	TABLE_CHARACTER.....	47
7.2.2	TABLE_BINARY.....	59
7.2.3	TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED.....	69
7.3	UNENCODED STREAM BASE	93
7.3.1	STREAM_DELIMITED	93
7.3.2	SOFTWARE_SET	103
7.4	ENCODED STREAM BASE	108

7.4.1	DOCUMENT_SET.....	108
APPENDIX A	ACRONYMS.....	119
APPENDIX B	DEFINITION OF TERMS.....	120
APPENDIX C	DIGITAL OBJECT DESCRIPTIONS	122
APPENDIX D	NON-DIGITAL OBJECT DESCRIPTIONS	137

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

This PDS Data Providers Handbook (DPH) serves as a guide for the preparation of PDS4 compliant data intended for submission to the Planetary Data System (PDS). This document is to be used, in conjunction with the PDS Standards Reference and the Planetary Science Data Dictionary, for preparing a data set that meets the PDS4 archive criteria.

Note: This document is currently in draft form and contains sparse content in certain sections as well as transitional verbiage to aide in the flow of the document. These issues and others will be addressed in subsequent versions of the document.

1.2 AUDIENCE

This document is intended for scientists and engineers in the planetary science community who are in the process of, or are considering, submitting restored or new mission data to the PDS.

This document is primarily intended for data producers who are new to the PDS. Persons already familiar with PDS may find this document useful as a guide towards understanding the newer PDS4 constructs. Persons more familiar with PDS and the underlying PDS4 criteria for submitting planetary science to the PDS may find it more productive to seek information from the PDS Standards Reference and/or the Planetary Data Dictionary.

PDS has evolved new PDS4 requirements and standards for archival quality data to ensure that the data it provides to users in the science community are complete, accurate, and easily accessible. This manual is intended for all types of data suppliers and developers working with PDS.

1.3 DOCUMENT SCOPE

The information included here addresses the requirements of the PDS4 archive standards. Throughout this document are references to Version 4.0 of the Planetary Data System Standards Reference that addresses the data preparation requirements for preparing data sets that meet PDS4 archive standards.

1.4 DOCUMENT OVERVIEW

This version of the PDS Data Providers Handbook reflects a major revision in the data preparation and submission process. The PDS4 requirements, standards and procedures presented herein reflect the most recent updates to the PDS4 architecture [1].

This document collects the most important concepts with good examples of current practice and guides the new archivist through the forest of Planetary Data System standards, mission requirements, and general good sense to an archive that is both achievable and of high quality.

This document provides examples of a small subset of the allowed possibilities. The examples illustrated are thought to be the most common and adaptable.

1.5 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

1.5.1 CONTROLLING DOCUMENTS

- 1) Planetary Data System (PDS) PDS4 Information Model Specification, Version 0.09xxxxx.

1.5.2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

- 1) Planetary Data System (PDS) Standards Reference, February 27, 2009, Version 3.8, JPL D-7669, Part 2.
- 2) Planetary Data System Archive Preparation Guide (APG), August 29, 2006.

2.0 OVERVIEW

PDS is in a multi-year process to develop and deploy a major modernization of its entire archive and distribution system. The result is referred to as PDS version 4, or simply, PDS4.

This document provides information to assist data suppliers in the preparation of data for archiving under the PDS4 standards. In previous versions, the Standards Reference included substantial ancillary and tutorial information. Under PDS4 the Standards Reference remains the definitive source for PDS archiving, but that document is designed strictly as a reference. Tutorial information is provided in this document and other ancillary documents.

Among the goals of the redesign of the PDS archive system embodied in PDS4 are:

- improve efficiency and reduce costs in the data submission process,
- increase the robustness and integrity of data in the archive,
- simplify the location and retrieval of data from the archive,
- enhance value added services to end users.

The key principles underlying the development of PDS4 are:

- Data visualization and analysis software change relatively frequently. Formats optimized for such software generally are not optimal for archiving.
- Conversely, data structures optimized for archiving should be simple, rigidly controlled, and projected to be stable for extended periods. Such structures are in general less convenient for data visualization and analysis.
- Documents and software should be treated the same as any other data.
- The data system should be able to identify and retrieve individual objects and to identify all of the relevant associated with the object.
- The approach PDS has taken is to archive data in a few highly constrained, simple data structures which are projected to be stable for decades. Over the long term this will benefit PDS, and equally importantly data submitters, who will be able to access easy to use standards and to design stable pipelines.

- To provide broad support for end user communities, PDS will enhanced search capabilities and will develop software to convert between archive formats and current, widely used visualization and analysis formats.

3.0 PDS4 CONCEPTS

This section introduces key terms and concepts as they are used within the PDS. The internal meanings of several key phrases and/or concepts are presented to facilitate a clear and concise communication between the PDS and the archivist. Appendix B provides more technical definitions.

3.1 PDS4 BUILDING BLOCKS – THE PRIMARY PIECES

3.1.1 PDS4 BASE STORAGE STRUCTURES

PDS uses four base storage structures. The four structures are:

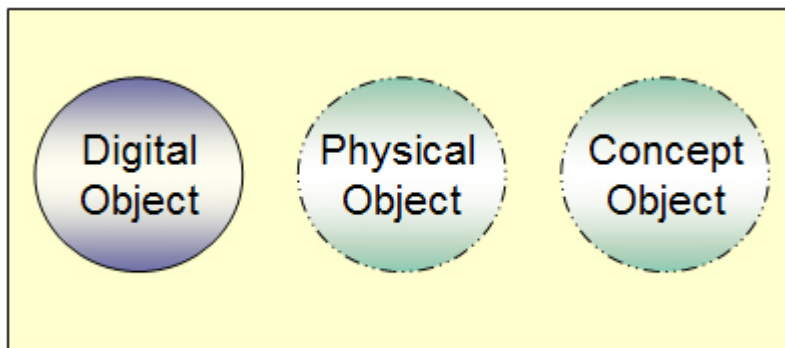
- Array_Base - Homogeneous N-dimensional array of scalars
- Table_Base - Heterogeneous repeating record of scalars
- Unencoded Stream Base
- Encoded Stream Base

These are described in more detail later in this document. These structures are simple, stable structures which are rigidly defined by PDS. The key point is that everything that goes into the archive must be stored using these structures.

3.1.2 PDS4 OBJECT

Object:

Can be either a Digital Object or a Physical Object or a Conceptual Object.



An example of a Digital Object is the sequence of bits that comprise a Table or an Image or a Document or a piece of Software. For an Image, the object is the image itself (exclusive of any associated items such as a header or histogram table each of which is also an object).

An example of a Physical Object is a spacecraft or moon rock. An example of a Conceptual Object is a Mission or Node. These latter two types of Objects are “intrinsic” in the sense that they exist and are in need of being described in such a manner that they can be referenced and associated with objects in the archive. Clearly, neither Physical or Conceptual Objects will actually be stored in the archive.

3.1.3 PDS4 OBJECT DESCRIPTION

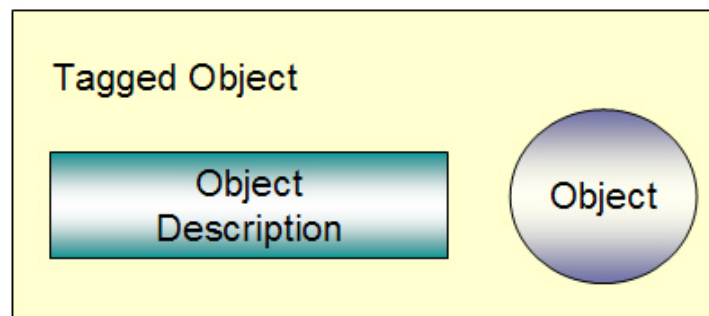
Object Description:

The Object Description is the collection of metadata (information about the data) that maps an Object into more meaningful concepts (e.g., Image, Table, Mission, Spacecraft). For an Image such metadata would include information such as the number of lines and samples, the filter used, time of observation, etc. The Object Description is expressed in XML as part of a PDS Label.

3.1.4 PDS4 TAGGED OBJECT

Tagged Object:

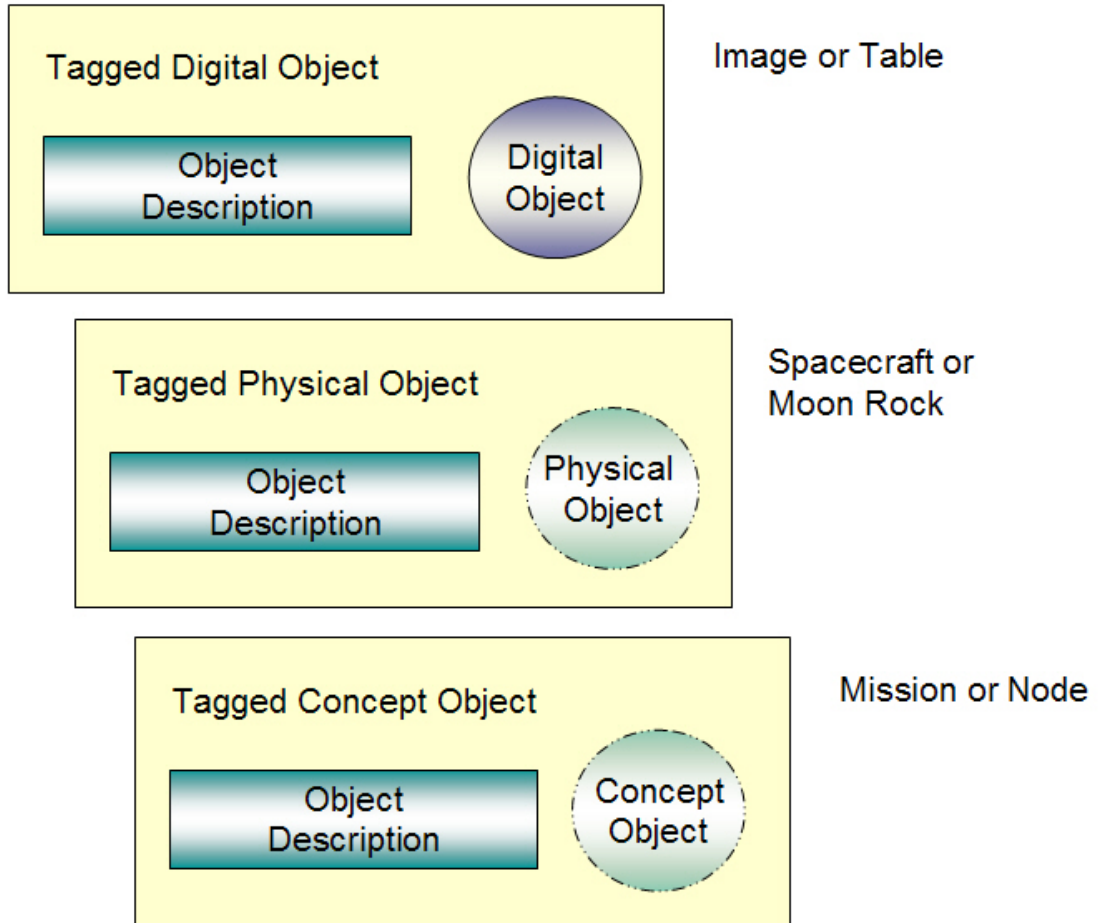
An Object Description and an associated Object form a Tagged Object.



3.1.5 PDS4 TYPES OF TAGGED OBJECTS

Types of Tagged Objects:

There are three types of Tagged Objects. The type of Tagged Object being described is dependent upon which type of Object is being described - Physical Object, or a Digital Object or a Conceptual Object.



3.1.6 PDS4 PRODUCT

Product:

A Product consists of Identification Information and one or more associated Tagged Object(s). Products are “identifiable”. An identifiable has a globally unique immutable identifier. The globally immutable identifier permits the “product” to be located and retrieved by a single query against any federated registry system, of which PDS4 is one.

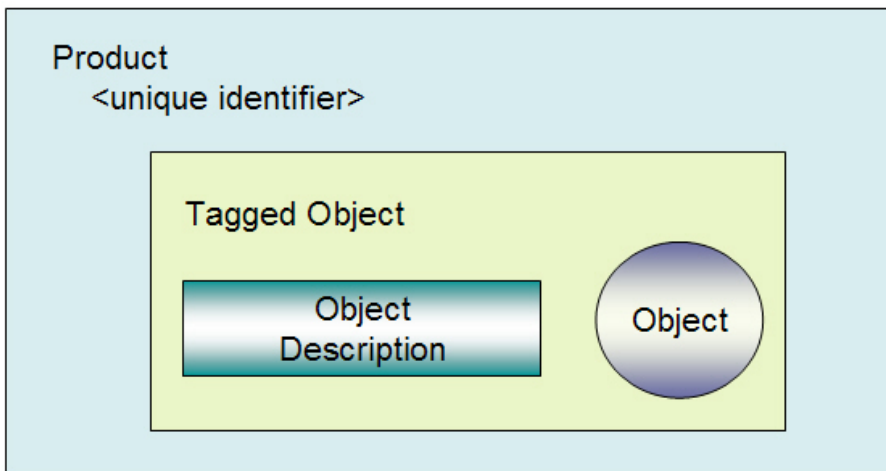
Products come in a couple of different types:

- Simple Product
- Compound Product

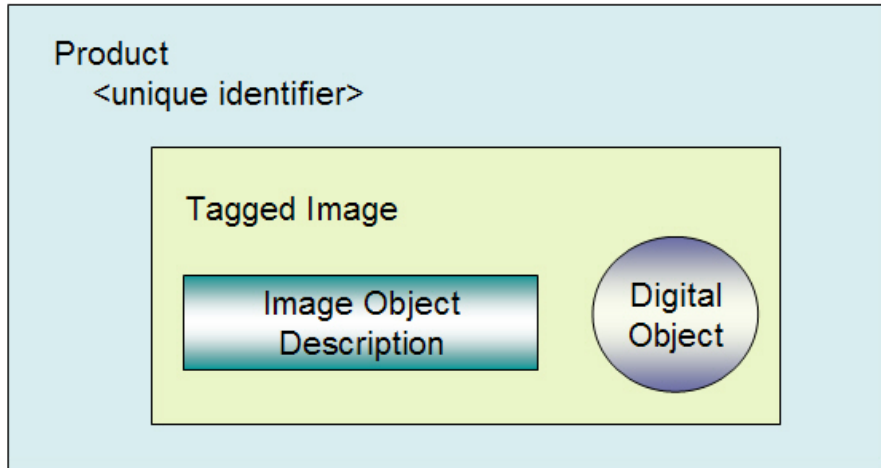
The following diagrams illustrate how products can be described. The following are only representative of possible types of product that can be described and are not encompassing of all possible types of products that can be described within a PDS archive:

- Simple Product
- Simple Image Product
- Compound Product
- Compound Image Product
- Compound Document Product
- Sets of Products

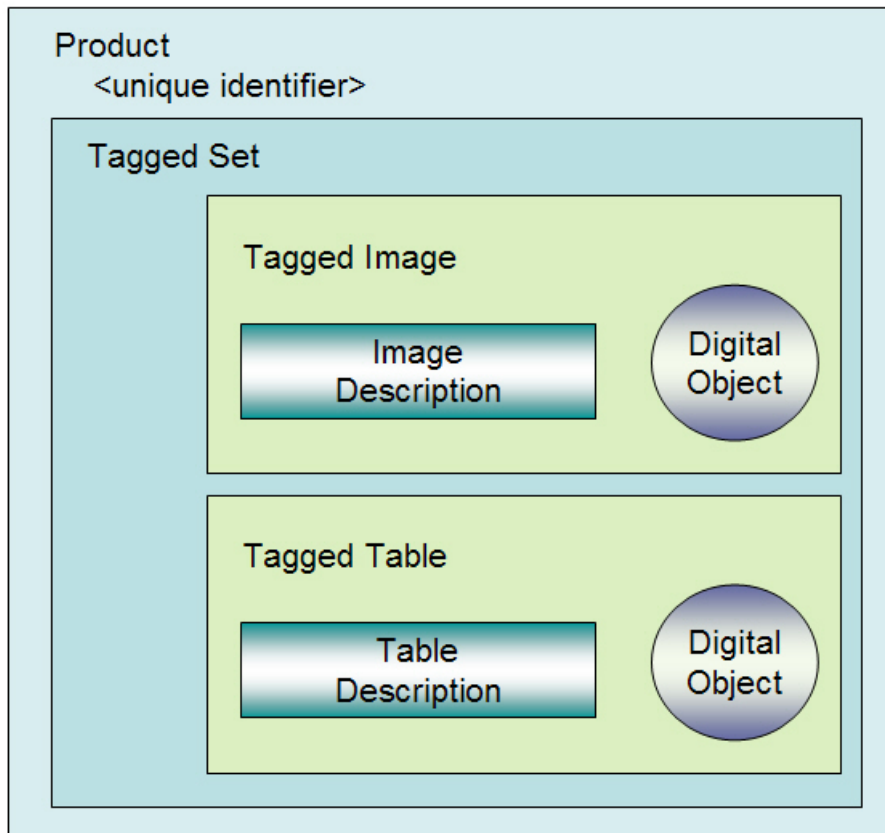
Simple Product



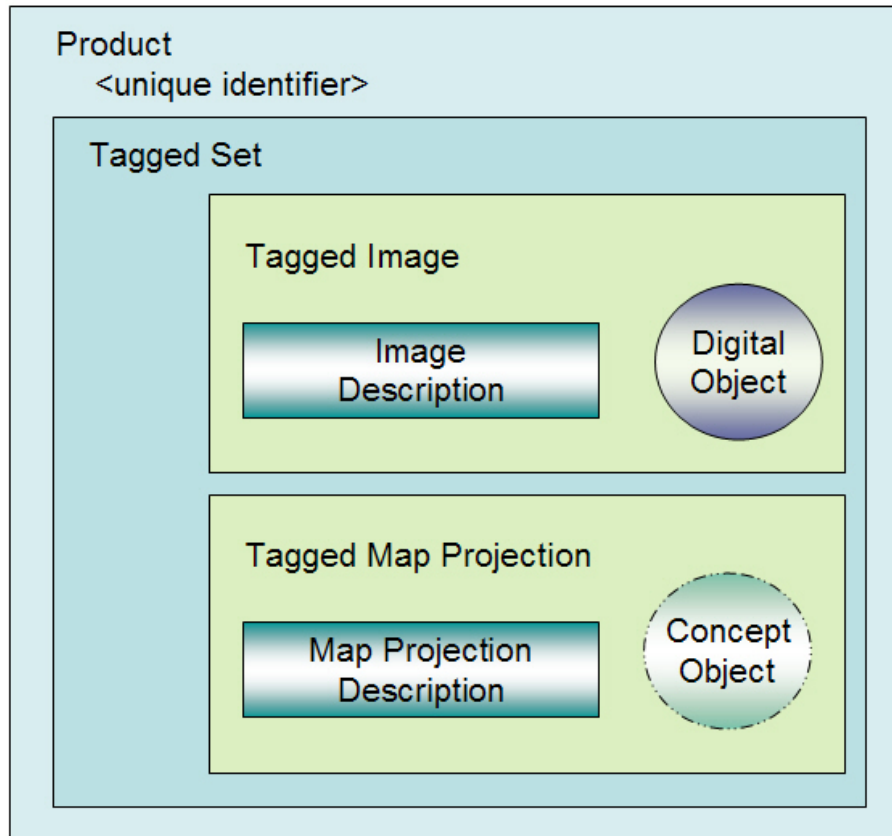
Simple Image Product



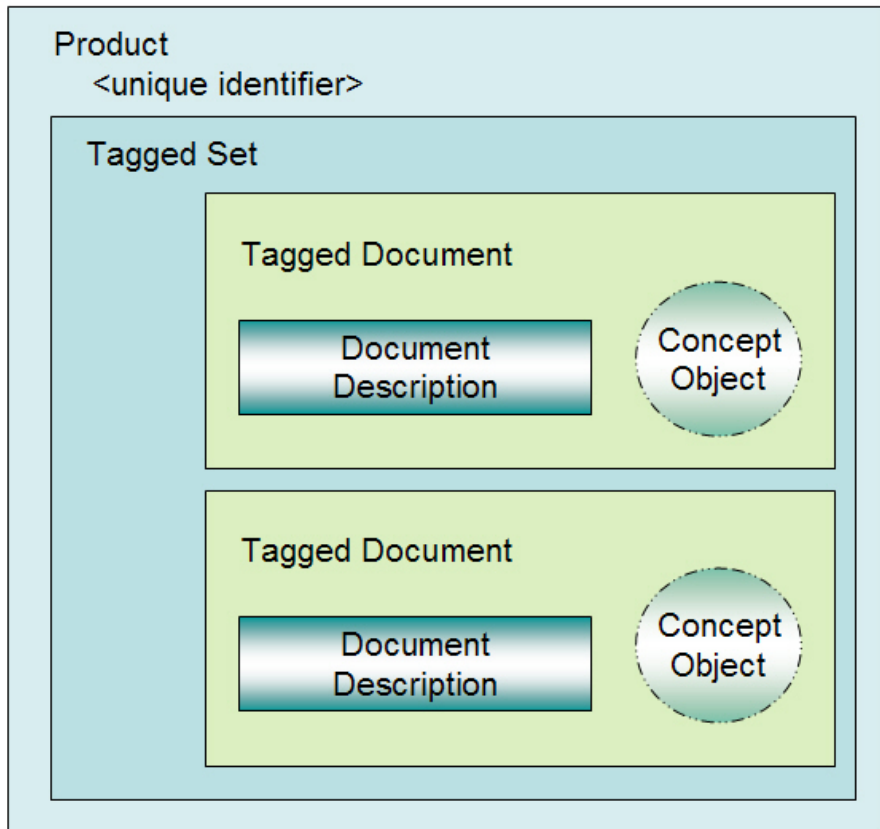
Compound Product



Compound Image Product



Compound Document Product

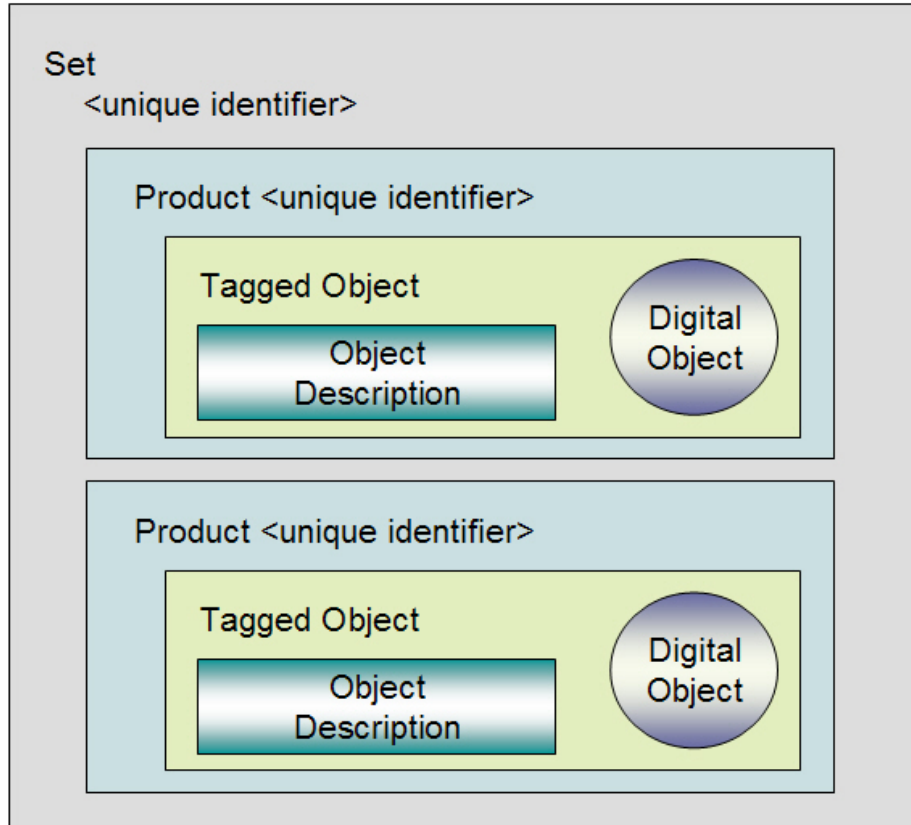


3.1.7 PDS4 SETS OF PRODUCTS

Sets of Products:

Products can be grouped into Sets of Products.

Set of Products



3.1.8 PDS4 LABEL

Label:

The PDS label contains all of the metadata associated with an object including structural parameters associated with the relevant base storage structure, and the full object description for each object in the data product.

3.1.9 PDS4 XML

XML:

PDS uses XML as the underlying language for the data system. It is beyond the scope of this document to provide a full tutorial for XML. PDS uses XML to generate a generic XML schema for each object class. Each schema is generated from the PDS governing documents to ensure their

use will produce PDS4 compliant products. The use of schemas and XML to generate labels is outlined later in this document.

For a simple example of some of these concepts, consider a FITS image with a single ASCII table extension. The FITS image file will have four pieces, the primary header describing the image, the image, a secondary header describing the table, and the table.

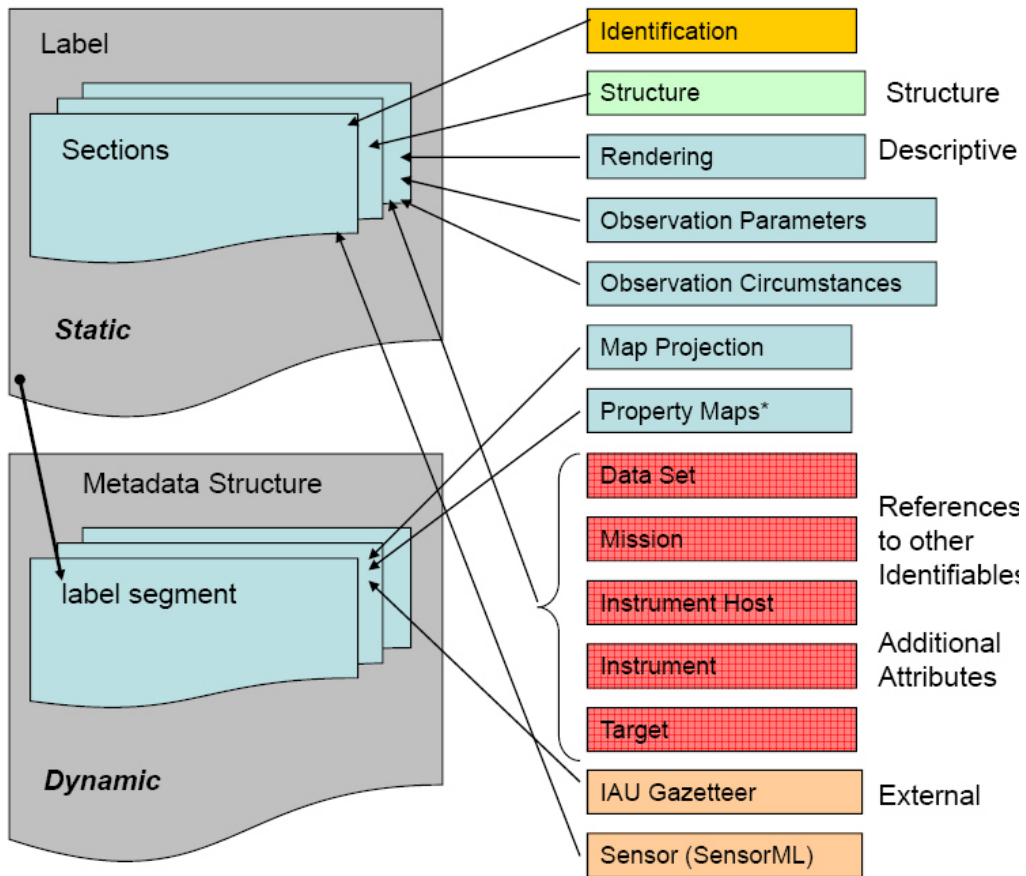
Under PDS4, each of the four pieces is an object. The PDS data product will consist of the FITS image file and a PDS4 label with four object descriptions.

Each of the four objects conforms to one of the base storage structures. The headers are archived as Unencoded Byte Streams, the image as an Array_Base, and the ASCII table as a Table_Base.

3.2 THE LOGICAL ORGANIZATION

TBD

Label Organization



3.2.1 TYPES OF DATA

TBD – include the various types of dataType classes and where they are described in detail (similar to Appendix C in StdRef)

3.3 ASSOCIATING ONE PIECE WITH ANOTHER

TBD

3.4 PACKAGING FOR DELIVERY TO THE PDS

TBD

3.5 THE CONCEPT OF CARDINALITY

CARDINALITY:

Cardinality of a set is a measure of the “number of elements” in the set. For example, the set A= {1,2,3} contains 3 elements, and therefore A has a cardinality of 3.

PDS3 adopted the use of “required” and “optional” to specify the relationship between sets of objects and elements. Object-A required Object-B but could optionally include Object-C. In turn, Object-A required Element-A and Element-B but could optionally include Element-D or Element-E).

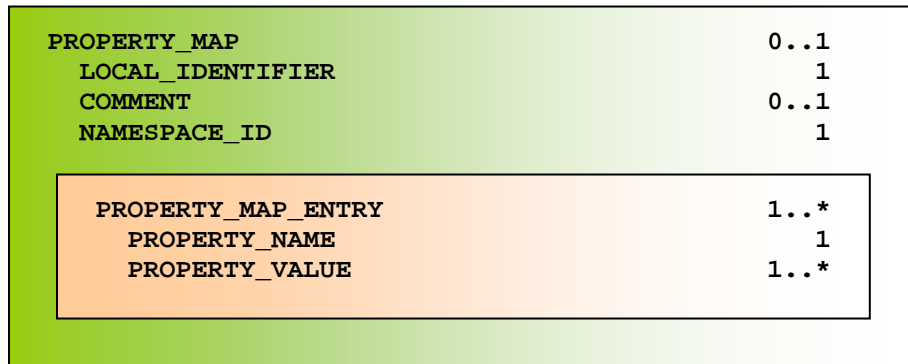
PDS4 has elected to adopt the concept of “cardinality” which allows PDS to specify the above relationships at a lower level of granularity. Cardinality allows the parent-child relationships to be defined more acutely.

Through out this document are diagrams that depict parent-child relationships using the cardinality nomenclature. Table 3-1 provides a description of the cardinality nomenclature used within the diagrams in this document.

<i>Cardinality</i>	<i>Description</i>
0..1	Within the context of the parent, the child may optionally exist as a single non-repeating instance
0..*	Within the context of the parent, the child may optionally exist as an ubounded repeating instance
1	Within the context of the parent, the child must exist once and only once
1..*	Within the context of the parent, the child must exist once, but may exist an unbounded number of times
2	Within the context of the parent, the child must exist twice and only twice
2..*	Within the context of the parent, the child must exist twice, but may exist an unbounded number of times

Figure 3-1. Cardinality Nomenclature

The following is an example diagram that illustrates the parent-child relationship using cardinality nomenclature.



With respect to the above example:

1. The parent class, the **PROPERTY_MAP** class, is comprised of a single subclass, the **PROPERTY_MAP_ENTRY** class.
2. The **PROPERTY_MAP_ENTRY** class must exist once but may exist many times within the context of the parent **PROPERTY_MAP** class.
3. The parent **PROPERTY_MAP** class is comprised of two required non-repeating data elements (e.g., **LOCAL_IDENTIFIER** and **NAMESPACE_ID**) and a single optional non-repeating data element (e.g., **COMMENT**).
4. The **PROPERTY_MAP_ENTRY** class is comprised of a single required non-repeating data element (e.g., **PROPERTY_NAME**) and a single required repeating data element (e.g., **PROPERTY_VALUE**).

4.0 PDS4 DATA REPRESENTATION

Data can be an elusive concept. Data may exist in some storage format on some disk somewhere, on paper somewhere else, in active memory on some server, or transmitted along some wire between two computers. All these can still represent the same data. That is, there is an important distinction to be made between the data and its representation. The data consist of numbers: abstract entities that usually represent measurements of something, somewhere. Data also consist of the relationships between those numbers, as when one number defines a time at which some quantity was measured.

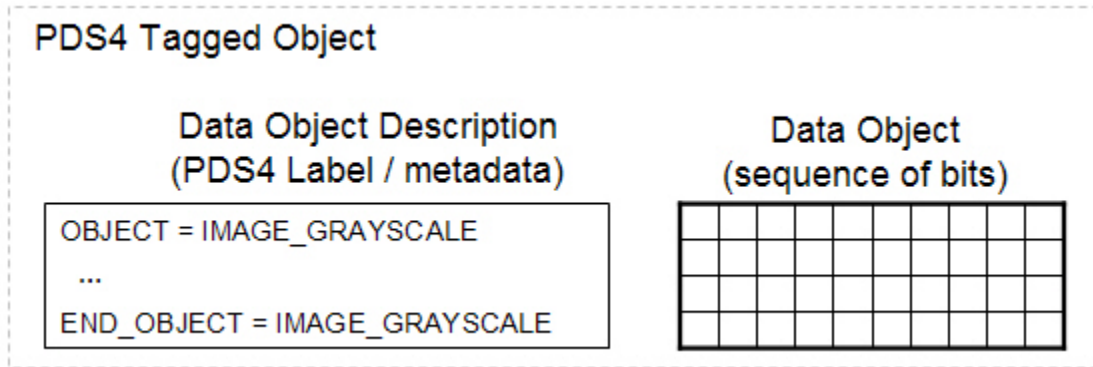
The abstract existence of data is in contrast to its concrete representation, which is how the data is viewed, manipulated, and stored. Data can be stored as BCD numbers in a file on a disk, or as twos-complement integers in the memory of some computer, or as numbers printed on a page. It can be stored in netCDF, HDF, JGOFS, a relational database and any number of other digital storage forms.

The PDS specifies a particular representation of data, to be used in archiving that data. This “archival” representation distinguishes it from the representations used in some computer’s memory (i.e., how the data is stored or represented on either the sending or receiving computer; or the transmission format used to communicate between the two servers).

For this document, we identify two special types of objects -- the "data object" and the "data object description." The data object contains "data," and (by itself) is not otherwise constrained. The data object description contains information about another object, such as a data object. By linking a data object with a data object description, we create a pair which includes both the data and enough information that we can start to read and interpret the bits --- a PDS Tagged Object.

A data object description can (and often does) exist without being physically accompanied by another object. The object it describes may not be physical (e.g., a space mission which, although it has physical components, is itself a concept) or it may not be practical to include the physical object (e.g., the planet Saturn).

Note that within the context of this document, of three types of data objects (digital, conceptual, and physical), we will only address “digital data objects”.



At its simplest, a PDS4 Tagged Object consists of a PDS4 Data Object Description (e.g., a PDS4 Label) and a “digital” Data Object (e.g., sequence of bits) that are described by the metadata resident in the PDS4 Label. The Data Object Description describes both the physical and logical structure of the referenced Data Object.

4.1 PDS4 DATA STRUCTURES

PDS4 defined four new basic types of data structures for the purposes of describing data objects. All current PDS4 digital object classes fall into one of the four basic data structures.

1. Array_Base - Homogeneous N-dimensional array of scalars

Homogeneous N-dimensional array of scalars -- describes a collection of "items" of the same type. Every "item" takes up the same size block of memory, and all blocks are interpreted in exactly the same way (i.e., the number of "items" in an array is fixed by that specified by the size of its dimension). How each "item" in the array is to be interpreted is specified by a separate data-type class, of which one is associated with every array (i.e., the "items" in an array are represented by an identical storage format – MSB_INTEGER_4_BYTE, MSB_INTEGER_2_BYTE, etc).

An instance of the Array_Base class consists of a collection of contiguous one-dimensional segments of memory (owned by the array), combined with an indexing scheme that maps the "items". How many bytes in each "item" and how the bytes are interpreted is defined by the data-type class associated with the array (i.e., basic constraints on storage order, element types, and maximum number and length of axes are defined by the data-type class).

Example Classes:

- Image_Grayscale
- 3D Image

2. Table_Base - Heterogeneous repeating record of scalars

Heterogeneous repeating record of scalars -- describes a collection of "items" where the "items" characteristics may vary within a row of "items". Every column of "items" takes up the same size block of memory, and all blocks are interpreted in exactly the same way (i.e., the number of "items" in an array is fixed by that specified by the size of its dimension). How each "item" in the table is to be interpreted is specified by a separate data-type class, of which one is associated with every array (i.e., the "items" in an array are represented by various storage formats – `ascii_integer`, `integer`, `ascii_real`, `real`, etc).. The term record is used here to denote a data structure whose elements have heterogeneous data types.

An instance of the `Table_Base` class consists of a collection of contiguous one-dimensional segments of memory (owned by the table), combined with an indexing scheme that maps the "items". How many "items" in each row, how many bytes in each "item" and how the bytes are interpreted is defined by the data-type class associated with the table (i.e., basic constraints on storage order, element types, and number and length of rows are defined by the data-type class).

Example Classes:

- Binary table
- Character table

3. Unencoded Stream Base

Unencoded stream base -- describes a collection of "items" where the "items" are interpreted without any character encoding (e.g., ASCII character set).

An instance of the `Unencoded_Stream_Base` class consists of a contiguous stream of ASCII characters, combined with a `field_delimiter` scheme that maps the "items". How many "items" in each record, how the bytes are interpreted is defined by the data-type class associated with the `unencoded_stream_base` (i.e., basic constraints on number of fields in a record, element types, and the number of records are defined by the data-type class).

Example Classes:

- `CSV_file`
- Header

4. Encoded Stream Base

Encoded stream base -- describes a collection of "items" where the "items" are interpreted in accordance with a recognized International Standard (e.g., JPEG_2000).

Example Classes:

- SPICE_Kernel

4.2 PDS4 DATA PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

TBD

5.0 PDS4 PRODUCT LABEL SCHEMA

This section introduces the concept of a product label schema and how a schema is used in the process of designing, generating, and validating the products in your archive.

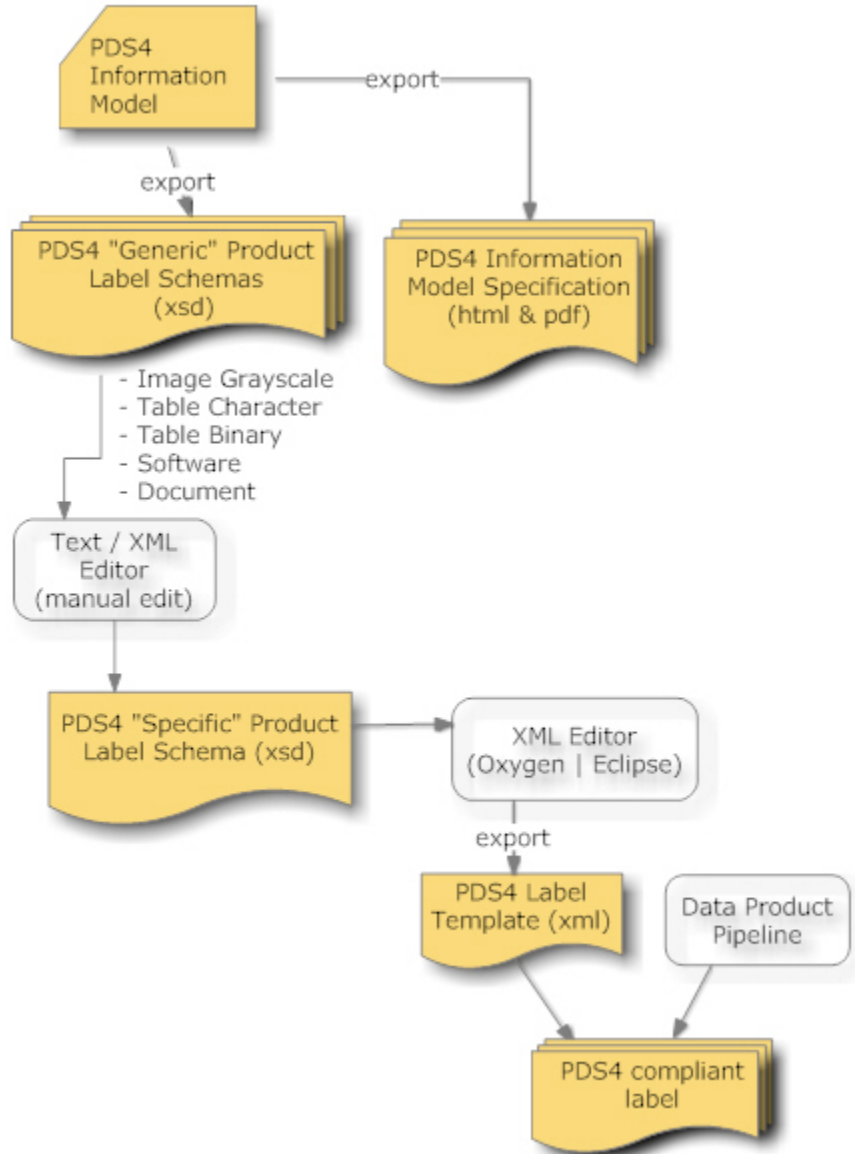


Figure 5-1. Diagram of the Lifecycle of a Product Label Schema

Once data products have been identified for archiving, the initial step of designing a data product should have been defined by science requirements. In most cases, the structure of the data was probably determined before your instrument was selected for the mission. The structure of the underlying data is typically obvious (e.g., table or image structure).

- **TABLE** - a uniform collection of ROWs and COLUMNs stored in either ASCII or binary format. ASCII forms are easily imported into a variety of spreadsheet and database applications.
- **IMAGE** - a two dimensional array of spatially organized measurements (LINES and SAMPLES). Many public domain image display programs can read PDS Image objects.

PDS has created sets of base product label schemas that address all of the envisioned PDS4 structures. Your first step is to select, from the set of PDS4 “Generic” Product Label Schemas, the schema that most closely represents your data product (e.g., Image Grayscale, Table Character, Table Binary, etc).

The next step is to review the “Generic” Product Label Schema and to tailor this schema to be more specific to the product that you want to archive with the PDS. The process by which the “Generic” schema is tailored to become the “Specific” schema is, at least at this point, a manual process. Expect several iterations and use the assistance of your PDS representative.

Note that both the “Generic” and “Specific” schemas are in fact an XML Schema; aka an XML Schema Document (XSD) – a document written in the XML schema language. Like all XML schema languages, XSD can be used to express a set of rules to which an XML document must conform in order to be considered “valid” according to that schema. XSD was also designed with the intent that determination of a document’s validity would produce a collection of information adhering to specific data types.

The “Specific” schema represents the overall structure and format of the archived data product. The “Specific” schema defines, in the strictest sense, the greatest latitude permissible in the validation of the product label to ensure PDS compliance.

The “Specific” schema is also the building block upon which a label template can be derived. Most XML Editors provide a capability to “export / create” an XML label from an XSD. This label template when used in conjunction with your data-product pipeline will generate the individual data-product labels. The PDS can offer suggestions for automating the process of generating labels; including, the use of PDS tools. Whether they use the term or not, instrument teams will need to develop a ‘pipeline’ for handling mission data. The pipeline begins with data collection (as from a telemetry stream) and ends with generation of standard

products. Except for a few ancillary documents, the pipeline will provide most of the products you will need for your archive.

Even if you fully exploit the pipeline, there will be validation steps that will be unique to the archive. Validating the data product labels is where the data product schemas become invaluable. The use of XML in data product labels and in schemas provides an expedient method by which your pipeline can ensure your product labels are PDS compliant. The PDS can offer suggestions for automating the validation process; including, the use of PDS tools.

PDS has tools that can assist you in data validation. (Note: Consult your PDS rep to obtain the latest versions of validation tools and for assistance in effective use of them.) For example, there are tools that scan each directory to check that you have all of the expected pieces in place. Other tools provide convenient ways for you to check that individual products meet PDS archiving Standards while you are debugging the software that creates them. After the initial products have been validated, you will need to validate the pipeline software after each software upgrade and make occasional spot checks during production.

5.1 RESTRICTIONS IN TAILORING SCHEMAS

TBD

5.2 BUILDING AND USING LOCAL DATA DICTIONARIES

TBD

5.3 EXAMPLE RELATIONSHIP OF SCHEMAS TO LABELS

This section illustrates the lifecycle process of the “generic” and “specific” product label schemas and how they relate to the label template and the resulting product labels. The above is demonstrated by using an example PDS3 data product.

The example product is a simple ASCII table that is currently in the PDS3 archive.

- **MGS-M-RSS-5-TPS-V1.0:** A radio science data set that seems to consist of well-behaved ASCII tables with little or no additional keywords beyond those in a basic label. There are two tables in each label, but both tables are in the same file (one is a single line of header parameters).

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Data_Set Schema: : <http://tbd>

Note that at this time, the above examples are out of date with the current information model and therefore do not provide an exact representation of the current schemas.

Step #1: Select, from the set of PDS4 “Generic” Product Label Schemas, the schema that most closely represents your data product (e.g., Image Grayscale, Table Character, Table Binary, etc)

Step #2: Download the “Generic” Product Label Schema from:

<http://pds/schema/pds4/common/>

Step #3: Make a copy of the “Generic” Product Label Schema and save the copy as the “Specific” Product Label Schema.

Step #4: Examine the as yet unmodified “Specific” Product Label Schema in your favorite XML editor (e.g., Oxygen or Eclipse). You may also examine the schema in a text editor (e.g., UltraEdit, BBEdit, etc). Ensure that the XML is fully formed (i.e., the XML editor will validate the XML and will have an indicator (which is usually a green or red box) that indicates if errors are present in the XML).

Note that if there are errors in the XML schema, contact your PDS representative for further instructions on how to resolve any discrepancies.

Step #5: Use the editor to tailor this schema to be more specific to the product that you want to archive with the PDS. The “Specific” schema represents the overall structure and format of the archived data product. The “Specific” schema defines, in the strictest sense, the greatest latitude permissible in the validation of the product label to ensure PDS compliance.

Examples of types of “edits / restrictions” that might be appropriate with respect to the specific schema; include:

- 1) Restrict the set of all possible target names to a single value (e.g., MARS).
- 2) Restrict the instances in the File_Area_Type to a single reference to the type of file being described (i.e., in our example we are describing a character table having fixed length records – so we would remove all instances except the reference to File_Character_Fixed).
- 3) As our example table product does not have any “Statistics”, remove all references to Object_Statistics_Type
- 4) As our example table product does not have any “Special Constants”, remove all references to Special_Constants_Type.

Expect several iterations and use the assistance of your PDS representative.

Step #6: Save the edited / tailored “Specific” Product Label Schema.

Step #7: Most XML Editors provide a capability to “export / create” an XML label from an XSD. You will want to use this feature to export / create a sample label (which is an XML file) from the “Specific” schema (which is an XSD file). Save the sample label.

Step #8: Examine the sample label in either your favorite XML editor or text editor. Ensure that the XML is fully formed (i.e., the XML editor will validate the XML and will have an indicator (which is usually a green or red box) that indicates if errors are present in the XML. As the sample label was generated by the XML editor, there shouldn't be any errors. Contact your PDS rep to resolve any discrepancies.

Step #9: Now that you have a “valid” XSD and sample label, we can proceed with creating a data product pipeline that will pump out gazillions of PDS compliant labels.

Validating the data product labels is where the data product schemas become invaluable. The use of XML in data product labels and in schemas provides an expedient method by which your pipeline can ensure your product labels are PDS compliant. The PDS can offer suggestions for automating the validation process; including, the use of PDS tools.

6.0 PDS4 CONCEPT OF “IDENTIFIERS”

PDS4 has defined an “identifier” concept whereby “objects” can be referenced either internally or externally. Each identified “object” is termed an “identifiable”. An identifiable has a globally unique immutable identifier. The globally immutable identifier permits the “object” to be located and retrieved by a single query against any federated registry system, of which PDS4 is one.

Examples of “Identifiers” include all types of Products and sets of Products.

- **GUID** – Unique, immutable identifier for an object; e.g. URN
- **Identifier** – PDS wide unique identifier for an object;
- **Logical Identifier** – Unique identifier for the set of all versions of an object; When provided a logical identifier, a service should return, by request, either all versions or the latest version of the object. This is probably the PDS identifier minus any version.
- **Title** (aka Label and Name) – The string (name) displayed to the user when this object is listed in a GUI or report. Not necessarily unique.
- **Alternative** – All known names for this object, past and current.

The following illustrates the “Identifiers” and the associated cardinality that comprise the IDENTIFICATION_AREA of a PDS4 label.

IDENTIFICATION_AREA	1
GUID	1
IDENTIFIER	1
TITLE	1
VERSION	1
DD_VERSION_ID	1
PDS_VERSION_ID	1
LABEL_REVISION_NOTE	1
PRODUCT_ID	1
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME	1
ALTERNATIVE	0..1
LOGICAL_IDENTIFIER	1
STATUS	1

The primary function of the IDENTIFICATION_AREA of the label is to explicitly specify the identity of the “object” so that the “object” can be located and retrieved globally by a single query against any federated registry system, of which PDS4 is one

The following is an example of an IDENTIFICATION_AREA for an IMAGE_GRAYSCALE object.

```
<Identification_Area>
  <guid>
    PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_IMG_IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_ID:V1.0
  </guid>
  <identifier>PDSURN:PDS4_IMG_IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_ID:V1.0</identifier>
  <title>MARS PATHFINDER LANDER Experiment</title>
  <version>1.0</version>
  <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
  <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
  <label_revision_note>
    20090101:1.0 - initial version;
  </label_revision_note>
  <product_id>IMP_EDR-1246943630-REGULAR-0074051101</product_id>
  <product_creation_time>1998-07-14T00:36:08.000</product_creation_time>
  <logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_IMG_IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_ID
  </logical_identifier>
  <status>PENDING</status>
</Identification_Area>
```

Once the above information has been registered with the PDS, in theory, the “object” can be located and retrieved globally by a single query against the PDS4 federated registry system.

Note that the above conventions for naming “Identifiers” is simply for the purpose of illustrating how to uniquely name “objects”. The actual naming convention will be fully documented at a later time.

7.0 PDS4 DATA PRODUCT CLASSES

7.1 Array_Base – Homogeneous N-Dimensional Array Of Scalars

7.1.1 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE

This section describes the IMAGE_GRAYSCALE extension of the PDS4 Array_Base, (i.e., Homogeneous N-dimensional array of Scalars) class where a contiguous stream of BINARY data, assembled as a two dimensional data structure, maps the "items" contained in a IMAGE_GRAYSCALE file.

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 IMAGE object to the PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE file construct and demonstrates how the byte stream (e.g., sequence of bits) can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.1.1.1 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.1.1-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the cardinality of each parent / child class.

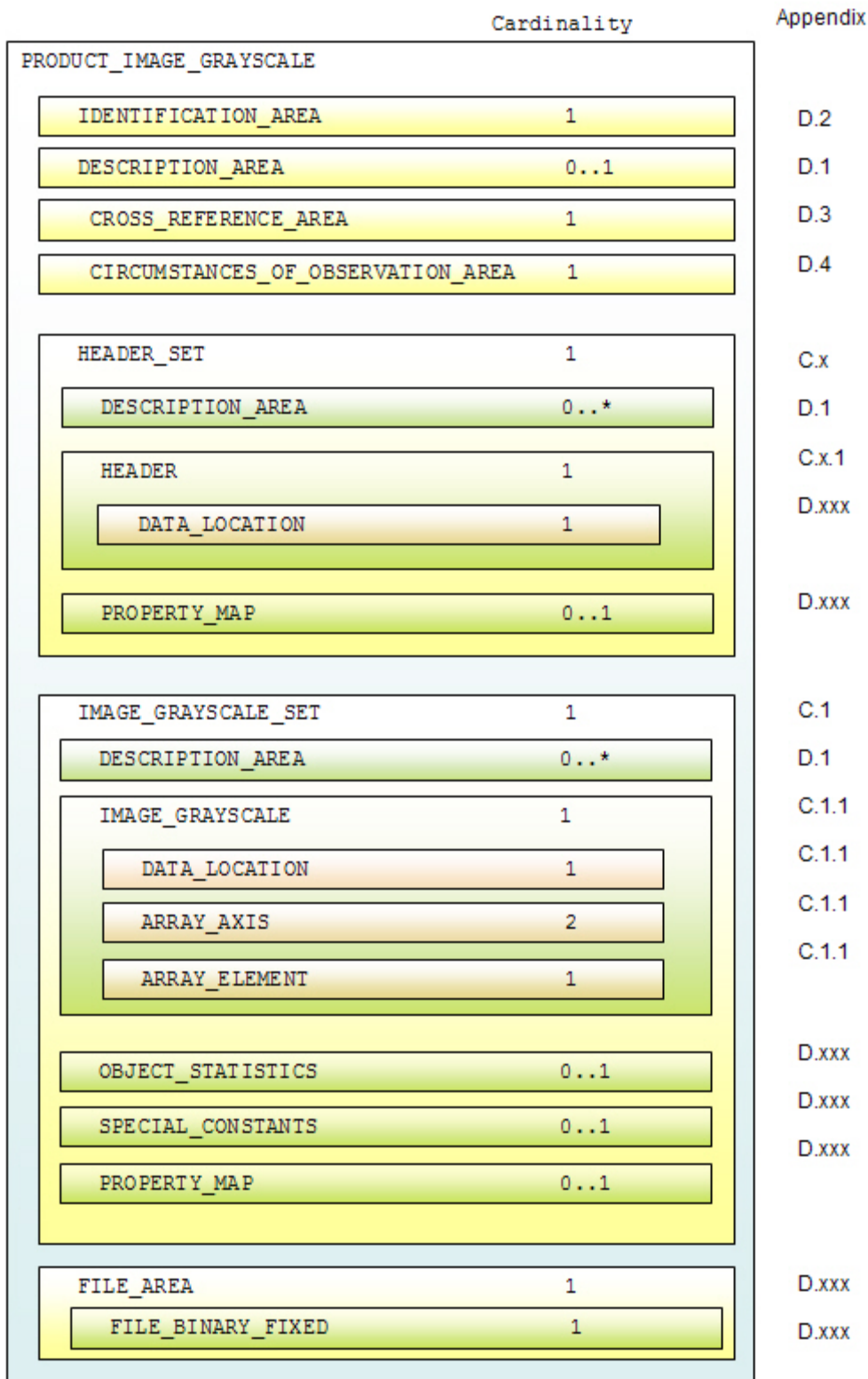


Figure 7.1.1-1. Diagram of the IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Schema

From Figure 7.1.1-1, the overall structure of the IMAGE_GRAYSCALE data product description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the IMAGE_GRAYSCALE data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

7.1.1.2 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Data Product Byte Stream

Figure 7.1.1-2 depicts a representation an IMAGE_GRAYSCALE byte-stream. The first two rows of the diagram are for the purposes of illustrating the byte positions relative to the IMAGE fields and would not normally be contained in a data object description file. The remaining twenty+ rows illustrate a typical IMAGE_GRAYSCALE data object description, where the data object fields are homogeneous in fixed-width ASCII across the rows in the file.

With respect to the data object:

1. There are 248 rows (lines) of data (of which 240+ rows have been omitted from the diagram for ease of reading)
2. There are 256 fields (samples) in each row / record in this example file (of which 240+ have been omitted from the diagram for ease of reading)
3. Each element is identical in type and represented by an identical storage format across all rows in this example file.
4. Each field is comprised of BINARY data formatted as 2-byte msb unsigned integers.
5. There are 512 bytes in each row / record in this example data object file.

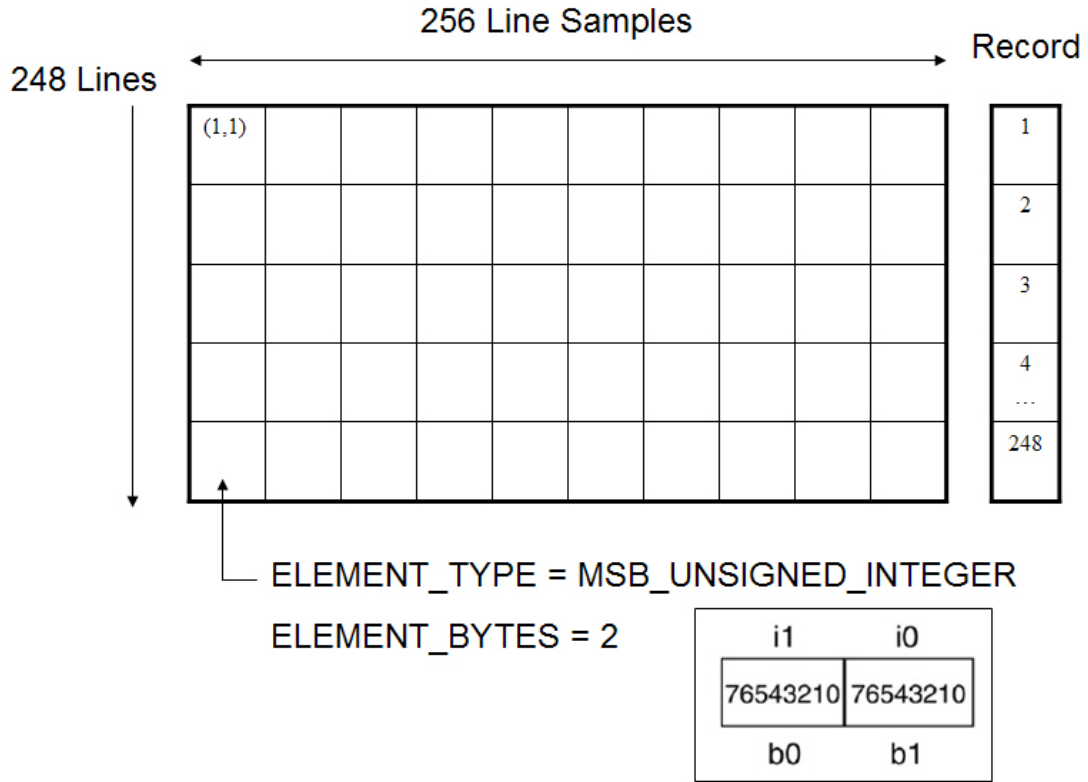


Figure 7.1.1-2. Diagram of the IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Byte Stream

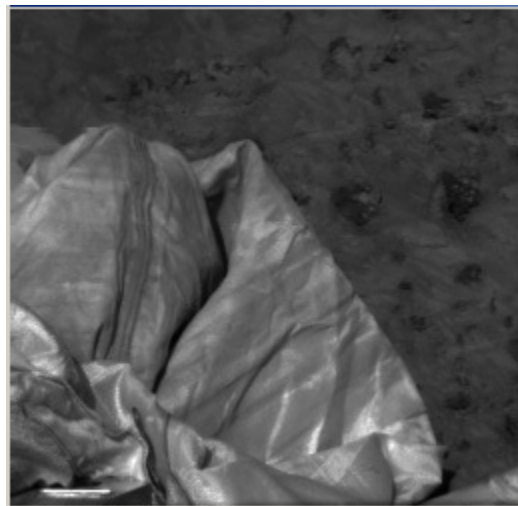


Figure 7.1.1-3. Image as represented by IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Byte Stream

Figure 7.1.1-2 and Figure 7.1.1-3 depict the above IMAGE_GRAYSCALE byte-stream as it would be represented as a 2-dimensional array. This representation

is helpful in understanding how the data object fields are represented in the data object description (e.g., PDS4 product label). Specifically that the `IMAGE_GRAYSCALE` is comprised of two axes each of which have specific attributes that both identify and define the structure of the data object:

```

    AXIS_NAME           = ( "LINE", "SAMPLE" )
    NUMBER_OF_AXES     = 2
    AXES_ORDER         = FAST2SLOW
    AXIS_LENGTH        = ( 248, 256 )
    AXIS_SCALE_TYPE    = ( "N/A", "N/A" )
    AXIS_UNIT          = ( "N/A", "N/A" )
  
```

With respect to the above example, the axis identified first varies the fastest (i.e., “first subscript fastest” is the default).

Each of the two axes is further comprised of a set of homogeneous fields each identical in type, format, and structure:

```

    ELEMENT_BYTES      = 2
    ELEMENT_OFFSET     = "N/A"
    ELEMENT_SCALING_FACTOR = "N/A"
    ELEMENT_TYPE       = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
    ELEMENT_UNIT       = "DATA NUMBER"
  
```

7.1.1.3 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Label Scheme

This section depicts how the `IMAGE_GRAYSCALE` byte-scheme, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 `IMAGE_GRAYSCALE` class is the successor to the PDS3 `IMAGE` object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific “other” Schema(s): : <http://tbd>

7.1.1.3.1 PDS3 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Label Scheme

The data product depicted in Figure 7.1.1-2 could be described in PDS3 by use of the IMAGE object:

```

PDS_VERSION_ID          = PDS3

/* FILE CHARACTERISTICS */

RECORD_TYPE             = FIXED_LENGTH
RECORD_BYTES            = 512
FILE_RECORDS            = 270

/* POINTERS TO DATA OBJECTS */

^IMAGE                  = "I943630R.RAW"

/* IDENTIFICATION DATA ELEMENTS */

DATA_SET_ID             = "MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0"
DATA_SET_NAME           = "MPF LANDER MARS IMAGER FOR MARS
                           PATHFINDER 2 EDR V1.0"
PRODUCER_ID             = "MIPL OF JPL"
PRODUCER_FULL_NAME      = "ALLAN J. RUNKLE"
PRODUCER_INSTITUTION_NAME = "MULTIMISSIION IMAGE PROCESSING
                           LABORATORY, JET PROPULSION LAB"
PRODUCT_ID              = "IMP_EDR-1246943630-REGULAR-0074051101"
IMAGE_ID                = 74051101
COMMAND_SEQUENCE_NUMBER = 74
IMAGE_OBSERVATION_TYPE  = REGULAR
FRAME_ID                = BOTH
MISSION_NAME            = "MARS PATHFINDER"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME    = "MARS PATHFINDER LANDER"
INSTRUMENT_NAME         = "IMAGER FOR MARS PATHFINDER"
INSTRUMENT_ID           = "IMP"
TARGET_NAME             = "MARS"
OBSERVATION_NAME        = "FILTER_5_IN_4_TIERS_FOURTH_Q_PAN.3CMD"
IMAGE_TIME              = 1997-07-07T05:13:42.763Z
PLANET_DAY_NUMBER       = 3
MPF_LOCAL_TIME          = 13:39:12
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = 1246943630
EARTH_RECEIVED_START_TIME = 1997-07-07T23:48:33.442Z
EARTH_RECEIVED_STOP_TIME  = 1997-07-07T23:48:51.766Z
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME    = 1998-07-14T00:36:08.000Z

/* DESCRIPTIVE DATA ELEMENTS */

EXPECTED_PACKETS        = 17
RECEIVED_PACKETS        = 17
APPLICATION_PACKET_ID    = 34
APPLICATION_PACKET_NAME  = "SCI_IMG_3"
EXPOSURE_DURATION        = 46.0000
EXPOSURE_TYPE           = AUTO
EXPOSURE_COUNT           = 3
AUTO_EXPOSURE_DATA_CUT   = 3000
AUTO_EXPOSURE_PIXEL_FRACTION = 1.0000
ERROR_PIXELS             = 0
FILTER_NAME              = "L670_R670"
FILTER_NUMBER            = 5
INSTRUMENT_TEMPERATURE   = (-12.2836, -12.0856)
INSTRUMENT_TEMPERATURE_COUNT = (162, 161)
INSTRUMENT_DEPLOYMENT_STATE = "DEPLOYED"
DETECTOR_PIXEL_HEIGHT    = 23.0000

```

```

DETECTOR_PIXEL_WIDTH          = 23.0000
SOURCE_PRODUCT_ID             = "SEQ_S0074E_IMPEK"
SOFTWARE_NAME                  = "MPFTELEMPROC_IMP"
SOFTWARE_VERSION_ID           = "V1.24.46"
PROCESSING_HISTORY_TEXT       = "CODMAC LEVEL 1 TO LEVEL 2 CONVERSION
                                VIA JPL/MIPL MPFTELEMPROC"

/* GEOMETRY DATA ELEMENTS */

INSTRUMENT_AZIMUTH            = 265.3520
AZIMUTH_FOV                   = 14.0032
AZIMUTH_MOTOR_CLICKS         = 551
INSTRUMENT_AZIMUTH_METHOD     = "TELEMETRY"
INSTRUMENT_ELEVATION          = -43.0955
ELEVATION_FOV                 = 13.5656
ELEVATION_MOTOR_CLICKS       = 96
INSTRUMENT_ELEVATION_METHOD   = "TELEMETRY"
SURFACE_BASED_INST_AZIMUTH    = 61.6981
SURFACE_BASED_INST_ELEVATION  = -45.7609
SURFACE_BASED_INST_METHOD     = "L_FRAME-QUATERNION"
POSITIVE_ELEVATION_DIRECTION  = UP
SOLAR_AZIMUTH                 = 262.8440
SOLAR_ELEVATION               = 65.8379
LANDER_SURFACE_QUATERNION     = (0.2102, -0.0146, -0.0293, 0.9771)

/* IMP FLIGHT SOFTWARE COMMAND DATA ELEMENTS */

COMMAND_NAME                   = "IMP_IMAGE_AZ_EL"
COMMAND_DESC                   = "This is the image taken by the IMP
                                Using absolute azimuth and elevation as
                                the coordinate system"

TLM_CMD_DISCREPANCY_FLAG      = FALSE
DOWNLOAD_TYPE                  = IM
DARK_CURRENT_DOWNLOAD_FLAG    = "NULL"
DARK_CURRENT_CORRECTION_FLAG  = FALSE
FLAT_FIELD_CORRECTION_FLAG    = FALSE
BAD_PIXEL_REPLACEMENT_FLAG    = TRUE
SHUTTER_EFFECT_CORRECTION_FLAG = FALSE
SQRT_COMPRESSION_FLAG         = FALSE

/* COMPRESSION DATA ELEMENTS */

INST_CMPRS_BLK_SIZE           = (8, 8)
INST_CMPRS_BLOCKS             = 992
INST_CMPRS_MODE                = 8
INST_CMPRS_PARAM              = 250
INST_CMPRS_QUALITY            = 250
INST_CMPRS_QUANTZ_TBL_ID     = "INTERNAL_0"
INST_CMPRS_QUANTZ_TYPE        = TABULAR
INST_CMPRS_SYNC_BLKs         = 1024
INST_CMPRS_NAME                = "JPEG DISCRETE COSINE TRANSFORM (DCT);
                                ARITHMETIC/RATIO/LCT"

INST_CMPRS_RATE                = 2.0187
INST_CMPRS_RATIO              = 5.9446
PIXEL_AVERAGING_HEIGHT        = 1
PIXEL_AVERAGING_WIDTH         = 1
RICE_START_OPTION              = -1
RICE_OPTION_VALUE              = -1
SQRT_MINIMUM_PIXEL            = 0
SQRT_MAXIMUM_PIXEL            = 0

/* IMAGE OBJECT DATA ELEMENTS */

```

```

OBJECT = IMAGE
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
  LINES = 248
  LINE_SAMPLES = 256
  BANDS = 1
  SAMPLE_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
  SAMPLE_BITS = 16
  SAMPLE_BIT_MASK = 2#0000111111111111#
  MAXIMUM = 4095
  MEAN = 1385.3000
  MEDIAN = 894
  MINIMUM = 145
  STANDARD_DEVIATION = 538.0290
  FIRST_LINE = 3
  FIRST_LINE_SAMPLE = 1
  CHECKSUM = 8427608
END_OBJECT = IMAGE
END

```

7.1.1.3.2 PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE Label Scheme

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 by use of the IMAGE_GRAYSCALE class:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Product_Image_Grayscale xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
file:Product_Image_Grayscale_2009-06-091.xsd">
  <Identification_Area>
    <guid>
      PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_IMG_IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_ID:V1.0
    </guid>
    <identifier>PDSURN:PDS4_IMG_IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_ID:V1.0</identifier>
    <title>MARS PATHFINDER LANDER Experiment</title>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
    <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
    <label_revision_note>
      20090101:1.0 - initial version;
    </label_revision_note>
    <product_id>IMP_EDR-1246943630-REGULAR-0074051101</product_id>
    <product_creation_time>1998-07-14T00:36:08.000</product_creation_time>
    <logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_IMG_IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_ID
    </logical_identifier>
    <status>PENDING</status>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Description_Area>
    <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE PRODUCT GOES HERE</description>
  </Description_Area>
  <Cross_Reference_Area>
    <Data_Set_Reference>
      <data_set_guid>PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0</data_set_guid>
      <data_set_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR
      </data_set_logical_identifier>
    </Data_Set_Reference>
  </Cross_Reference_Area>
</Product_Image_Grayscale>

```

```

</Data_Set_Reference>
<Instrument_Host_Reference>
  <instrument_host_guid>PDSURN:MPFL-V1.0</instrument_host_guid>
  <instrument_host_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:MPFL
  </instrument_host_logical_identifier>
</Instrument_Host_Reference>
<Instrument_Reference>
  <instrument_guid>PDSURN:IMP-V1.0</instrument_guid>
  <instrument_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:IMP
  </instrument_logical_identifier>
</Instrument_Reference>
<Mission_Reference>
  <mission_guid>PDSURN:MARS PATHFINDER-V1.0</mission_guid>
  <mission_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:MARS PATHFINDER
  </mission_logical_identifier>
</Mission_Reference>
<Node_Reference>
  <node_guid>PDSURN:IMAGING-V1.0</node_guid>
  <node_logical_identifier>PDSURN:IMAGING</node_logical_identifier>
</Node_Reference>
<Target_Reference>
  <target_guid>PDSURN:MARS-V1.0</target_guid>
  <target_logical_identifier>PDSURN:MARS</target_logical_identifier>
</Target_Reference>
</Cross_Reference_Area>
<Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
  <comment>Observation Intent</comment>
  <spacecraft_clock_start_count>1246943630</spacecraft_clock_start_count>
  <spacecraft_clock_stop_count>N/A</spacecraft_clock_stop_count>
  <start_time>N/A</start_time>
  <stop_time>N/A</stop_time>
</Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
<Dataset_Area>
  <data_set_id>MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0</data_set_id>
  <data_set_name>MPF LANDER MARS IMAGER FOR MARS PATHFINDER 2 EDR V1.0
  </data_set_name>
</Dataset_Area>
<Mission_Area>
  <mission_name>MARS PATHFINDER</mission_name>
</Mission_Area>
<Instrument_Host_Area>
  <instrument_host_name>MARS PATHFINDER LANDER</instrument_host_name>
</Instrument_Host_Area>
<Instrument_Area>
  <instrument_id>IMP</instrument_id>
  <instrument_name>IMAGER FOR MARS PATHFINDER</instrument_name>
</Instrument_Area>
<Node_Area>
  <node_name>IMAGING</node_name>
</Node_Area>
<Target_Area>
  <target_name>MARS</target_name>
</Target_Area>
<File_Area>
  <File_Binary_Fixed>
    <local_identifier>
      PDSURN:PDS4_MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE_FILE_ID
    </local_identifier>
    <comment>add file comment here</comment>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
  </File_Binary_Fixed>

```



```

    <file_size>12345</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>
      N2075WE02R.FIT
    </file_specification_name>
    <File_Binary_file_type>BINARY</File_Binary_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>512</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Binary_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
    </File_Binary_Fixed_record_type>
  </File_Binary_Fixed>
</File_Area>
<Image_Grayscale_Set>
  <Object_Statistics>
    <local_identifier>PDSURN:MPFL_M_IMP_STATISTICS</local_identifier>
    <checksum>8427608</checksum>
    <maximum>4095</maximum>
    <mean>894</mean>
    <minimum>145</minimum>
    <standard_deviation>538.0290</standard_deviation>
  </Object_Statistics>
  <Image_Grayscale>
    <local_identifier>
      PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP_IMG_GRAYSCALE
    </local_identifier>
    <Image_Grayscale_axes_order>FAST2SLOW</Image_Grayscale_axes_order>
    <Image_Grayscale_byte_order>MSBF</Image_Grayscale_byte_order>
    <Array_Base_file_type>BINARY</Array_Base_file_type>
    <Array_Base_first_element>TOPLEFT</Array_Base_first_element>
    <Array_Base_min_index>0</Array_Base_min_index>
    <Array_2D_number_of_axes>2</Array_2D_number_of_axes>
    <Data_Location>
      <file_local_identifier>
        PDS4_MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE_FILE_ID
      </file_local_identifier>
      <offset>1</offset>
    </Data_Location>
    <Array_Axis>
      <axis_length>248</axis_length>
      <axis_name>LINE</axis_name>
      <axis_scale_type>N/A</axis_scale_type>
      <axis_unit>N/A</axis_unit>
    </Array_Axis>
    <Array_Axis>
      <axis_length>256</axis_length>
      <axis_name>SAMPLE</axis_name>
      <axis_scale_type>N/A</axis_scale_type>
      <axis_unit>N/A</axis_unit>
    </Array_Axis>
    <Array_Element>
      <element_bytes>2</element_bytes>
      <element_scaling_factor>N/A</element_scaling_factor>
      <element_type>MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER</element_type>
      <element_unit>DATA NUMBER</element_unit>
      <element_value_offset>N/A</element_value_offset>
    </Array_Element>
  </Image_Grayscale>

<!-- IDENTIFICATION DATA ELEMENTS -->
<Property_Map>
  <local_identifier>PDSURN:MPFL_M_IMP_PROPMAP-1</local_identifier>
  <comment>IDENTIFICATION DATA ELEMENTS</comment>
  <namespace_id>MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE</namespace_id>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PRODUCER_ID</property_name>

```

```

    <property_value>MIPL OF JPL</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PRODUCER_FULL_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>ALLAN J. RUNKLE</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PRODUCER_INSTITUTION_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>
      MULTIMISSION IMAGE PROCESSING LABORATORY, JPL
    </property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PRODUCT_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>
      IMP_EDR-1246943630-REGULAR-0074051101
    </property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>IMAGE_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>74051101</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>COMMAND_SEQUENCE_NUMBER</property_name>
    <property_value>74</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>IMAGE_OBSERVATION_TYPE</property_name>
    <property_value>REGULAR</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>FRAME_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>BOTH</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>OBSERVATION_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>
      FILTER_5_IN_4_TIERS_FOURTH_QUAD_MONSTER_PAN.3CMD
    </property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>IMAGE_TIME</property_name>
    <property_value>1997-07-07T05:13:42.763Z</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PLANET_DAY_NUMBER</property_name>
    <property_value>3</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>MPF_LOCAL_TIME</property_name>
    <property_value>13:39:12</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>EARTH_RECEIVED_START_TIME</property_name>
    <property_value>1997-07-07T23:48:33.442Z</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>EARTH_RECEIVED_STOP_TIME</property_name>
    <property_value>1997-07-07T23:48:51.766Z</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>

```

```
<!-- DESCRIPTIVE DATA ELEMENTS -->
```

```

<Property_Map>
  <local_identifier>PDSURN:MPFL_M_IMP_PROPMAP-2</local_identifier>
  <comment>DESCRIPTIVE DATA ELEMENTS</comment>
  <namespace_id>MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE</namespace_id>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>EXPECTED_PACKETS</property_name>
    <property_value>17</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>RECEIVED_PACKETS</property_name>
    <property_value>17</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>APPLICATION_PACKET_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>34</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>APPLICATION_PACKET_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>SCI_IMG_3</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>EXPOSURE_DURATION</property_name>
    <property_value>46.0000</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>EXPOSURE_TYPE</property_name>
    <property_value>AUTO</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>EXPOSURE_COUNT</property_name>
    <property_value>3</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>AUTO_EXPOSURE_DATA_CUT</property_name>
    <property_value>3000</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>AUTO_EXPOSURE_PIXEL_FRACTION</property_name>
    <property_value>1.0000</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>ERROR_PIXELS</property_name>
    <property_value>0</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>FILTER_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>L670_R670</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>FILTER_NUMBER</property_name>
    <property_value>5</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>INSTRUMENT_TEMPERATURE</property_name>
    <property_value>-12.2836</property_value>
    <property_value>-12.0856</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>INSTRUMENT_TEMPERATURE_COUNT</property_name>
    <property_value>162</property_value>
    <property_value>161</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>

```

```

        <property_name>INSTRUMENT_DEPLOYMENT_STATE</property_name>
        <property_value>DEPLOYED</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>DETECTOR_PIXEL_HEIGHT</property_name>
    <property_value>23.0000</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>DETECTOR_PIXEL_WIDTH</property_name>
    <property_value>23.0000</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SOURCE_PRODUCT_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>SEQ_S0074E_IMPEK</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SOFTWARE_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>MPFTELEMPROC_IMP</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SOFTWARE_VERSION_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>V1.24.46</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PROCESSING_HISTORY_TEXT</property_name>
    <property_value>
        CODMAC LEVEL 1 TO LEVEL 2 CONVERSION VIA
        JPL/MIPL MPFTELEMPROC
    </property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>

<!-- GEOMETRY and COMPRESSION DATA ELEMENTS -->
<Property_Map>
    <local_identifier>PDSURN:MPFL_M_IMP_PROPMAP-3</local_identifier>
    <comment>GEOMETRY and COMPRESSION DATA ELEMENTS</comment>
    <namespace_id>MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE</namespace_id>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INSTRUMENT_AZIMUTH</property_name>
        <property_value>265.3520</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>AZIMUTH_FOV</property_name>
        <property_value>14.0032</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>AZIMUTH_MOTOR_CLICKS</property_name>
        <property_value>551</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INSTRUMENT_AZIMUTH_METHOD</property_name>
        <property_value>TELEMETRY</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INSTRUMENT_ELEVATION</property_name>
        <property_value>-43.0955</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>ELEVATION_FOV</property_name>
        <property_value>13.5656</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>ELEVATION_MOTOR_CLICKS</property_name>

```

```

    <property_value>96</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>INSTRUMENT_ELEVATION_METHOD</property_name>
    <property_value>TELEMETRY</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SURFACE_BASED_INST_AZIMUTH</property_name>
    <property_value>61.6981</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SURFACE_BASED_INST_ELEVATION</property_name>
    <property_value>-45.7609</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SURFACE_BASED_INST_METHOD</property_name>
    <property_value>L_FRAME-QUATERNION</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>POSITIVE_ELEVATION_DIRECTION</property_name>
    <property_value>UP</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SOLAR_AZIMUTH</property_name>
    <property_value>262.8440</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>SOLAR_ELEVATION</property_name>
    <property_value>65.8379</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>LANDER_SURFACE_QUATERNION</property_name>
    <property_value>0.2102</property_value>
    <property_value>-0.0146</property_value>
    <property_value>-0.0293</property_value>
    <property_value>0.9771</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>

<!-- IMP FLIGHT SOFTWARE COMMAND DATA ELEMENTS -->
<Property_Map>
  <local_identifier>PDSURN:MPFL_M_IMP_PROPMAP-1</local_identifier>
  <comment>IMP FLIGHT SOFTWARE COMMAND DATA ELEMENTS</comment>
  <namespace_id>MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE</namespace_id>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>COMMAND_NAME</property_name>
    <property_value>IMP_IMAGE_AZ_EL</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>COMMAND_DESC</property_name>
    <property_value>This is the image taken by the IMP
      Using absolute azimuth and elevation as
      the coordinate system</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>TLM_CMD_DISCREPANCY_FLAG</property_name>
    <property_value>FALSE</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>DOWNLOAD_TYPE</property_name>
    <property_value>IM</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map_Entry>

```

```

        <property_name>DARK_CURRENT_DOWNLOAD_FLAG</property_name>
        <property_value>NULL</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>DARK_CURRENT_CORRECTION_FLAG</property_name>
        <property_value>FALSE</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>FLAT_FIELD_CORRECTION_FLAG</property_name>
        <property_value>FALSE</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>BAD_PIXEL_REPLACEMENT_FLAG</property_name>
        <property_value>TRUE</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>SHUTTER_EFFECT_CORRECTION_FLAG</property_name>
        <property_value>FALSE</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>SQRT_COMPRESSION_FLAG</property_name>
        <property_value>FALSE</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>

<!-- COMPRESSION DATA ELEMENTS -->
<Property_Map>
    <local_identifier>PDSURN:MPFL_M_IMP_PROPMAP-1</local_identifier>
    <comment>COMPRESSION DATA ELEMENTS</comment>
    <namespace_id>MPFL_M_IMP_IMAGE</namespace_id>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_BLK_SIZE</property_name>
        <property_value>8</property_value>
        <property_value>8</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_BLOCKS</property_name>
        <property_value>992</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_MODE</property_name>
        <property_value>8</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_PARAM</property_name>
        <property_value>250</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_QUALITY</property_name>
        <property_value>250</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_QUANTZ_TBL_ID</property_name>
        <property_value>INTERNAL_0</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_QUANTZ_TYPE</property_name>
        <property_value>TABULAR</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
    <Property_Map_Entry>
        <property_name>INST_CMPRS_SYNC_BLK</property_name>
        <property_value>1024</property_value>
    </Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>

```

```

<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>INST_CMPRS_NAME</property_name>
  <property_value>JPEG DISCRETE COSINE TRANSFORM (DCT);
    ARITHMETIC/RATIO/LCT
  </property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>INST_CMPRS_RATE</property_name>
  <property_value>2.0187</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>INST_CMPRS_RATIO</property_name>
  <property_value>5.9446</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>PIXEL_AVERAGING_HEIGHT</property_name>
  <property_value>1</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>PIXEL_AVERAGING_WIDTH</property_name>
  <property_value>1</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>RICE_START_OPTION</property_name>
  <property_value> -1</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>RICE_OPTION_VALUE</property_name>
  <property_value>-1</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>SQRT_MINIMUM_PIXEL</property_name>
  <property_value>0</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>SQRT_MAXIMUM_PIXEL</property_name>
  <property_value>0</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>
</Image_Grayscale_Set>
</Product_Image_Grayscale>

```

7.1.1.4 PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE and PDS3 IMAGE Parallellisms

This section provides a high level discussion of the parallelisms between the PDS3 IMAGE Data Object Description (DoD) and the PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE class.

The PDS3 IMAGE (DoD) by definition was very flexible in that the DoD could define both simple Images and very complex types of Images depending on the representation of the data product byte stream. An example of a simple image is where the data product byte stream is represented as a 2-dimensional, single-banded, non-interleaved, no prefix or suffix byte construct. A more complex example of an image is where the data product byte stream is represented by any of the following:

- a. Line or Sample interleaved data
- b. Row prefix and/or suffix bytes
- c. Multi-banded data
- d. Line and Sample display counter direction

The PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE class has been specifically designed to be more restrictive in the permissible representations of the data object byte stream. And as such, these restrictions ensure a more rigorous set of archival quality image constructs. The PDS4 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE class supports the following variations:

1. Axis order – the default, FAST2SLOW, indicates that each axis on the left varies faster than the axis to the right (i.e., the leftmost axis varies the fastest; with the axis to the most right varying the slowest).
2. Byte order – the default, MSBF, indicates that the bytes are represented as most-significant-byte-first.
3. First element – the default, TOPLEFT, indicates that the first element of the byte stream is the top leftmost element.
4. Minimum index – the default, 0, indicates that the bytes are numbered sequentially starting from 0.

TBD

7.2 Table_Base – Heterogeneous Repeating Record of Scalars

7.2.1 TABLE_CHARACTER

This section describes the TABLE_CHARACTER extension of the PDS4 Table_Base (i.e., Heterogeneous repeating record of Scalars) class where a contiguous stream of ASCII characters, assembled as fixed-width fields, maps the "items" contained in a TABLE_CHARACTER file.

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 TABLE object to the PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER file construct and demonstrates how the byte stream (e.g., sequence of bits) can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.2.1.1 TABLE_BASE Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.2-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 TABLE_BASE class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the required or optional status, and the cardinality of repeating structures.

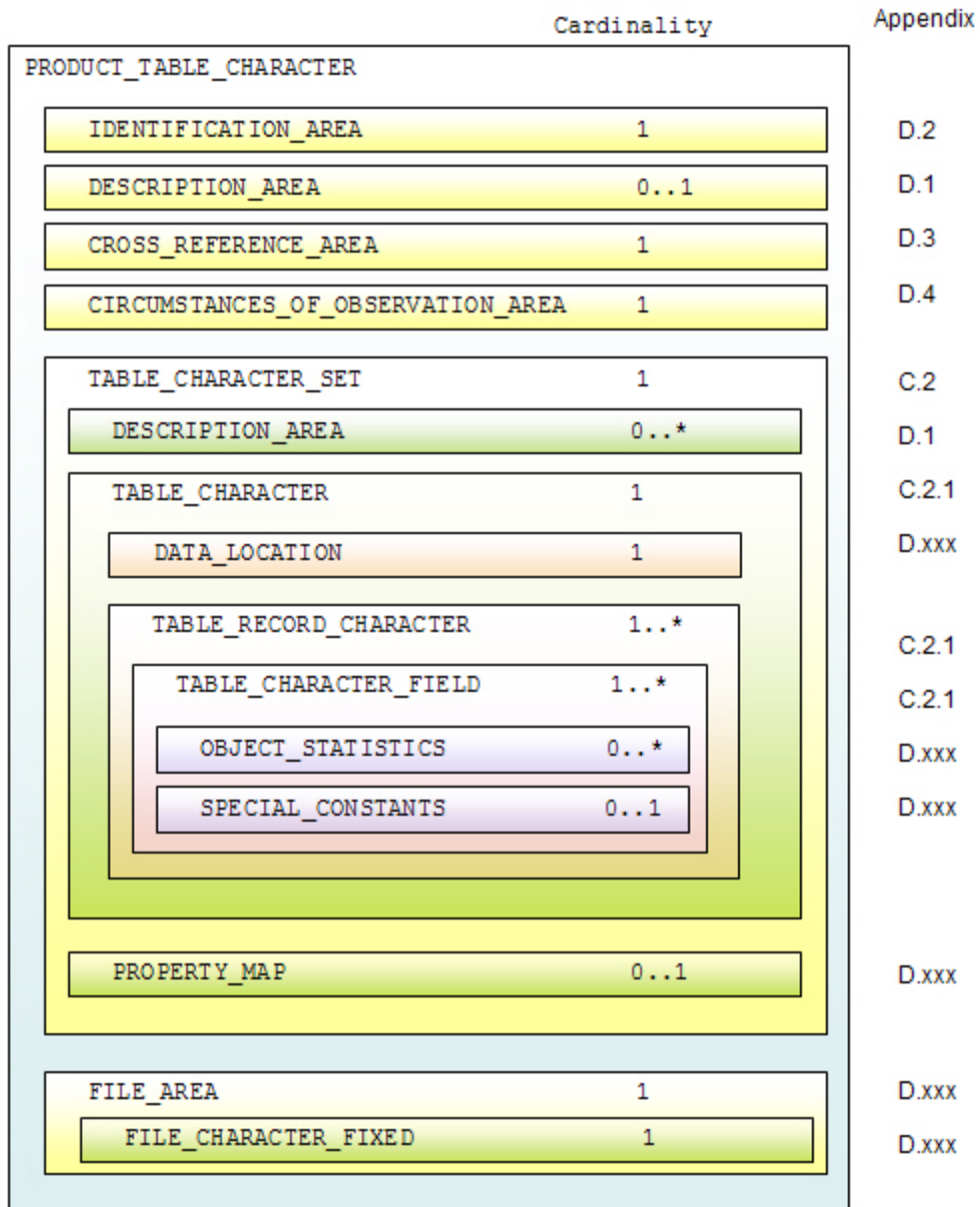


Figure 7.2.1-1. Diagram of the TABLE_CHARACTER Schema

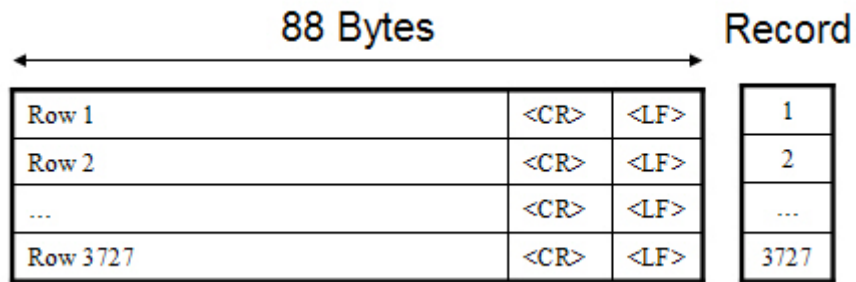
From Figure 7.2.1-1, the overall structure of the TABLE_CHARACTER data product description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the TABLE_CHARACTER data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

7.2.1.2 TABLE_CHARACTER Data Product Byte Stream

Figure 7.2.1-2 depicts a representation a TABLE_CHARACTER byte-stream. The first two rows of the diagram are for the purposes of illustrating the byte positions relative to the TABLE fields and would not normally be contained in a data product file. The remaining twenty+ rows illustrate a typical TABLE_CHARACTER data product where the fields are fixed-width ASCII across the rows in the file.

With respect to the data product:

1. There are 3727 rows of data (of which 3700+ rows have been omitted from the diagram for ease of reading)
2. There are 10 fields in each row / record in this example file.
3. Each field is fixed-width across all rows in this example file.
4. Each field is comprised of ASCII characters.
5. There are 88 bytes in each row / record in this example file.



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1										
2	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5	Field 6	Field 7	Field 8	Field 9	Field 10
3										
4	91	0.088	91.06951	5.156	0.42	0.42656	125.5472	4.7691	15300	SS091A990R6M1.IMG
5	91	0.088	91.06951	5.156	0.42	0.42656	125.5472	4.7691	15300	SS091A990R6M1.IMG
6	91	0.088	91.07029	5.155	0.42	0.42652	125.5505	4.7692	15300	SS091A990R6M1.IMG
7	91	0.089	91.07105	5.155	0.42	0.42657	125.5503	4.7692	15300	SS091A990R6M1.IMG
8	91	0.377	91.35854	2.225	0.72	0.56432	147.8544	19.1305	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
9	91	0.377	91.35919	2.01	0.64	0.51506	197.0222	18.7507	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
10	91	0.378	91.35978	1.928	0.7	0.52962	199.8813	21.4121	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
11	91	0.379	91.36042	1.366	1.71	0.71758	185.2322	180	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
12	91	0.379	91.36104	1.494	1.47	0.69841	179.9326	81.2461	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
13	91	0.38	91.36165	1.908	0.83	0.58457	171.1649	25.8445	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
14	91	0.38	91.36229	1.677	1.13	0.65682	169.245	42.4206	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
15	91	0.381	91.36289	1.72	0.87	0.57686	237.0473	30.6785	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
16	91	0.382	91.36415	2.645	0.49	0.4009	323.6505	10.7665	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
17	91	0.383	91.36477	4.752	0.4	0.39856	10.69647	4.8413	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
18	91	0.384	91.36543	4.521	0.4	0.39494	358.6616	5.1823	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
19	91	0.384	91.36604	3.427	0.39	0.38187	13.80957	6.6027	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
20	91	0.385	91.36663	3.239	0.39	0.37979	4.907225	7.0238	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
21	91	0.385	91.36729	2.826	0.42	0.39259	317.4235	8.7466	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
22	91	0.386	91.36792	2.84	0.42	0.39058	321.6082	8.6859	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
23	91	0.387	91.36851	3.124	0.39	0.37922	339.0397	7.3389	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
24	91	0.387	91.36917	3.317	0.39	0.37703	352.7208	6.769	4314.6	SS091AA00R6M1.IMG
25	<omitted 3700+ lines>									
26	151	0.229	151.2046	2.98	0.43	0.40324	293.9652	8.3952	7140	SS1520900R6M1.IMG
27	151	0.23	151.2053	3.072	0.46	0.41565	268.8221	8.6166	7140	SS1520900R6M1.IMG

Figure 7.2.1-3. Excel Spreadsheet Representation of the TABLE_CHARACTER Byte Stream

7.2.1.3 TABLE_CHARACTER Label Scheme

This section depicts how the TABLE_CHARACTER byte-scheme, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER class is the successor to the PDS3 TABLE object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific "other" Schema(s): : <http://tbd>

7.2.1.3.1 PDS3 TABLE_CHARACTER Label Scheme

The data product depicted in Figure 7.2.1-2 could be described in PDS3 by use of the TABLE and COLUMN objects:

```

PDS_VERSION_ID          = PDS3

RECORD_TYPE             = FIXED_LENGTH
RECORD_BYTES           = 88
FILE_RECORDS           = 3727
^TABLE                 = "CHAR_TABLE_COLLAPSED.TAB"

DATA_SET_ID             = "PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR-V1.0"
MISSION_NAME           = "PHOENIX"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME  = "PHOENIX"
INSTRUMENT_NAME        = "TELLTALE"
PRODUCT_ID             = "TELLTALE_91_151"
TARGET_NAME            = "MARS"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "904250279.448"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "909588864.598"
START_TIME             = 2008-08-26T20:36:36.856
STOP_TIME              = 2008-10-27T15:32:50.952
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME  = 2009-04-15

OBJECT                  = TABLE
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT    = ASCII
  ROW_BYTES             = 88
  ROWS                  = 3727
  COLUMNS              = 10

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                  = "SOL"
  DATA_TYPE            = ASCII_INTEGER
  START_BYTE           = 1
  BYTES                 = 3
  FORMAT                = "I3"
  UNIT                  = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION           = "PHOENIX Sol number"
END_OBJECT              = COLUMN

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                  = "LTST"
  DATA_TYPE            = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE           = 5
  BYTES                 = 5
  FORMAT                = "F5.3"
  UNIT                  = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION           = "Local True Solar Time"
END_OBJECT              = COLUMN

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                  = "LMST"
  DATA_TYPE            = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE           = 11
  BYTES                 = 9
  FORMAT                = "F9.5"
  UNIT                  = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION           = "Local Mean Solar Time"
END_OBJECT              = COLUMN

```

```

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  NAME          = "V"
  DATA_TYPE    = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE    = 21
  BYTES         = 5
  FORMAT        = "F5.3"
  UNIT          = "METERS/SECOND"
  DESCRIPTION   = "Wind speed in meters per second"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  NAME          = "DV+"
  DATA_TYPE    = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE    = 27
  BYTES         = 4
  FORMAT        = "F4.2"
  UNIT          = "METERS/SECOND"
  DESCRIPTION   = "Error in wind speed (positive)"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  NAME          = "DV-"
  DATA_TYPE    = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE    = 32
  BYTES         = 7
  FORMAT        = "F7.5"
  UNIT          = "METERS/SECOND"
  DESCRIPTION   = "Error in wind speed (negative)"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  NAME          = "DIR"
  DATA_TYPE    = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE    = 40
  BYTES         = 10
  FORMAT        = "F10.6"
  UNIT          = "DEGREES"
  DESCRIPTION   = "Wind direction in degrees given in
                    meteorological convention (0 = from N,
                    90 = from E, 180 = from S, 270 = from
                    W)"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  NAME          = "DDIR"
  DATA_TYPE    = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE    = 51
  BYTES         = 8
  FORMAT        = "F8.4"
  UNIT          = "DEGREES"
  DESCRIPTION   = "Error in direction (given in degrees).
                    If dv+ is larger than v, then this is
                    set to 180"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  NAME          = "EXPOSURE TIME"
  DATA_TYPE    = ASCII_REAL
  START_BYTE    = 60
  BYTES         = 7
  FORMAT        = "F7.1"
  UNIT          = "MILLISECONDS"
  DESCRIPTION   = "Exposure time by SSI in milliseconds"

```

```

END_OBJECT          = COLUMN

OBJECT              = COLUMN
  NAME               = "FILE NAME"
  DATA_TYPE         = CHARACTER
  START_BYTE         = 69
  BYTES              = 17
  FORMAT             = "A17"
  UNIT               = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION        = "Image filename used for the analysis"
END_OBJECT          = COLUMN

END_OBJECT          = TABLE
END

```

7.2.1.3.2 PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER Label Scheme

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 by use of the TABLE_CHARACTER and the TABLE_FIELD_CHARACTER classes.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Product_Table_Character xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
file:Product_Table_Character_2009-06-091.xsd">
  <Identification_Area>
    <guid>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR:PDS4_ATM_PRODUCT_TABLE_CHAR_ID:1.0
    </guid>
    <identifier>
      PDSURN:PDS4_ATM_PRODUCT_TABLE_CHARACTER_ID:V1.0
    </identifier>
    <title>PHOENIX Mars Wind Experiment</title>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
    <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
    <label_revision_note>
      20090101:1.0 - initial version;
    </label_revision_note>
    <product_id>TELLTALE_91_151</product_id>
    <product_creation_time>2009-01-01T23:34:30</product_creation_time>
    <logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR:PDS4_ATM_PRODUCT_TABLE_CHAR_ID
    </logical_identifier>
    <status>PENDING</status>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Description_Area>
    <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE PRODUCT GOES HERE.</description>
  </Description_Area>
  <Cross_Reference_Area>
    <Data_Set_Reference>
      <data_set_guid>PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR-V1.0</data_set_guid>
      <data_set_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR
      </data_set_logical_identifier>
    </Data_Set_Reference>
    <Instrument_Host_Reference>
      <instrument_host_guid>PDSURN:PHX-V1.0</instrument_host_guid>
      <instrument_host_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:PHX
      </instrument_host_logical_identifier>
    </Instrument_Host_Reference>
  </Cross_Reference_Area>
</Product_Table_Character>

```

```

    </instrument_host_logical_identifier>
  </Instrument_Host_Reference>
  <Instrument_Reference>
    <instrument_guid>PDSURN:TT-V1.0</instrument_guid>
    <instrument_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:TT
    </instrument_logical_identifier>
  </Instrument_Reference>
  <Mission_Reference>
    <mission_guid>PDSURN:PHOENIX-V1.0</mission_guid>
    <mission_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHOENIX
    </mission_logical_identifier>
  </Mission_Reference>
  <Node_Reference>
    <node_guid>PDSURN:ATMOS-V1.0</node_guid>
    <node_logical_identifier>PDSURN:ATMOS</node_logical_identifier>
  </Node_Reference>
  <Target_Reference>
    <target_guid>PDSURN:MARS-V1.0</target_guid>
    <target_logical_identifier>PDSURN:MARS</target_logical_identifier>
  </Target_Reference>
</Cross_Reference_Area>
<Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
  <comment>Observation Intent</comment>
  <spacecraft_clock_start_count>904250279.448
  </spacecraft_clock_start_count>
  <spacecraft_clock_stop_count>909588864.598
  </spacecraft_clock_stop_count>
  <start_time>2008-08-26T20:36:36.856</start_time>
  <stop_time>2008-10-27T15:32:50.952</stop_time>
</Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
<Dataset_Area>
  <data_set_id>PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR-V1.0</data_set_id>
</Dataset_Area>
<Mission_Area>
  <mission_name>PHOENIX</mission_name>
</Mission_Area>
<Instrument_Host_Area>
  <instrument_host_name>PHOENIX</instrument_host_name>
</Instrument_Host_Area>
<Instrument_Area>
  <instrument_name>TELLTALE</instrument_name>
</Instrument_Area>
<Target_Area>
  <target_name>MARS</target_name>
</Target_Area>
<File_Area>
  <File_Character_Fixed>
    <local_identifier>
      PDSURN:PDS4_PHX_M_TT_TABLE_FILE_ID
    </local_identifier>
    <comment>add file comment here</comment>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <file_size>111</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>
      PDS4_ATM_TABLE_CHAR.TAB
    </file_specification_name>
    <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>3727</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
      FIXED
    </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
  </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>

```



```

</File_Character_Fixed>
</File_Area>
<Table_Character_Set>
  <Description_Area>
    <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE TABLE_SET GOES HERE</description>
  </Description_Area>
  <Table_Character>
    <local_identifier>PDSURN:PHX_M_TT_TABLE</local_identifier>
    <Table_Base_Character_file_type>CHARACTER
  </Table_Base_Character_file_type>
    <number_of_fields>10</number_of_fields>
    <number_of_records>3727</number_of_records>
    <record_bytes>88</record_bytes>
    <Data_Location>
      <file_local_identifier>
        PDSURN:PDS4_PHX_M_TT_TABLE_FILE_ID
      </file_local_identifier>
      <offset>1</offset>
    </Data_Location>
    <Table_Record_Character>
      <Table_Character_Field>
        <field_name>SOL</field_name>
        <field_number>1</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_INTEGER</field_data_type>
        <field_location>1</field_location>
        <field_length>3</field_length>
        <field_format>I3</field_format>
        <field_min_physical>91</field_min_physical>
        <field_max_physical>151</field_max_physical>
        <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
        <field_description>PHOENIX Sol number</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Field>
      <Table_Character_Field>
        <field_name>LTST</field_name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>5</field_location>
        <field_length>5</field_length>
        <field_format>F5.3</field_format>
        <field_min_physical>0.088078704</field_min_physical>
        <field_max_physical>0.230243056</field_max_physical>
        <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
        <field_description>Local True Solar Time</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Field>
      <Table_Character_Field>
        <field_name>LMST</field_name>
        <field_number>3</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>11</field_location>
        <field_length>9</field_length>
        <field_format>F9.5</field_format>
        <field_min_physical>91.0695122</field_min_physical>
        <field_max_physical>151.2052778</field_max_physical>
        <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
        <field_description>Local Mean Solar Time</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Field>
      <Table_Character_Field>
        <field_name>V</field_name>
        <field_number>4</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>21</field_location>
        <field_length>5</field_length>
        <field_format>F5.3</field_format>

```

```

    <field_min_physical>3.072451472</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>5.15605715</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>METERS/SECOND</field_unit>
    <field_description>Wind speed in meters per second
  </field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
<Table_Character_Field>
  <field_name>DV+</field_name>
  <field_number>5</field_number>
  <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
  <field_location>27</field_location>
  <field_length>4</field_length>
  <field_format>F4.2</field_format>
  <field_min_physical>0.428682136</field_min_physical>
  <field_max_physical>0.46032408</field_max_physical>
  <field_unit>METERS/SECOND</field_unit>
  <field_description>Error in wind speed (positive)
</field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
<Table_Character_Field>
  <field_name>DV-</field_name>
  <field_number>6</field_number>
  <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
  <field_location>32</field_location>
  <field_length>7</field_length>
  <field_format>F7.5</field_format>
  <field_min_physical>0.415653998</field_min_physical>
  <field_max_physical>0.42656498</field_max_physical>
  <field_unit>METERS/SECOND</field_unit>
  <field_description>Error in wind speed (negative)
</field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
<Table_Character_Field>
  <field_name>DIR</field_name>
  <field_number>7</field_number>
  <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
  <field_location>40</field_location>
  <field_length>10</field_length>
  <field_format>F10.6</field_format>
  <field_min_physical>125.5471521</field_min_physical>
  <field_max_physical>268.8220941</field_max_physical>
  <field_unit>DEGREES</field_unit>
  <field_description>Wind direction in degrees given in
    meteorological convention (0 = from N,
    90 = from E, 180 = from S, 270 = from W)
  </field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
<Table_Character_Field>
  <field_name>DDIR</field_name>
  <field_number>8</field_number>
  <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
  <field_location>51</field_location>
  <field_length>8</field_length>
  <field_format>F8.4</field_format>
  <field_min_physical>4.769160219</field_min_physical>
  <field_max_physical>8.616672754</field_max_physical>
  <field_unit>DEGREES</field_unit>
  <field_description>Error in direction (given in degrees).
    If dv+ is larger than v, then this is
    set to 180</field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
<Table_Character_Field>
  <field_name>EXPOSURE TIME</field_name>

```

```

    <field_number>9</field_number>
    <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>60</field_location>
    <field_length>7</field_length>
    <field_format>F7.1</field_format>
    <field_min_physical>7140</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>15300</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>MILLISECONDS</field_unit>
    <field_description>Exposure time by SSI in
                        milliseconds</field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
<Table_Character_Field>
  <field_name>FILE NAME</field_name>
  <field_number>10</field_number>
  <field_data_type>CHARACTER</field_data_type>
  <field_location>69</field_location>
  <field_length>17</field_length>
  <field_format>A17</field_format>
  <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
  <field_description>Image filename used
                        for the analysis</field_description>
</Table_Character_Field>
</Table_Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</Table_Character_Set>
</Product_Table_Character>

```

7.2.1.4 PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER and PDS3 TABLE Parallelisms

This section provides a high level discussion of the parallelisms between the PDS3 TABLE Data Object Description (DoD) and the PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER class.

The PDS3 TABLE (DoD) by definition was very flexible in that the DoD could define both simple Tables and very complex types of Tables depending on the representation of the data product byte stream. An example of a simple table is where the data product byte stream is represented as a 2-dimensional construct where neither dimension has either prefix or suffix bytes. A more complex example of a table is where the data product byte stream is represented by any of the following:

- a. Row prefix and/or suffix bytes
- b. The data is represented as row major storage
- c. The data does not contain any contiguous unused or spare bytes

The PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER class has been specifically designed to be more restrictive in the permissible representations of the data object byte stream. And as such, these restrictions ensure a more rigorous set of archival quality table constructs

7.2.2 TABLE_BINARY

This section describes the TABLE_BINARY extension of the PDS4 Table_Base (i.e., Heterogeneous repeating record of Scalars) class where a contiguous stream of BINARY data, assembled as fixed-width fields, maps the "items" contained in a TABLE_BINARY file.

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 TABLE object to the PDS4 TABLE_BINARY file construct and demonstrates how the byte stream (e.g., sequence of bits) can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.2.2.1 TABLE_BASE Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.2.2-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 TABLE_BASE class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the required or optional status, and the cardinality of repeating structures.

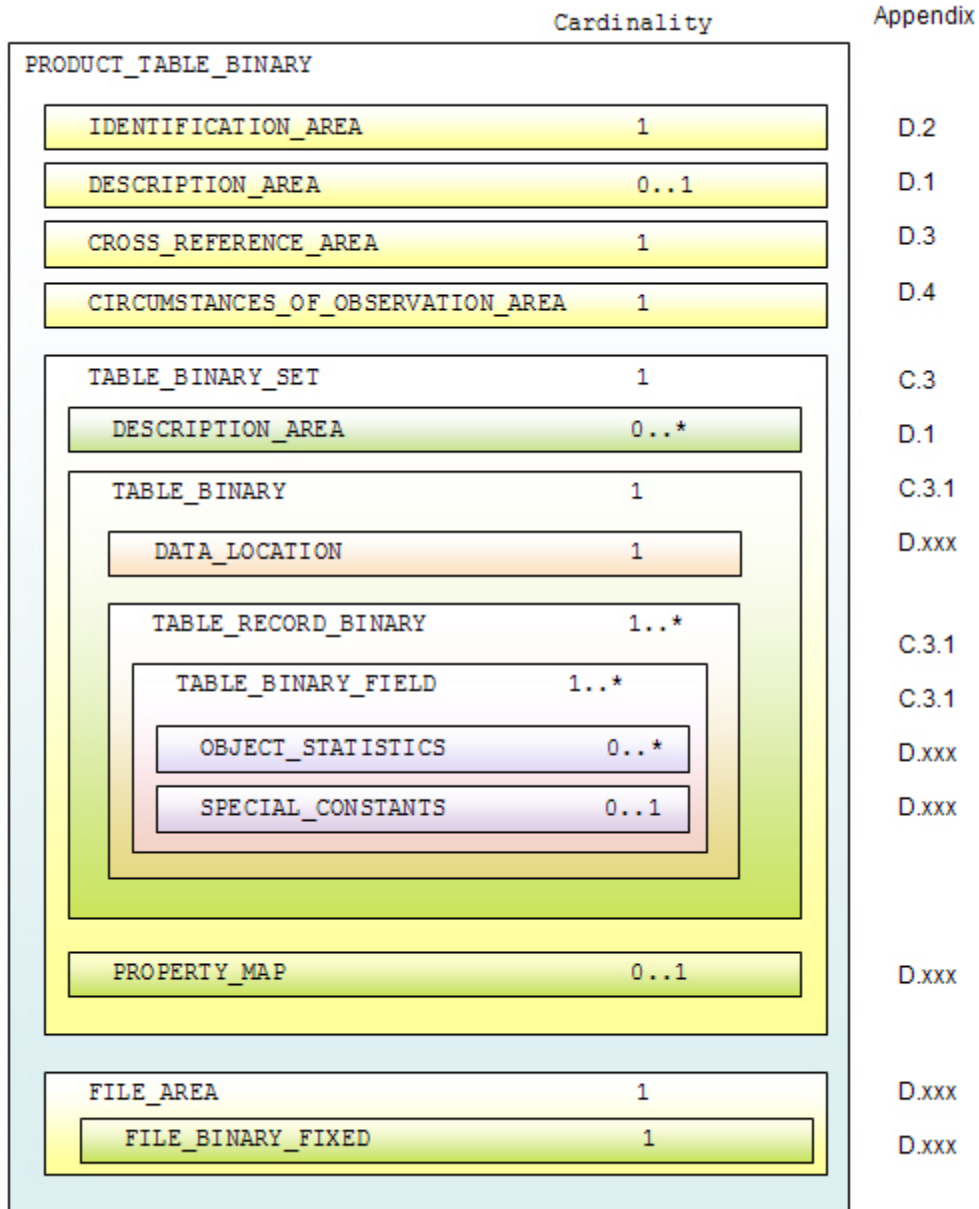


Figure 7.2.2-1. Diagram of the TABLE_BINARY Schema

From Figure 7.2.2-1, the overall structure of the TABLE_BINARY data object description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the TABLE_BINARY data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

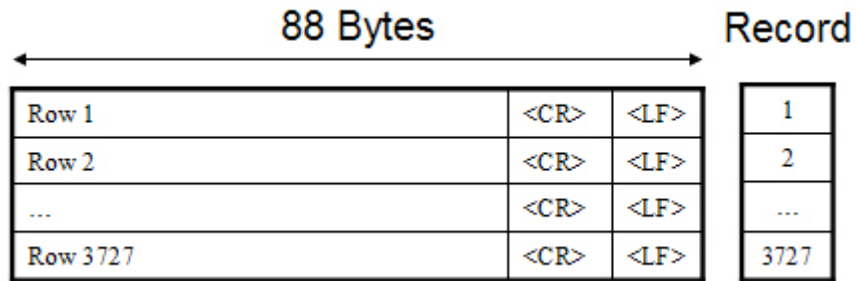
7.2.2.2 TABLE_BINARY Data Product Byte Stream

Figure 7.2.2-2 depicts a representation a TABLE_BINARY byte-stream. The first two rows of the diagram are for the purposes of illustrating the byte positions relative to the TABLE fields and would not normally be contained in a data product file. The remaining twenty+ rows illustrate a typical TABLE_BINARY data product where the fields are fixed-width BINARY data across the rows in the file.

Note that in the following figures, for purposes of representing the binary data in a “readable” format, the data are represented using ASCII characters. For example, in a binary data stream “<CR><LF>” would be represented as “0D0A” hexadecimal, as “1310” decimal, and as “11011010” MSB_INTEGER_1_BYTE.

With respect to the data product:

1. There are 3727 rows of data (of which 3700+ rows have been omitted from the diagram for ease of reading)
2. There are 10 fields in each row / record in this example file.
3. Each field is fixed-width across all rows in this example file.
4. Each field is comprised of BINARY data.
5. There are 88 bytes in each row / record in this example file.



```

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567 7 8
91,0.088, 91.06951,5.156,0.42,0.42656,125.547152, 4.7691,15300.0,"SS091A990R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.088, 91.06951,5.156,0.42,0.42656,125.547152, 4.7691,15300.0,"SS091A990R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.088, 91.07029,5.155,0.42,0.42652,125.550546, 4.7692,15300.0,"SS091A990R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.089, 91.07105,5.155,0.42,0.42657,125.550344, 4.7692,15300.0,"SS091A990R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.377, 91.35854,2.225,0.72,0.56432,147.854445, 19.1305, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.377, 91.35919,2.010,0.64,0.51506,197.022189, 18.7507, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.378, 91.35978,1.928,0.70,0.52962,199.881316, 21.4121, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.379, 91.36042,1.366,1.71,0.71758,185.232248,180.0000, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.379, 91.36104,1.494,1.47,0.69841,179.932613, 81.2461, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.380, 91.36165,1.908,0.83,0.58457,171.164927, 25.8445, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.380, 91.36229,1.677,1.13,0.65682,169.245035, 42.4206, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.381, 91.36289,1.720,0.87,0.57686,237.047264, 30.6785, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.382, 91.36415,2.645,0.49,0.40090,323.650451, 10.7665, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.383, 91.36477,4.752,0.40,0.39856, 10.696469, 4.8413, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.384, 91.36543,4.521,0.40,0.39494,358.661558, 5.1823, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.384, 91.36604,3.427,0.39,0.38187, 13.809568, 6.6027, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.385, 91.36663,3.239,0.39,0.37979, 4.907225, 7.0238, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.385, 91.36729,2.826,0.42,0.39259,317.423490, 8.7466, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.386, 91.36792,2.840,0.42,0.39058,321.608207, 8.6859, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.387, 91.36851,3.124,0.39,0.37922,339.039685, 7.3389, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
91,0.387, 91.36917,3.317,0.39,0.37703,352.720837, 6.7690, 4314.6,"SS091AA00R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
<omitted 3700+ lines>
151,0.229,151.20464,2.980,0.43,0.40324,293.965171, 8.3952, 7140.0,"SS1520900R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>
151,0.230,151.20527,3.072,0.46,0.41565,268.822094, 8.6166, 7140.0,"SS1520900R6M1.IMG"<CR><LF>

```

Figure 7.2.2-2. Diagram of the TABLE_BINARY Byte Stream

7.2.2.3 TABLE_BINARY Label Scheme

This section depicts how the TABLE_BINARY byte-scheme, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 TABLE_BINARY class is the successor to the PDS3 TABLE object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>

- PDS4 XML Label : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific "other" Schema(s): : <http://tbd>

7.2.2.3.1 PDS3 TABLE_BINARY Label Scheme

The data product depicted in Figure 7.2.2-2 could be described in PDS3 by use of the TABLE and COLUMN objects:

```

PDS_VERSION_ID          = PDS3

RECORD_TYPE             = FIXED_LENGTH
RECORD_BYTES           = 88
FILE_RECORDS           = 3727
^TABLE                 = "BIN_TABLE_COLLAPSED.TAB"

DATA_SET_ID             = "PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR-V1.0"
MISSION_NAME           = "PHOENIX"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME   = "PHOENIX"
INSTRUMENT_NAME        = "TELLTALE"
PRODUCT_ID             = "TELLTALE_91_151"
TARGET_NAME            = "MARS"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "904250279.448"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "909588864.598"
START_TIME             = 2008-08-26T20:36:36.856
STOP_TIME              = 2008-10-27T15:32:50.952
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME  = 2009-04-15

OBJECT                  = TABLE
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT    = BINARY
  ROW_BYTES            = 88
  ROWS                 = 3727
  COLUMNS             = 10

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                 = "SOL"
  DATA_TYPE           = MSB_INTEGER
  START_BYTE          = 1
  BYTES               = 3
  FORMAT              = "I3"
  UNIT                = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION         = "PHOENIX Sol number"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                 = "LTST"
  DATA_TYPE           = MSB_REAL
  START_BYTE          = 5
  BYTES               = 5
  FORMAT              = "F5.3"
  UNIT                = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION         = "Local True Solar Time"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                 = "LMST"
  DATA_TYPE           = MSB_REAL
  START_BYTE          = 11
  BYTES               = 9
  FORMAT              = "F9.5"
  UNIT                = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION         = "Local Mean Solar Time"
END_OBJECT

OBJECT                  = COLUMN
  NAME                 = "V"
  DATA_TYPE           = MSB_REAL

```



```

START_BYTE           = 21
BYTES                = 5
FORMAT               = "F5.3"
UNIT                 = "METERS/SECOND"
DESCRIPTION          = "Wind speed in meters per second"
END_OBJECT           = COLUMN

OBJECT               = COLUMN
NAME                 = "DV+"
DATA_TYPE            = MSB_REAL
START_BYTE           = 27
BYTES                = 4
FORMAT               = "F4.2"
UNIT                 = "METERS/SECOND"
DESCRIPTION          = "Error in wind speed (positive)"
END_OBJECT           = COLUMN

OBJECT               = COLUMN
NAME                 = "DV-"
DATA_TYPE            = MSB_REAL
START_BYTE           = 32
BYTES                = 7
FORMAT               = "F7.5"
UNIT                 = "METERS/SECOND"
DESCRIPTION          = "Error in wind speed (negative)"
END_OBJECT           = COLUMN

OBJECT               = COLUMN
NAME                 = "DIR"
DATA_TYPE            = MSB_REAL
START_BYTE           = 40
BYTES                = 10
FORMAT               = "F10.6"
UNIT                 = "DEGREES"
DESCRIPTION          = "Wind direction in degrees given in
                        meteorological convention (0 = from N,
                        90 = from E, 180 = from S, 270 = from
                        W)"
END_OBJECT           = COLUMN

OBJECT               = COLUMN
NAME                 = "DDIR"
DATA_TYPE            = MSB_REAL
START_BYTE           = 51
BYTES                = 8
FORMAT               = "F8.4"
UNIT                 = "DEGREES"
DESCRIPTION          = "Error in direction (given in degrees).
                        If dv+ is larger than v, then this is
                        set to 180"
END_OBJECT           = COLUMN

OBJECT               = COLUMN
NAME                 = "EXPOSURE TIME"
DATA_TYPE            = MSB_REAL
START_BYTE           = 60
BYTES                = 7
FORMAT               = "F7.1"
UNIT                 = "MILLISECONDS"
DESCRIPTION          = "Exposure time by SSI in milliseconds"
END_OBJECT           = COLUMN

OBJECT               = COLUMN

```

```

NAME = "FILE NAME"
DATA_TYPE = CHARACTER
START_BYTE = 69
BYTES = 17
FORMAT = "A17"
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Image filename used for the analysis"
END_OBJECT = COLUMN

END_OBJECT = TABLE
END

```

7.2.2.3.2 PDS4 TABLE_BINARY Label Scheme

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 by use of the TABLE_BINARY and the TABLE_FIELD_BINARY classes.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Product_Table_Binary xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
file:Product_Table_Binary_2009-06-091-edited.xsd">
  <Identification_Area>
    <guid>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR:PDS4_ATM_PRODUCT_TABLE_BIN_ID:1.0
    </guid>
    <identifier>PDSURN:PDS4_ATM_PRODUCT_TABLE_BINARY_ID:V1.0</identifier>
    <title>PHOENIX Mars Wind Experiment</title>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
    <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
    <label_revision_note>
      20090101:1.0 - initial version;
    </label_revision_note>
    <product_id>TELLTALE_BINARY_91_151</product_id>
    <product_creation_time>2009-01-01T23:34:30</product_creation_time>
    <logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-VEL-DIR:PDS4_ATM_PRODUCT_TABLE_BIN_ID
    </logical_identifier>
    <status>PENDING</status>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Description_Area>
    <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE PRODUCT GOES HERE.</description>
  </Description_Area>
  <Cross_Reference_Area>
    <Data_Set_Reference>
      <data_set_guid>
        PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-BINARY-VEL-DIR-V1.0
      </data_set_guid>
      <data_set_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:PHX-M-TT-5-WIND-BINARY-VEL-DIR
      </data_set_logical_identifier>
    </Data_Set_Reference>
    <Instrument_Host_Reference>
      <instrument_host_guid>PDSURN:PHX-V1.0</instrument_host_guid>
      <instrument_host_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:PHX
      </instrument_host_logical_identifier>
    </Instrument_Host_Reference>
  </Cross_Reference_Area>
</Product_Table_Binary>

```

```

</Instrument_Host_Reference>
<Instrument_Reference>
  <instrument_guid>PDSURN:TT-V1.0</instrument_guid>
  <instrument_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:TT
  </instrument_logical_identifier>
</Instrument_Reference>
<Mission_Reference>
  <mission_guid>PDSURN:PHOENIX-V1.0</mission_guid>
  <mission_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:PHOENIX
  </mission_logical_identifier>
</Mission_Reference>
<Node_Reference>
  <node_guid>PDSURN:ATMOS-V1.0</node_guid>
  <node_logical_identifier>PDSURN:ATMOS</node_logical_identifier>
</Node_Reference>
<Target_Reference>
  <target_guid>PDSURN:MARS-V1.0</target_guid>
  <target_logical_identifier>PDSURN:MARS</target_logical_identifier>
</Target_Reference>
</Cross_Reference_Area>
<Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
  <comment>Observation Intent</comment>
  <spacecraft_clock_start_count>904250279.448
  </spacecraft_clock_start_count>
  <spacecraft_clock_stop_count>909588864.598
  </spacecraft_clock_stop_count>
  <start_time>2008-08-26T20:36:36.856</start_time>
  <stop_time>2008-10-27T15:32:50.952</stop_time>
</Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
<Dataset_Area>
  <data_set_id>PHX-M-TT-5-BINARY-WIND-VEL-DIR-V1.0</data_set_id>
</Dataset_Area>
<Mission_Area>
  <mission_name>PHOENIX</mission_name>
</Mission_Area>
<Instrument_Host_Area>
  <instrument_host_name>PHOENIX</instrument_host_name>
</Instrument_Host_Area>
<Instrument_Area>
  <instrument_name>TELLTALE</instrument_name>
</Instrument_Area>
<Target_Area>
  <target_name>MARS</target_name>
</Target_Area>
<File_Area>
  <File_Binary_Fixed>
    <local_identifier>
      PDSURN:PDS4_PHX_M_TT_TABLE_FILE_ID
    </local_identifier>
    <comment>add file comment here</comment>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <file_size>111</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>PDS4_ATM_TABLE_BIN.TAB
    </file_specification_name>
    <File_Binary_file_type>BINARY</File_Binary_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>3727</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Binary_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
    </File_Binary_Fixed_record_type>
  </File_Binary_Fixed>
</File_Area>
<Table_Binary_Set>

```

```

<Description_Area>
  <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE TABLE_SET GOES HERE</description>
</Description_Area>
<Table_Binary>
  <local_identifier>PDSURN:PHX_M_TT_TABLE</local_identifier>
  <Table_Base_Binary_file_type>BINARY</Table_Base_Binary_file_type>
  <number_of_fields>10</number_of_fields>
  <number_of_records>3727</number_of_records>
  <record_bytes>88</record_bytes>
  <Data_Location>
    <file_local_identifier>
      PDSURN:PDS4_PHX_M_TT_TABLE_FILE_ID
    </file_local_identifier>
    <offset>1</offset>
  </Data_Location>
  <Table_Record_Binary>
    <Table_Binary_Field>
      <field_name>SOL</field_name>
      <field_number>1</field_number>
      <field_data_type>MSB_INTEGER</field_data_type>
      <field_location>1</field_location>
      <field_length>3</field_length>
      <field_format>I3</field_format>
      <field_min_physical>91</field_min_physical>
      <field_max_physical>151</field_max_physical>
      <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
      <field_description>PHOENIX Sol number</field_description>
    </Table_Binary_Field>
    <Table_Binary_Field>
      <field_name>LTST</field_name>
      <field_number>2</field_number>
      <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
      <field_location>5</field_location>
      <field_length>5</field_length>
      <field_format>F5.3</field_format>
      <field_min_physical>0.088078704</field_min_physical>
      <field_max_physical>0.230243056</field_max_physical>
      <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
      <field_description>Local True Solar Time</field_description>
    </Table_Binary_Field>
    <Table_Binary_Field>
      <field_name>LMST</field_name>
      <field_number>3</field_number>
      <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
      <field_location>11</field_location>
      <field_length>9</field_length>
      <field_format>F9.5</field_format>
      <field_min_physical>91.0695122</field_min_physical>
      <field_max_physical>151.2052778</field_max_physical>
      <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
      <field_description>Local Mean Solar Time</field_description>
    </Table_Binary_Field>
    <Table_Binary_Field>
      <field_name>V</field_name>
      <field_number>4</field_number>
      <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
      <field_location>21</field_location>
      <field_length>5</field_length>
      <field_format>F5.3</field_format>
      <field_min_physical>3.072451472</field_min_physical>
      <field_max_physical>5.15605715</field_max_physical>
      <field_unit>METERS/SECOND</field_unit>
      <field_description>Wind speed in meters per second

```

```

    </field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
  <Table_Binary_Field>
    <field_name>DV+</field_name>
    <field_number>5</field_number>
    <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>27</field_location>
    <field_length>4</field_length>
    <field_format>F4.2</field_format>
    <field_min_physical>0.428682136</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>0.46032408</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>METERS/SECOND</field_unit>
    <field_description>Error in wind speed (positive)
  </field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
  <Table_Binary_Field>
    <field_name>DV-</field_name>
    <field_number>6</field_number>
    <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>32</field_location>
    <field_length>7</field_length>
    <field_format>F7.5</field_format>
    <field_min_physical>0.415653998</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>0.42656498</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>METERS/SECOND</field_unit>
    <field_description>Error in wind speed (negative)
  </field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
  <Table_Binary_Field>
    <field_name>DIR</field_name>
    <field_number>7</field_number>
    <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>40</field_location>
    <field_length>10</field_length>
    <field_format>F10.6</field_format>
    <field_min_physical>125.5471521</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>268.8220941</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>DEGREES</field_unit>
    <field_description>Wind direction in degrees given in
                        meteorological convention (0 = from N,
                        90 = from E, 180 = from S, 270 = from W)
  </field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
  <Table_Binary_Field>
    <field_name>DDIR</field_name>
    <field_number>8</field_number>
    <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>51</field_location>
    <field_length>8</field_length>
    <field_format>F8.4</field_format>
    <field_min_physical>4.769160219</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>8.616672754</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>DEGREES</field_unit>
    <field_description>Error in direction (given in degrees).
                        If dv+ is larger than v, then this is
                        set to 180</field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
  <Table_Binary_Field>
    <field_name>EXPOSURE TIME</field_name>
    <field_number>9</field_number>
    <field_data_type>MSB_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>60</field_location>
    <field_length>7</field_length>

```

```

    <field_format>F7.1</field_format>
    <field_min_physical>7140</field_min_physical>
    <field_max_physical>15300</field_max_physical>
    <field_unit>MILLISECONDS</field_unit>
    <field_description>Exposure time by SSI in
                        milliseconds</field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
  <Table_Binary_Field>
    <field_name>FILE NAME</field_name>
    <field_number>10</field_number>
    <field_data_type>CHARACTER</field_data_type>
    <field_location>69</field_location>
    <field_length>17</field_length>
    <field_format>A17</field_format>
    <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
    <field_description>Image filename used
                        for the analysis</field_description>
  </Table_Binary_Field>
</Table_Record_Binary>
</Table_Binary>
</Table_Binary_Set>
</Product_Table_Binary>

```

7.2.2.4 PDS4 TABLE_BINARY and PDS3 TABLE Parallelisms

TBD

7.2.3 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED

This section describes the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED extension of the PDS4 Table_Base (i.e., Heterogeneous repeating record of Scalars) class where a contiguous stream of ASCII characters, assembled as sets of repeating fixed-width fields, maps the "items" contained in a TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED file.

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 TABLE object to the PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED file construct and demonstrates how the byte stream (e.g., sequence of bits) can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.2.3.1 TABLE_BASE Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.2.3-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 TABLE_BASE class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the required or optional status, and the cardinality of repeating structures.

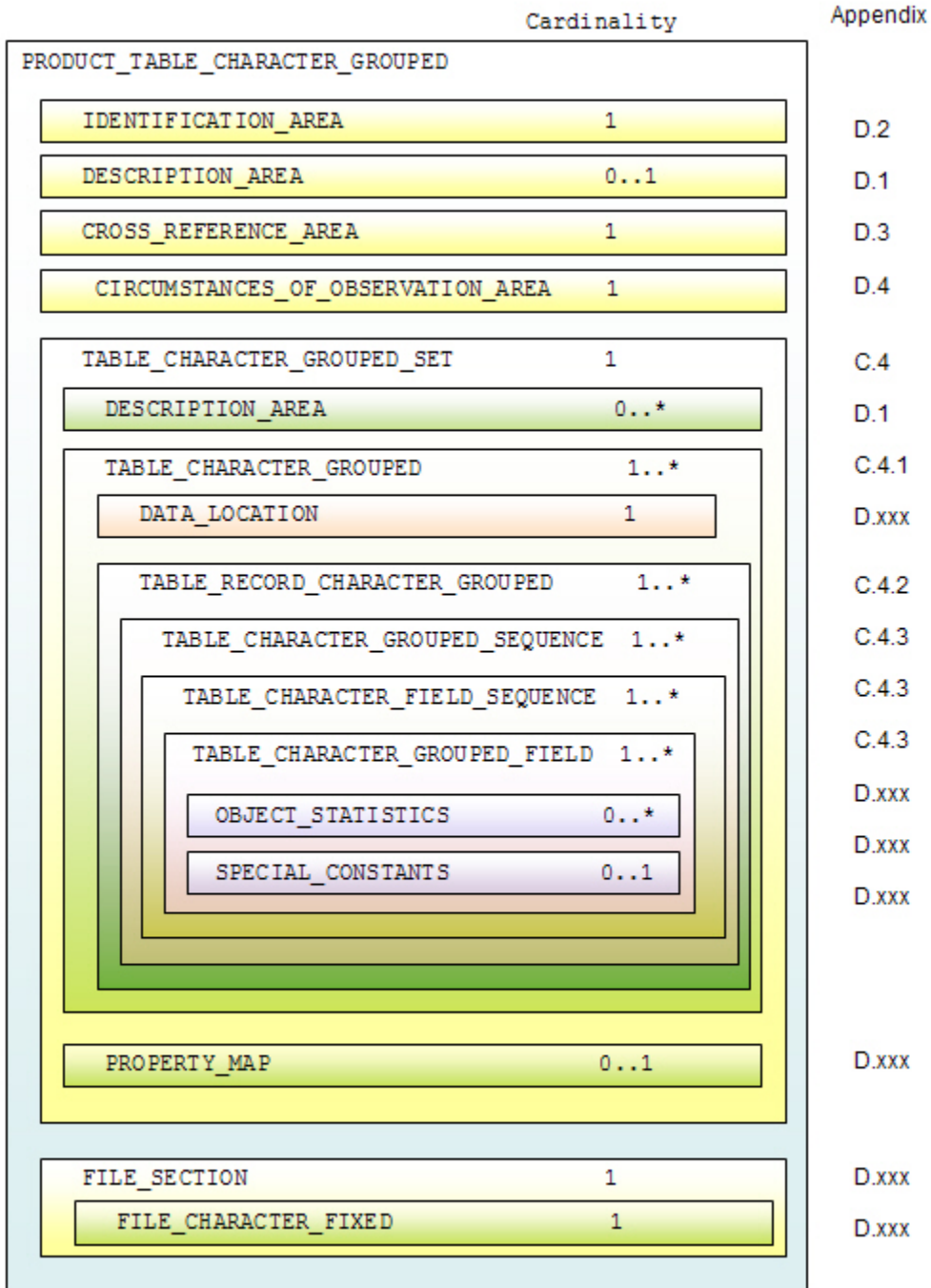


Figure 7.2.3-1. Diagram of the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED Schema

From Figure 7.2.3-1, the overall structure of the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED data object description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

7.2.3.2 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED Data Product Byte Stream

Figure 7.2.3-2 depicts a representation a TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED byte-stream. The data object consists of single file containing five character based tables. Each table has a fixed-length structure where a row consists of 19969 bytes. The combined number of rows across all five tables is 2052.

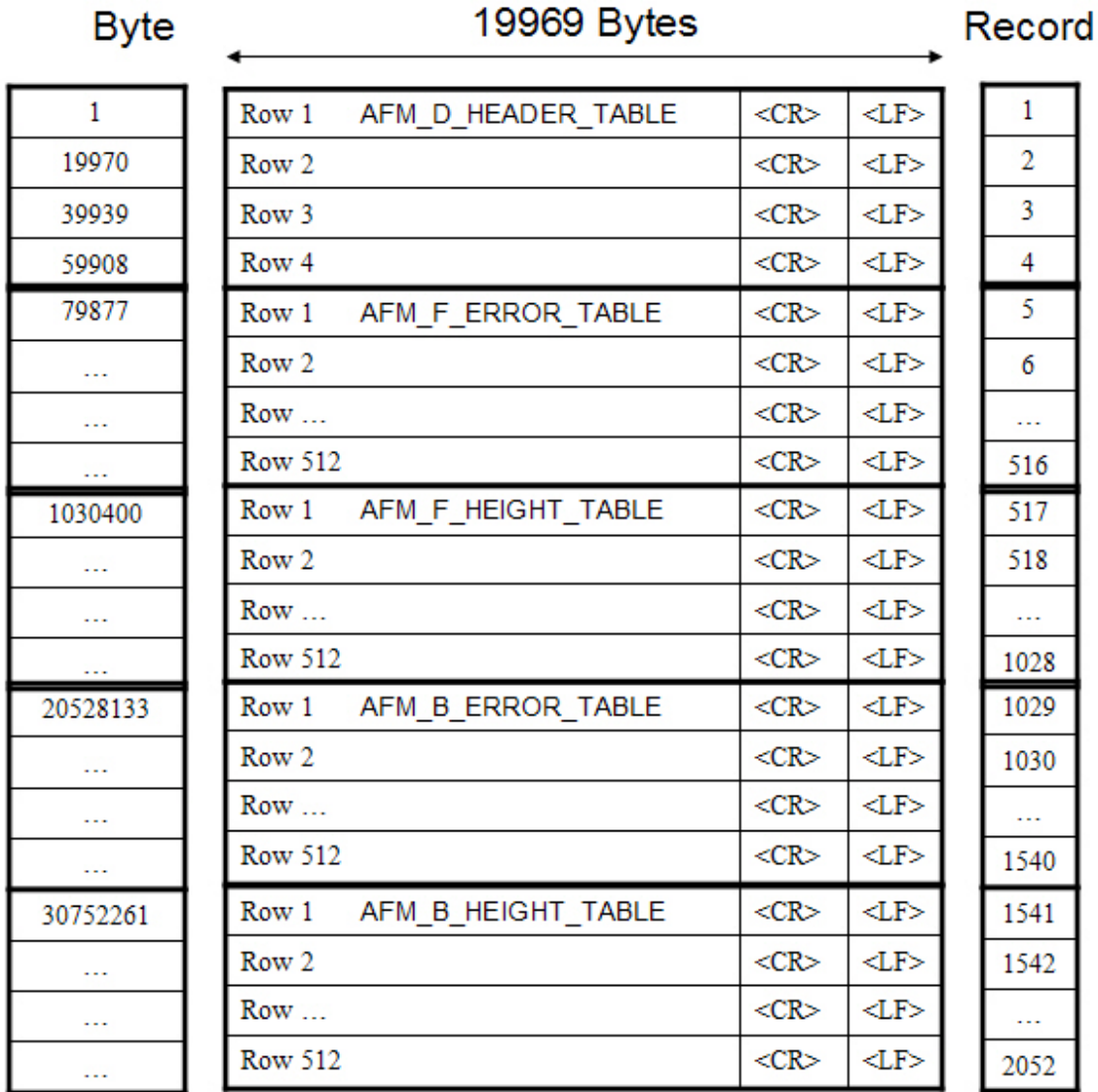


Figure 7.2.3-2. Diagram of the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED Byte Stream

With respect to the data product:

1. There are 2052 rows of data (of which 2000+ rows have been omitted from the diagram for ease of reading).
2. The first of five tables, the AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE, contains 4 rows and 22 columns / fields. Note that under PDS4, the suffix_bytes have been incorporated into an additional column (that occupies 19870 bytes).
3. The second of five tables, the AFM_F_ERROR_TABLE, contains 512 rows and 1536 columns / fields that are a sequence of three columns that are repeated 512 times.
4. The third of five tables, the AFM_F_HEIGHT_TABLE, contains 512 rows and 1536 columns / fields that are a sequence of three columns that are repeated 512 times.

5. The fourth of five tables, the AFM_B_ERROR_TABLE, contains 512 rows and 1536 columns / fields that are a sequence of three columns that are repeated 512 times.
6. The fifth table, the AFM_B_HEIGHT_TABLE, contains 512 rows and 1536 columns / fields that are a sequence of three columns that are repeated 512 times.
7. Each field in each table is fixed-width across all rows in the table.
8. Each field is comprised of ASCII characters.
9. There are 19969 bytes in each row / record in this example file.

7.2.3.3 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED Label Scheme

This section depicts how the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED byte-scheme, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED class is the successor to the PDS3 TABLE object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label : : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific "other" Schema(s): : <http://tbd>

Note that the following product label example contains a reference / pointer to an external file that is a "label fragment". In PDS3, the ODL label fragment is referenced via a ^STRUCTURE pointer. In PDS4, the XML label fragment is referenced via an XML INCLUDE statement.

7.2.3.3.1 PDS3 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED Label Scheme

The data product depicted in Figure 7.2.3-2 could be described in PDS3 by use of the TABLE and COLUMN objects. Note that the PDS label references a label fragment.

```
PDS_VERSION_ID           = "PDS3"
LABEL_REVISION_NOTE      = "2008-11-14, Initial"
```

```

/* File characteristics */
RECORD_TYPE                = FIXED_LENGTH
RECORD_BYTES               = 19969
FILE_RECORDS               = 2052

/* Pointers to object in file */
^AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE       = ("FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0.TAB",1)
^AFM_F_ERROR_TABLE        = ("FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0.TAB",5)
^AFM_F_HEIGHT_TABLE       = ("FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0.TAB",517)
^AFM_B_ERROR_TABLE        = ("FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0.TAB",1029)
^AFM_B_HEIGHT_TABLE       = ("FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0.TAB",1541)

/* Identification */
DATA_SET_ID                = "PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0"
DESCRIPTION                 = "UNK"
PRODUCT_ID                 = "FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0"
PRODUCT_VERSION_ID         = "V1.0"
PRODUCT_TYPE               = "MECA_AFM_SDD"
RELEASE_ID                 = "0001"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME       = "PHOENIX"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID         = PHX
INSTRUMENT_NAME            = "MECA ATOMIC FORCE MICROSCOPE"
INSTRUMENT_ID              = "MECA_AFM"
INSTRUMENT_MODE_ID         = "SCAN"
MISSION_NAME               = "PHOENIX"

OPS_TOKEN                  = 16#11040000#
OPS_TOKEN_ACTIVITY         = 16#00001104#
OPS_TOKEN_PAYLOAD          = 16#00000000#
OPS_TOKEN_COMMAND          = 16#00000000#
TARGET_NAME                = MARS

/* Time information */
MISSION_PHASE_NAME         = "PRIMARY MISSION"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "896567771.215"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "896567771.215"
START_TIME                 = 2008-05-29T22:35:04.536
STOP_TIME                  = 2008-05-29T22:35:04.536
PLANET_DAY_NUMBER          = 4
EARTH_RECEIVED_START_TIME  = "UNK"
EARTH_RECEIVED_STOP_TIME   = "UNK"
LOCAL_TRUE_SOLAR_TIME      = "12:58:36"
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME      = 2008-11-26T00:32:06.228

/* Data object definition */
OBJECT                     = AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT         = ASCII
COLUMNS                   = 22
ROWS                       = 4
ROW_BYTES                  = 189
ROW_SUFFIX_BYTES          = 19780
^STRUCTURE                 = "AFM_D_HEADER.FMT"
DESCRIPTION                = "This table contains the AFM scan
                             parameter information. The table
                             contains 189 bytes of table data
                             followed by 19780 bytes of spare
                             data, of which the last 2 bytes
                             contain the <CR><LF> pair. "

```

```

END_OBJECT = AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE

OBJECT = AFM_F_ERROR_TABLE
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII
COLUMNS = 1536
ROWS = 512
ROW_BYTES = 19969
START_BYTE = 79877
MISSING_CONSTANT = 0.00
DESCRIPTION = "This table contains the AFM scan
forward error derivative
information. Each row represents a
scan line along the fast scan
axis"

OBJECT = CONTAINER
BYTES = 39
DESCRIPTION = "The container holds the X-Y-Z
information for each AFM scan
error derivative data point. The
table contains 19969 bytes of
table data of which the last 2
bytes contain the <CR><LF> pair."

NAME = "FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE"
REPETITIONS = 512
START_BYTE = 1

OBJECT = COLUMN
COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
BYTES = 12
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
NAME = "FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE X
COORDINATE"
START_BYTE = 1
END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
BYTES = 12
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
NAME = "FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE Y
COORDINATE"
START_BYTE = 14
END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
BYTES = 12
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
NAME = "FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE VALUE"
START_BYTE = 27
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT = CONTAINER
END_OBJECT = AFM_F_ERROR_TABLE

OBJECT = AFM_F_HEIGHT_TABLE
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII
COLUMNS = 1536
ROWS = 512
ROW_BYTES = 19969
START_BYTE = 10304005
MISSING_CONSTANT = 0.00
DESCRIPTION = "This table contains the AFM scan

```

forward Z-height derivative.
Each row represents a scan line
along the fast scan axis"

```

OBJECT          = CONTAINER
  BYTES         = 39
  DESCRIPTION   = "The container holds the X-Y-Z
                  information for each AFM forward
                  derivative scan data point."
  NAME         = "FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE"
  REPETITIONS  = 512
  START_BYTE   = 1

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
  BYTES        = 12
  DATA_TYPE   = ASCII_REAL
  NAME         = "FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE X
                  COORDINATE"
  START_BYTE   = 1
  END_OBJECT   = COLUMN

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
  BYTES        = 12
  DATA_TYPE   = ASCII_REAL
  NAME         = "FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE Y
                  COORDINATE"
  START_BYTE   = 14
  END_OBJECT   = COLUMN

OBJECT          = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
  BYTES        = 12
  DATA_TYPE   = ASCII_REAL
  NAME         = "FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE VALUE"
  START_BYTE   = 27
  END_OBJECT   = COLUMN
END_OBJECT     = CONTAINER
END_OBJECT     = AFM_F_HEIGHT_TABLE

OBJECT          = AFM_B_ERROR_TABLE
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII
  COLUMNS         = 1536
  ROWS             = 512
  ROW_BYTES       = 19969
  START_BYTE      = 20528133
  MISSING_CONSTANT = 0.00
  DESCRIPTION     = "This table contains the AFM scan
                  backward error derivative
                  information. Each row represents a
                  scan line along the fast scan
                  axis."

OBJECT          = CONTAINER
  BYTES         = 39
  DESCRIPTION   = "The container holds the X-Y-Z
                  information for each AFM scan error
                  derivative data point. The table
                  contains 19969 bytes of table data
                  of which the last 2 bytes contain
                  the <CR><LF> pair."
  NAME         = "BACKWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE"

```

```

REPETITIONS                = 512
START_BYTE                  = 1

OBJECT                      = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER             = 1
  BYTES                     = 12
  DATA_TYPE                = ASCII_REAL
  NAME                      = "BACKWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE X
                           COORDINATE"
  START_BYTE                = 1
END_OBJECT                  = COLUMN

OBJECT                      = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER             = 2
  BYTES                     = 12
  DATA_TYPE                = ASCII_REAL
  NAME                      = "BACKWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE Y
                           COORDINATE"
  START_BYTE                = 14
END_OBJECT                  = COLUMN

OBJECT                      = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER             = 3
  BYTES                     = 12
  DATA_TYPE                = ASCII_REAL
  NAME                      = "BACKWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE VALUE"
  START_BYTE                = 27
END_OBJECT                  = COLUMN
END_OBJECT                  = CONTAINER
END_OBJECT                  = AFM_B_ERROR_TABLE

OBJECT                      = AFM_B_HEIGHT_TABLE
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT         = ASCII
COLUMNS                   = 1536
ROWS                       = 512
ROW_BYTES                  = 19969
START_BYTE                 = 30752261
MISSING_CONSTANT           = 0.00
DESCRIPTION                 = "This table contains the AFM scan
                           backward Z-height derivative
                           information. Each row represents a
                           scan line along the fast scan axis"

OBJECT                      = CONTAINER
BYTES                      = 39
DESCRIPTION                 = "The container holds the X-Y-Z
                           information for each AFM backward
                           scan Z-height derivative
                           data point."
NAME                       = "BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE"
REPETITIONS                = 512
START_BYTE                 = 1

OBJECT                      = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER             = 1
  BYTES                     = 12
  DATA_TYPE                = ASCII_REAL
  NAME                      = "BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE X
                           COORDINATE"
  START_BYTE                = 1
END_OBJECT                  = COLUMN

OBJECT                      = COLUMN

```

```

        COLUMN_NUMBER          = 2
        BYTES                   = 12
        DATA_TYPE              = ASCII_REAL
        NAME                     = "BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE Y
                                COORDINATE"
        START_BYTE              = 14
    END_OBJECT                  = COLUMN

    OBJECT                       = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER           = 3
        BYTES                   = 12
        DATA_TYPE              = ASCII_REAL
        NAME                     = "BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE VALUE"
        START_BYTE              = 27
    END_OBJECT                  = COLUMN
END_OBJECT                     = CONTAINER
END_OBJECT                     = AFM_B_HEIGHT_TABLE
END

```

The above label references a PDS3 label fragment, AFM_D_HEADER.FMT:

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
    NAME = cmdTimewhole
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
    BYTES = 9
    START_BYTE = 1
    UNIT = SECONDS
    DESCRIPTION = "This is the time that the command was issued from
the spacecraft computer to the MECA subsystem across the serial
interface. Units are seconds of Spacecraft Clock (SCLK)."
```

```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
    NAME = cmdTimerremainder
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
    BYTES = 10
    START_BYTE = 11
    UNIT = "SECONDS/2**32"
    DESCRIPTION = "The remainder, where 2^32 is a full second."
```

```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
    NAME = readTimewhole
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
    BYTES = 9
    START_BYTE = 22
    UNIT = SECONDS
    DESCRIPTION = "This is the time that the data was returned to the
spacecraft computer across the serial interface from the MECA
subsystem (not used for some telemetry types). Units are seconds
of Spacecraft Clock (SCLK)."
```

```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
    NAME = readTimerremainder
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
    BYTES = 10
    START_BYTE = 32
    UNIT = "SECONDS/2**32"
    DESCRIPTION = "The remainder, where 2^32 is a full second."

```

```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
  NAME = dataLength
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 6
  START_BYTE = 43
  UNIT = BYTES
  DESCRIPTION = "The length of the following record (and all records in
  this product), not including this header."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
  NAME = cols
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 3
  START_BYTE = 50
  UNIT = POINTS
  DESCRIPTION = "The width (number of points per line) of the AFM
  image."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
  NAME = lines
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 3
  START_BYTE = 54
  UNIT = LINES
  DESCRIPTION = "The height (number of lines) of the AFM image."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
  NAME = direction
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 1
  START_BYTE = 58
  DESCRIPTION = "The scan direction, 1 = forward, 2 = backward."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
  NAME = channel
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 1
  START_BYTE = 60
  DESCRIPTION = "The RDR data channel, 1= error, 2= z-height."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 10
  NAME = channelGain
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 1
  START_BYTE = 62
  DESCRIPTION = "Ranges from 0 to 8, with 0=full (13.8 microns for
  height data and 20 Volts for error data), and reducing by factors
  of 2 each time, e.g. gain of 2 = 3.45 microns (height) or 5 Volts
  (error)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 11
  NAME = refOMimage
  DATA_TYPE = CHARACTER
  BYTES = 33
  START_BYTE = 64

```



```

        DESCRIPTION = "File name of the Optical Microscope image taken
        before the scan for sample context."
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 12
        NAME = refOMimage2
        DATA_TYPE = CHARACTER
        BYTES = 33
        START_BYTE = 98
        DESCRIPTION = "Filename of the OM image taken after the scan"
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
        NAME = opsToken
        DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
        BYTES = 8
        START_BYTE = 132
        DESCRIPTION = "Ops Token for this scan."
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 14
        NAME = SwtsTemperature
        DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
        BYTES = 5
        START_BYTE = 141
        UNIT = KELVIN
        DESCRIPTION = "Temperature of the SWTS just prior to the scan."
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
        NAME = x_scanrange
        DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
        BYTES = 6
        START_BYTE = 147
        DESCRIPTION = "Scan range in the X-direction of the AFM scan plane."
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
        NAME = y_scanrange
        DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
        BYTES = 6
        START_BYTE = 154
        DESCRIPTION = "Scan range in the Y-direction of the AFM scan plane."
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 17
        NAME = smoothing_factor
        DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
        BYTES = 2
        START_BYTE = 161
        DESCRIPTION = "The scaling factor used to calibrate the data
        (converts DNS to micrometers for height data and volts for error
        data)"
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN
    OBJECT = COLUMN
        COLUMN_NUMBER = 18
        NAME = AFM_OM_ref_X
        DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
        BYTES = 3
        START_BYTE = 164
        DESCRIPTION = "The approximate location of the center of the AFM
        scan field relative to the OM image. X-coordinate in pixels."
    END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 19
  NAME = AFM_OM_ref_Y
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 3
  START_BYTE = 168
  DESCRIPTION = "The approximate location of the center of the AFM
  scan field relative to the OM image. Y-coordinate in pixels."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 20
  NAME = X_slope
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
  BYTES = 6
  START_BYTE = 172
  DESCRIPTION = "Slope correction in the x-direction of the AFM
  scan plane."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 21
  NAME = Y_slope
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
  BYTES = 6
  START_BYTE = 179
  DESCRIPTION = "Slope correction in the y-direction of the AFM
  scan plane."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 22
  NAME = ScanSpeed
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
  BYTES = 4
  START_BYTE = 186
  DESCRIPTION = "Scan speed of the AFM in micrometers/second"
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
  NAME = cmdTimewhole
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 9
  START_BYTE = 1
  UNIT = SECONDS
  DESCRIPTION = "This is the time that the command was issued from
  the spacecraft computer to the MECA subsystem across the serial
  interface. Units are seconds of Spacecraft Clock (SCLK)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
  NAME = cmdTimeremainder
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 10
  START_BYTE = 11
  UNIT = "SECONDS/2**32"
  DESCRIPTION = "The remainder, where 2^32 is a full second."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
  NAME = readTimewhole
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 9
  START_BYTE = 22
  UNIT = SECONDS
  DESCRIPTION = "This is the time that the data was returned to the

```

```

spacecraft computer across the serial interface from the MECA
subsystem (not used for some telemetry types). Units are seconds
of Spacecraft Clock (SCLK)."/>
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
  NAME = readTimerremainder
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 10
  START_BYTE = 32
  UNIT = "SECONDS/2**32"
  DESCRIPTION = "The remainder, where 2^32 is a full second."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
  NAME = dataLength
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 6
  START_BYTE = 43
  UNIT = BYTES
  DESCRIPTION = "The length of the following record (and all records in
this product), not including this header."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
  NAME = cols
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 3
  START_BYTE = 50
  UNIT = POINTS
  DESCRIPTION = "The width (number of points per line) of the AFM
image."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
  NAME = lines
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 3
  START_BYTE = 54
  UNIT = LINES
  DESCRIPTION = "The height (number of lines) of the AFM image."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
  NAME = direction
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 1
  START_BYTE = 58
  DESCRIPTION = "The scan direction, 1 = forward, 2 = backward."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
  NAME = channel
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 1
  START_BYTE = 60
  DESCRIPTION = "The RDR data channel, 1= error, 2= z-height."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 10
  NAME = channelGain
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 1

```

```

START_BYTE = 62
DESCRIPTION = "Ranges from 0 to 8, with 0=full (13.8 microns for
height data and 20 Volts for error data), and reducing by factors
of 2 each time, e.g. gain of 2 = 3.45 microns (height) or 5 Volts
(error)."
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 11
  NAME = refOMimage
  DATA_TYPE = CHARACTER
  BYTES = 33
  START_BYTE = 64
  DESCRIPTION = "File name of the Optical Microscope image taken
before the scan for sample context."
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 12
  NAME = refOMimage2
  DATA_TYPE = CHARACTER
  BYTES = 33
  START_BYTE = 98
  DESCRIPTION = "Filename of the OM image taken after the scan"
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
  NAME = opsToken
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 8
  START_BYTE = 132
  DESCRIPTION = "Ops Token for this scan."
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 14
  NAME = SwtsTemperature
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 5
  START_BYTE = 141
  UNIT = KELVIN
  DESCRIPTION = "Temperature of the SWTS just prior to the scan."
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
  NAME = x_scanrange
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
  BYTES = 6
  START_BYTE = 147
  DESCRIPTION = "Scan range in the X-direction of the AFM scan plane."
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
  NAME = y_scanrange
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
  BYTES = 6
  START_BYTE = 154
  DESCRIPTION = "Scan range in the Y-direction of the AFM scan plane."
```

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 17
  NAME = smoothing_factor
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
  BYTES = 2
  START_BYTE = 161
  DESCRIPTION = "The scaling factor used to calibrate the data"
```

```

    (converts DNS to micrometers for height data and volts for error
    data)"
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 18
    NAME = AFM_OM_ref_X
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
    BYTES = 3
    START_BYTE = 164
    DESCRIPTION = "The approximate location of the center of the AFM
    scan field relative to the OM image. X-coordinate in pixels."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 19
    NAME = AFM_OM_ref_Y
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
    BYTES = 3
    START_BYTE = 168
    DESCRIPTION = "The approximate location of the center of the AFM
    scan field relative to the OM image. Y-coordinate in pixels."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 20
    NAME = X_slope
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
    BYTES = 6
    START_BYTE = 172
    DESCRIPTION = "Slope correction in the x-direction of the AFM
    scan plane."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 21
    NAME = Y_slope
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
    BYTES = 6
    START_BYTE = 179
    DESCRIPTION = "Slope correction in the y-direction of the AFM
    scan plane."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 22
    NAME = ScanSpeed
    DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
    BYTES = 4
    START_BYTE = 186
    DESCRIPTION = "Scan speed of the AFM in micrometers/second"
END_OBJECT = COLUMN

```

7.2.3.3.2 PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED Label Scheme

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 by use of the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED class, the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_SEQUENCE class, and the TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_FIELD class:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Product_Table_Character_Grouped xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"

```

```

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
  file:Product_Table_Character_Grouped-edited_2009-06-091.xsd">
<Identification_Area>
  <guid>
    PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR:PDS4_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_ID:V1.0
  </guid>
  <identifier>
    PDSURN:PDS4_PHX_TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_ID:V1.0
  </identifier>
  <title>Phoenix Project MECA ATOMIC FORCE MICROSCOPE Experiment</title>
  <version>1.0</version>
  <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
  <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
  <label_revision_note>20090101:1.0 - initial version;
</label_revision_note>
  <product_id>FS004SDD_001_4E0111040000A0</product_id>
  <product_creation_time>2008-12-23T00:36:08.000</product_creation_time>
  <logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR:PDS4_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_ID:V1.0
  </logical_identifier>
  <status>PENDING</status>
</Identification_Area>
<Description_Area>
  <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE PRODUCT GOES HERE</description>
</Description_Area>
<Cross_Reference_Area>
  <Data_Set_Reference>
    <data_set_guid>PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0</data_set_guid>
    <data_set_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR
    </data_set_logical_identifier>
  </Data_Set_Reference>
  <Instrument_Host_Reference>
    <instrument_host_guid>PDSURN:PHX-V1.0</instrument_host_guid>
    <instrument_host_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHX
    </instrument_host_logical_identifier>
  </Instrument_Host_Reference>
  <Instrument_Reference>
    <instrument_guid>PDSURN:MECA_AFM-V1.0</instrument_guid>
    <instrument_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:MECA_AFM
    </instrument_logical_identifier>
  </Instrument_Reference>
  <Mission_Reference>
    <mission_guid>PDSURN:PHOENIX-V1.0</mission_guid>
    <mission_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHOENIX
    </mission_logical_identifier>
  </Mission_Reference>
  <Node_Reference>
    <node_guid>PDSURN:GEOSCIENCES-V1.0</node_guid>
    <node_logical_identifier>PDSURN:GEOSCIENCES
  </node_logical_identifier>
  </Node_Reference>
  <Target_Reference>
    <target_guid>PDSURN:MARS-V1.0</target_guid>
    <target_logical_identifier>PDSURN:MARS</target_logical_identifier>
  </Target_Reference>
</Cross_Reference_Area>
<Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>

```

```

    <comment>Observation Intent</comment>
    <spacecraft_clock_start_count>896567771.215
  </spacecraft_clock_start_count>
    <spacecraft_clock_stop_count>896567771.215
  </spacecraft_clock_stop_count>
    <start_time>2008-05-29T22:35:04.536</start_time>
    <stop_time>2008-05-29T22:35:04.536</stop_time>
</Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
<Dataset_Area>
  <data_set_id>PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0</data_set_id>
</Dataset_Area>
<Mission_Area>
  <mission_name>PHOENIX</mission_name>
</Mission_Area>
<Instrument_Host_Area>
  <instrument_host_id>PHX</instrument_host_id>
</Instrument_Host_Area>
<Instrument_Area>
  <instrument_id>MECA_AFM</instrument_id>
</Instrument_Area>
<Node_Area>
  <node_name>GEOSCIENCES</node_name>
</Node_Area>
<Target_Area>
  <target_name>MARS</target_name>
</Target_Area>

<File_Area>
  <File_Character_Fixed>
    <local_identifier>
      PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-1
    </local_identifier>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <file_size>111</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>
      PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB</file_specification_name>
    <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>19969</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Character_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
  </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
</File_Character_Fixed>
  <File_Character_Fixed>
    <local_identifier>
      PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-2</local_identifier>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <file_size>222</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB
  </file_specification_name>
    <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>79877</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Character_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
  </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
</File_Character_Fixed>
  <File_Character_Fixed>
    <local_identifier>
      PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-3</local_identifier>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <file_size>333</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB
  </file_specification_name>
    <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>1030400</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Character_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
  </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
</File_Character_Fixed>

```

```

        </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
    </File_Character_Fixed>
    <File_Character_Fixed>
        <local_identifier>
            PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-4</local_identifier>
        <checksum>123</checksum>
        <file_size>444</file_size>
        <file_specification_name>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB
    </file_specification_name>
        <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
        <max_record_bytes>20528133</max_record_bytes>
        <File_Character_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
    </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
    </File_Character_Fixed>
    <File_Character_Fixed>
        <local_identifier>
            PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-5</local_identifier>
        <checksum>123</checksum>
        <file_size>555</file_size>
        <file_specification_name>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB
    </file_specification_name>
        <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
        <max_record_bytes>30752261</max_record_bytes>
        <File_Character_Fixed_record_type>FIXED
    </File_Character_Fixed_record_type>
    </File_Character_Fixed>
</File_Area>

<!--
*** Data Objects in File ***/
*** (1) AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",1)      ***/
*** (2) AFM_F_ERROR_TABLE  = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",79877)  ***/
*** (3) AFM_F_HEIGHT_TABLE = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",1030400) ***/
*** (4) AFM_B_ERROR_TABLE  = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",20528133) ***/
*** (5) AFM_B_HEIGHT_TABLE = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",30752261) ***/
-->

    <Table_Character_Grouped_Set>
        <!--
        *** (1) AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",1)      ***/
        -->

        <Table_Character_Grouped>
            <local_identifier>PHX_M_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED-1
        </local_identifier>
            <Table_Base_Character_file_type>CHARACTER
        </Table_Base_Character_file_type>
            <number_of_fields>22</number_of_fields>
            <number_of_records>4</number_of_records>
            <record_bytes>19969</record_bytes>
            <Data_Location>
                <file_local_identifier>
                    PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-1
                </file_local_identifier>
                <offset>1</offset>
            </Data_Location>
            <Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
                <Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
                    <repetitions>1</repetitions>
                    <xi:include href="PDS4_AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE.xml"/>
                </Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
            </Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
        </Table_Character_Grouped>

```



```

<!--
*** (2) AFM_F_ERROR_TABLE      = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",79877)    ***/
-->
<Table_Character_Grouped>
  <local_identifier>PHX_M_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED-2
  </local_identifier>
  <Table_Base_Character_file_type>CHARACTER
  </Table_Base_Character_file_type>
  <number_of_fields>1536</number_of_fields>
  <number_of_records>512</number_of_records>
  <record_bytes>19969</record_bytes>
  <Data_Location>
    <file_local_identifier>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-2
    </file_local_identifier>
    <offset>79877</offset>
  </Data_Location>
  <Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
    <Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
      <repetitions>512</repetitions>

      <Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
        <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
          <field_name>FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE X COORDINATE
          </field_name>
          <field_number>1</field_number>
          <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
          <field_location>1</field_location>
          <field_length>12</field_length>
          <field_format>N/A</field_format>
          <field_description>N/A</field_description>
        </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
          <field_name>FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE Y COORDINATE
          </field_name>
          <field_number>2</field_number>
          <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
          <field_location>14</field_location>
          <field_length>12</field_length>
          <field_format>N/A</field_format>
          <field_description>N/A</field_description>
        </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
          <field_name>FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE VALUE
          </field_name>
          <field_number>3</field_number>
          <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
          <field_location>27</field_location>
          <field_length>12</field_length>
          <field_format>N/A</field_format>
          <field_description>N/A</field_description>
        </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
      </Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
    </Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
  </Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
</Table_Character_Grouped>

<!--
*** (3) AFM_F_HEIGHT_TABLE     = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",1030400)  ***/
-->
<Table_Character_Grouped>
  <local_identifier>PHX_M_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED-3
  </local_identifier>
  <Table_Base_Character_file_type>CHARACTER

```

```

</Table_Base_Character_file_type>
<number_of_fields>1536</number_of_fields>
<number_of_records>512</number_of_records>
<record_bytes>19969</record_bytes>
<Data_Location>
  <file_local_identifier>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-3
  </file_local_identifier>
  <offset>1030400</offset>
</Data_Location>
<Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
    <repetitions>512</repetitions>

    <Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
      <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <field_name>FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE X COORDINATE
        </field_name>
        <field_number>1</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>1</field_location>
        <field_length>12</field_length>
        <field_format>N/A</field_format>
        <field_description>N/A</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
      <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <field_name>FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE Y COORDINATE
        </field_name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>14</field_location>
        <field_length>12</field_length>
        <field_format>N/A</field_format>
        <field_description>N/A</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
      <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <field_name>FORWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE value
        </field_name>
        <field_number>3</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>27</field_location>
        <field_length>12</field_length>
        <field_format>N/A</field_format>
        <field_description>N/A</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    </Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
  </Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
</Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
</Table_Character_Grouped>

<!--
*** (4) AFM_B_ERROR_TABLE      = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB",20528133) ***/
-->

<Table_Character_Grouped>
  <local_identifier>PHX_M_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED-4
  </local_identifier>
  <Table_Base_Character_file_type>CHARACTER
  </Table_Base_Character_file_type>
  <number_of_fields>1536</number_of_fields>
  <number_of_records>512</number_of_records>
  <record_bytes>19969</record_bytes>
  <Data_Location>
    <file_local_identifier>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-4
    </file_local_identifier>

```

```

    <offset>20528133</offset>
  </Data_Location>
  <Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
    <repetitions>512</repetitions>

    <Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
      <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <field_name>FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE X COORDINATE
        </field_name>
        <field_number>1</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>1</field_location>
        <field_length>12</field_length>
        <field_format>N/A</field_format>
        <field_description>N/A</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
      <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <field_name>FORWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE Y COORDINATE
        </field_name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>14</field_location>
        <field_length>12</field_length>
        <field_format>N/A</field_format>
        <field_description>N/A</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
      <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
        <field_name>BACKWARD ERROR DERIVATIVE value
        </field_name>
        <field_number>3</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
        <field_location>27</field_location>
        <field_length>12</field_length>
        <field_format>N/A</field_format>
        <field_description>N/A</field_description>
      </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    </Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
  </Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
</Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
</Table_Character_Grouped>

<!--
*** (5) AFM_B_HEIGHT_TABLE = ("PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR.TAB", 30752261) ***/
-->
<Table_Character_Grouped>
  <local_identifier>PHX_M_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED-5
  </local_identifier>
  <Table_Base_Character_file_type>CHARACTER
  </Table_Base_Character_file_type>
  <number_of_fields>1536</number_of_fields>
  <number_of_records>512</number_of_records>
  <record_bytes>19969</record_bytes>
  <Data_Location>
    <file_local_identifier>PDS4_MECA_TABLE_CHAR_GROUPED_FILE_ID-5
    </file_local_identifier>
    <offset>20528133</offset>
  </Data_Location>
  <Table_Record_Character_Grouped>

  <Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
    <repetitions>512</repetitions>

```

```

<Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    <field_name>BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE X COORDINATE
    </field_name>
    <field_number>1</field_number>
    <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>1</field_location>
    <field_length>12</field_length>
    <field_format>N/A</field_format>
    <field_description>N/A</field_description>
  </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    <field_name>BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE Y COORDINATE
    </field_name>
    <field_number>2</field_number>
    <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>14</field_location>
    <field_length>12</field_length>
    <field_format>N/A</field_format>
    <field_description>N/A</field_description>
  </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    <field_name>BACKWARD HEIGHT DERIVATIVE value
    </field_name>
    <field_number>3</field_number>
    <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>27</field_location>
    <field_length>12</field_length>
    <field_format>N/A</field_format>
    <field_description>N/A</field_description>
  </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
</Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
</Table_Character_Grouped_Sequence>
</Table_Record_Character_Grouped>
</Table_Character_Grouped>

<Property_Map>
  <local_identifier>MECA_TABLE_CHAR_PROPMAP
  </local_identifier>
  <namespace_id>MECA_AFM_SDD</namespace_id>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PRODUCT_VERSION_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>V1.0</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>PRODUCT_TYPE</property_name>
    <property_value>MECA_AFM_SDD</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>RELEASE_ID</property_name>
    <property_value>0001</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>OPS_TOKEN</property_name>
    <property_value>16#11040000#</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>OPS_TOKEN_ACTIVITY</property_name>
    <property_value>16#00001104#</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>
  <Property_Map_Entry>
    <property_name>OPS_TOKEN_PAYLOAD</property_name>
    <property_value>16#00000000#</property_value>
  </Property_Map_Entry>

```

```

</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>OPS_TOKEN_COMMAND</property_name>
  <property_value>16#00000000#</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>MISSION_PHASE_NAME</property_name>
  <property_value>PRIMARY MISSION</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>PLANET_DAY_NUMBER</property_name>
  <property_value>4</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>EARTH_RECEIVED_START_TIME</property_name>
  <property_value>UNK</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>EARTH_RECEIVED_STOP_TIME</property_name>
  <property_value>UNK</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
<Property_Map_Entry>
  <property_name>LOCAL_TRUE_SOLAR_TIME</property_name>
  <property_value>12:58:36</property_value>
</Property_Map_Entry>
</Property_Map>
</Table_Character_Grouped_Set>
</Product_Table_Character_Grouped>

```

The above label references a PDS4 label fragment, PDS4_AFM_D_HEADER_TABLE.XML. Note that the following table is a snippet of the original label and is meant to demonstrate how a PDS label fragment is referenced within XML.

```

<Table_Character_Field_Sequence>
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    <field_name>cmdTimewhole</field_name>
    <field_number>1</field_number>
    <field_data_type>ASCII_INTEGER</field_data_type>
    <field_location>1</field_location>
    <field_length>9</field_length>
    <field_format>N/A</field_format>
    <field_unit>SECONDS</field_unit>
    <field_description>This is the time that the command was issued
      from the spacecraft computer to the MECA
      subsystem across the serial interface.
      Units are seconds of Spacecraft Clock
      (SCLK).</field_description>
  </Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
  <!--
  .
  .
  .
  -->
  <Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
    <field_name>ScanSpeed</field_name>
    <field_number>22</field_number>
    <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
    <field_location>186</field_location>

```

```

    <field_length>4</field_length>
    <field_format>N/A</field_format>
    <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
    <field_description>Scan speed of the AFM in
        micrometers/second
    </field_description>
</Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
<!--
  /** Add Field to equivalence ROW_SUFFIX_BYTES = 19780 */
-->
<Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
  <field_name>RowSuffixBytes</field_name>
  <field_number>23</field_number>
  <field_data_type>CHARACTER</field_data_type>
  <field_location>191</field_location>
  <field_length>19780</field_length>
  <field_format>N/A</field_format>
  <field_description>Padding out to row_bytes -
  <field_unit>N/A</field_unit>
    no data can be found here</field_description>
</Table_Character_Grouped_Field>
</Table_Character_Field_Sequence>

```

7.2.3.4 PDS4 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED and PDS3 TABLE Parallelisms

TBD

7.3 UNENCODED STREAM BASE

7.3.1 STREAM_DELIMITED

This section describes the STREAM_DELIMITED class where a contiguous stream of ASCII characters, combined with a field_delimiter and record_delimiter scheme, maps the "items" contained in a CSV "like" file.

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 Spreadsheet object to the PDS4 STREAM_DELIMITED construct and demonstrates how the byte stream can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.3.1.1 STREAM_DELIMITED Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.3.1-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 STREAM_DELIMITED class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the cardinality of repeating structures.

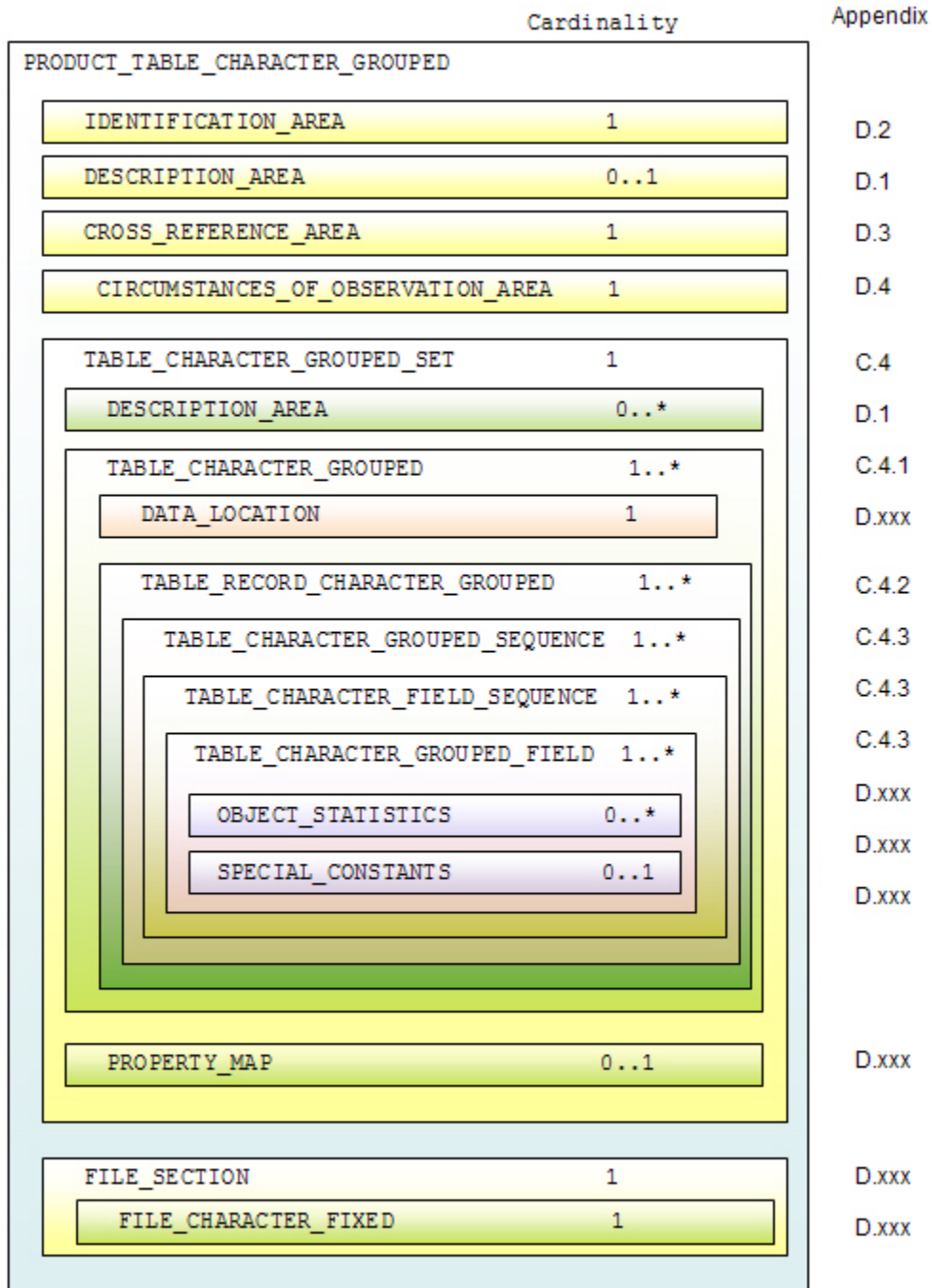


Figure 7.3.1-1. Diagram of the STREAM_DELIMITED Schema

From Figure 7.3.1-1, the overall structure of the STREAM_DELIMITED data object description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of

diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the STREAM_DELIMITED data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

7.3.1.2 STREAM_DELIMITED Data Product Byte Stream

Figure 7.3.1-2 depicts a representation the STREAM_DELIMITED byte-stream. The first two rows of the diagram are for the purposes of illustrating the byte positions relative to the delimited fields and would not normally be contained in a data product file. The remaining twenty rows illustrate a typical delimited data product where the number of fields varies across the rows in the file.

With respect to the data product:

1. There are 20 rows of data.
2. The number of fields in this file is 24.
3. The number of bytes in each row / record varies.
4. The longest record in this file is 89 bytes (record 11); however, records described by this STREAM_DELIMITED definition could be as long as 170 bytes:

```

Theoretical
maximum width
  (Bytes)      Field
-----
      6 - index value (4) + quotes (2)
     24 - delimiter + Time (23)
      8 - delimiter + duration (7)
     10 - delimiter + mode string (7) + quotes (2)
     60 - delimiter + electrons (59)
     60 - delimiter + ions (59)
    + 2 - CR + LF
-----
    170 = MAXIMUM_RECORD_LENGTH
  
```


1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890								
"a",	2004-03-04T00:00:00.012,0.45,"MODE 1",	0,,,,1,,,,-1,12,5,1,2,1,1,0,1,3,1,0<CR><LF>						
"b",	2004-03-04T00:00:01.012,0.45,"MODE 1",	1,,,,1,,,,6,9,15,8,7,2,1,1,0,0,1,0<CR><LF>						
"c",	2004-03-04T00:00:02.012,0.45,"MODE 1",	2,,,,5,,,,25,15,10,4,2,1,1,1,0,1,1<CR><LF>						
"d",	2004-03-04T00:00:03.012,0.45,"MODE 1",	1,,,,1,,,,2,4,8,3,1,1,1,1,1,0,0<CR><LF>						
"e",	2004-03-04T00:00:04.012,0.45,"MODE 5",	1,1,3,1,1,2,3,1,1,2,2,1,4,3,1,1,4,1,1,0<CR><LF>						
"NULL",	2004-03-04T00:00:05.012,0.45,"MODE 5",	1,5,4,2,1,1,1,1,2,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0,0<CR><LF>						
"N/A",	2004-03-04T00:00:06.012,0.45,"MODE 5",	1,6,3,5,4,3,1,0,1,1,1,1,2,1,1,1,3,1,0<CR><LF>						
"UNK",	2004-03-04T00:00:07.012,0.45,"MODE 6",	,,,,,3,,,,5,,,,1,,,,1,3,,2,3,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"f",	2004-03-04T00:00:08.012,0.45,"MODE 6",	,,,,,1,,,,2,,1,,1,4,,1,2,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"g",	2004-03-04T00:00:09.012,0.45,"MODE 6",	,,,,,1,,,,,1,1,1,,1,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"h",	2004-03-04T00:00:10.017,4.00,"MODE 11",	,,,,,8,15,14,21,24,18,15,10,8,9,11,6,-1,9,8,6<CR><LF>						
"i",	2004-03-04T00:00:15.017,4.00,"MODE 11",	,,,,,8,12,17,35,20,12,5,1,2,1,1,8,11,7,8,6<CR><LF>						
"j",	2004-03-04T00:00:20.017,4.00,"MODE 11",	,,,,,4,8,12,32,24,12,15,4,3,1,1,6,7,3,5,2<CR><LF>						
"k",	2004-03-04T00:00:25.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,5,12,12,14,12,5,1,1,7,2,4,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"l",	2004-03-04T00:00:30.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,5,5,14,16,10,8,3,1,5,3,2,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"m",	2004-03-04T00:00:35.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,2,3,2,19,43,21,17,4,8,3,1,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"n",	2004-03-04T00:00:40.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,2,1,2,4,12,9,3,1,1,1,1,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"o",	2004-03-04T00:00:45.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,3,1,-1,9,16,7,1,1,1,1,2,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"p",	2004-03-04T00:00:50.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,2,1,2,4,12,5,1,1,1,1,1,,,,,<CR><LF>						
"zzz",	2004-03-04T00:00:55.017,4.00,"MODE 13",	,,,,,1,2,1,2,4,10,5,1,1,1,1,1,,,,,<CR><LF>						

Figure 7.3.1-2. Diagram of the Byte Stream

Figure 7.3.1-3 depicts the above delimited byte-stream as it would be represented as an Excel spreadsheet. This representation is helpful in understanding how the fields are represented in the data product label. Specifically how field 5 and field 6 have repeating structures of 10 items in each field. Note that the first four rows are for purposes of illustrating how the data relates to the delimited fields defined in the data product label. These first four rows would not normally be present in a data product file. The remaining twenty rows illustrate a typical delimited data product where each field is delimited by a field-delimiter (e.g., comma), and where each row is delimited by a row delimiter (e.g., <CR><LF>).

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	
1																										
2	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5 (consists of 10 items)										Field 6 (consists of 10 items)											
3					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
4																										
5	a	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 1	0			1			-1	12	5	1	2	1	1	0	1	3	1	0				
6	b	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 1	1			1			6	9	15	8	7	2	1	1	0	0	1	0				
7	c	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 1	2			5			25	15	10	4	2	1	1	1	0	1	1					
8	d	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 1	1			1			2	4	8	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0				
9	e	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 5	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	1	4	3	1	1	4	1	1	0		
10	NULL	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 5	1	5	4	2	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		
11	N/A	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 5	1	6	3	5	4	3	1		0	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	0		
12	UNK	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 6				3			5		1		1	3		2	3							
13	f	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 6					1			2		1		1	4		1	2						
14	g	2004-03-04...	0.45	MODE 6				1					1	1	1			1								
15	h	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 11					8	15	14	21	24	18	15	10	8	9	11	6	-1	9	8	6		
16	i	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 11					8	12	17	35	20	12	5	1	2	1	1	8	11	7	8	6		
17	j	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 11					4	8	12	32	24	12	15	4	3	1	1	6	7	3	5	2		
18	k	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	5	12	12	14	12	5	1	1	7	2	4						
19	l	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	5	5	14	16	10	8	3	1	5	3	2						
20	m	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	2	3	2	19	43	21	17	4	8	3	1						
21	n	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	2	1	2	4	12	9	3	1	1	1	1						
22	o	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	3	1	-1	9	16	7	1	1	1	1	2						
23	p	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	2	1	2	4	12	5	1	1	1	1	1						
24	zzz	2004-03-04...	4	MODE 13					1	2	1	2	4	10	5	1	1	1	1	1						

Figure 7.3.1-3. Excel Spreadsheet Representation of the Delimited Byte Stream

7.3.1.3 STREAM_DELIMITED Label Scheme

This section depicts how the STREAM_DELIMITED byte-scheme, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 STREAM_DELIMITED class is the successor to the PDS3 SPREADSHEET object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific “other” Schema(s): : <http://tbd>

7.3.1.3.1 PDS3 STREAM_DELIMITED Label Scheme

The data product depicted in Figure 7.3.1-2 could be described in PDS3 by use of the SPREADSHEET and FIELD objects:

```

PDS_VERSION_ID = PDS3
RECORD_TYPE     = STREAM
RECORD_BYTES    = 89 /* Largest actual record in the file */
FILE_RECORDS    = 20

^SPREADSHEET    = "MYDATA.CSV"

DATA_SET_ID     = "CO-S-INST-2-DUMMY-DATA-V1.0"
SPACECRAFT_NAME = "CASSINI ORBITER"
INSTRUMENT_NAME = "MY INSTRUMENT"
TARGET_NAME     = {"SATURN", "SOLAR_WIND"}
PRODUCT_ID      = "MYDATA.CSV"
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = 2004-08-04T11:15:00
START_TIME      = 2004-03-04T00:00:00.012
STOP_TIME       = 2004-03-04T00:00:55.017

OBJECT = SPREADSHEET
  ROWS = 20
  ROW_BYTES = 163 /* Size of longest possible row*/
  FIELDS = 6
  FIELD_DELIMITER = "COMMA"

OBJECT = FIELD
  NAME = "INDEX"
  DATA_TYPE = "CHARACTER"
  FIELD_NUMBER = 1
  BYTES = 6
  DESCRIPTION = "Primary index into data record."
END_OBJECT = DELIMITED_FIELD

OBJECT = FIELD
  NAME = "TIME"
  DATA_TYPE = TIME
  FIELD_NUMBER = 2
  BYTES = 23
  DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft event time (UT) for this data record."
END_OBJECT = FIELD

OBJECT = FIELD
  NAME = "DURATION"
  FIELD_NUMBER = 3
  BYTES = 7
  FORMAT = "F7.2"
  DATA_TYPE = "ASCII_REAL"
  UNITS = "SECOND"
  DESCRIPTION = "Time interval over which counting was performed
  (seconds).".
END_OBJECT = FIELD

OBJECT = FIELD
  NAME = "MODE"
  FIELD_NUMBER = 4
  BYTES = 7 /* doesn't count bytes occupied by double quotes*/
  FORMAT = "A7"
  DATA_TYPE = "CHARACTER"
  DESCRIPTION = "Scan mode name. See the instrument description for
  a complete list of scan mode names and
  properties."
END_OBJECT = FIELD

OBJECT = FIELD
  NAME = "ELECTRON COUNTS"

```

```

FIELD_NUMBER = 5
BYTES = 59 /* Maximum bytes including item delimiters */
ITEMS = 10
ITEM_BYTES = 5 /* Maximum item bytes */
FORMAT = "I5"
DATA_TYPE = "ASCII_INTEGER"
UNITS = "COUNTS"
MISSING_CONSTANT = -1
DESCRIPTION = "This field contains electron counts from channels
  E1-E10. Items without values indicate channels not
  counted during the interval. Values of zero denote
  counted channels in which no electrons were
  detected. Values of -1 denote corrupted data,
  excluded from the data file (counted, but value
  undefined)."
```

END_OBJECT = FIELD

```

OBJECT = FIELD
NAME = "ION COUNTS"
FIELD_NUMBER = 6
BYTES = 59
ITEMS = 10
ITEM_BYTES = 5
FORMAT = "I5"
DATA_TYPE = "ASCII_INTEGER"
UNITS = "COUNTS"
MISSING_CONSTANT = -1
DESCRIPTION = "This field contains ion counts from channels D1-
  D10. Items without values indicate channels not
  counted during the interval. Values of zero
  denote counted channels in which no ions were
  detected. Values of -1 denote corrupted data,
  excluded from the data file (counted, but value
  undefined)."
```

END_OBJECT = FIELD

END_OBJECT = SPREADSHEET

END

7.3.1.3.2 PDS4 STREAM_DELIMITED Label Scheme

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 by use of the STREAM_DELIMITED and the STREAM_DELIMITED_FIELD classes:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Product_Stream_Delimited xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
  file:Product_Stream_Delimited_2009-06-091.xsd">
  <Identification_Area>
    <guid>
      PDSURN:CO-S-INST-2-DUMMY-DATA-V1.0:PDS4_PPI_STREAM_CSV_ID:V1.0
    </guid>
    <identifier>PDSURN:PDS4_PPI_STREAM_CSV_ID:V1.0</identifier>
    <title>CASSINI Orbiter Instrument Experiment</title>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
    <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
    <label_revision_note>20090101:1.0 - initial version;
```

```

</label_revision_note>
<product_id>MYDATA.CSV</product_id>
<product_creation_time>2004-08-04T11:15:00
</product_creation_time>
<logical_identifier>
  PDSURN:CO-S-INST-2-DUMMY-DATA-V1.0:PDS4_PPI_STREAM_CSV_ID:V1.0
</logical_identifier>
<status>PENDING</status>
</Identification_Area>

<Description_Area>
  <description>ANNOTATION FOR THE PRODUCT GOES HERE</description>
</Description_Area>
<Cross_Reference_Area>
  <Data_Set_Reference>
    <data_set_guid>PDSURN:CO-S-INST-2-DUMMY-DATA-V1.0
    </data_set_guid>
    <data_set_logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:CO-S-INST-2-DUMMY-DATA</data_set_logical_identifier>
    </Data_Set_Reference>
    <Instrument_Host_Reference>
      <instrument_host_guid>
        PDSURN:CASSINI_ORBITER-V1.0</instrument_host_guid>
      <instrument_host_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:CASSINI_ORBITER</instrument_host_logical_identifier>
      </Instrument_Host_Reference>
    <Instrument_Reference>
      <instrument_guid>PDSURN:MY_INSTRUMENT-V1.0</instrument_guid>
      <instrument_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:MY_INSTRUMENT</instrument_logical_identifier>
      </Instrument_Reference>
    <Mission_Reference>
      <mission_guid>PDSURN:CASSINI-V1.0</mission_guid>
      <mission_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:CASSINI</mission_logical_identifier>
      </Mission_Reference>
    <Node_Reference>
      <node_guid>PDSURN:PLANETARY PLASMA INTERACTIONS-V1.0</node_guid>
      <node_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:PLANETARY PLASMA INTERACTIONS</node_logical_identifier>
      </Node_Reference>
    <Target_Reference>
      <target_guid>PDSURN:SATURN-V1.0</target_guid>
      <target_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:SATURN</target_logical_identifier>
      </Target_Reference>
    <Target_Reference>
      <target_guid>PDSURN:SOLAR_WIND-V1.0</target_guid>
      <target_logical_identifier>PDSURN:SOLAR_WIND
      </target_logical_identifier>
    </Target_Reference>
  </Cross_Reference_Area>
<Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
  <comment>Observation Intent</comment>
  <spacecraft_clock_start_count>N/A</spacecraft_clock_start_count>
  <spacecraft_clock_stop_count>N/A</spacecraft_clock_stop_count>
  <start_time>2004-03-04T00:00:00.012</start_time>
  <stop_time>2004-03-04T00:00:55.017</stop_time>
</Spacecraft_Circumstances_of_Observation_Area>
<Dataset_Area>
  <data_set_id>CO-S-INST-2-DUMMY-DATA-V1.0</data_set_id>
</Dataset_Area>
<Mission_Area>

```

```

    <mission_name>CASSINI</mission_name>
</Mission_Area>
<Instrument_Host_Area>
  <instrument_host_id>CASSINI_ORBITER</instrument_host_id>
</Instrument_Host_Area>
<Instrument_Area>
  <instrument_name>MY_INSTRUMENT</instrument_name>
</Instrument_Area>
<Node_Area>
  <node_name>PLANETARY PLASMA INTERACTIONS</node_name>
</Node_Area>
<Target_Area>
  <target_name>SATURN</target_name>
  <target_name>SOLAR_WIND</target_name>
</Target_Area>
<File_Area>
  <File_Character_Stream>
    <local_identifier>PDS4_PPI_STREAM_CSV_FILE_ID</local_identifier>
    <comment>add file comment here</comment>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <File_Character_Stream_field_delimiter>0x09
  </File_Character_Stream_field_delimiter>
    <file_size>111</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>PDS4_PPI_MYDATA.CSV
  </file_specification_name>
    <File_Character_file_type>CHARACTER</File_Character_file_type>
    <max_record_bytes>163</max_record_bytes>
    <File_Character_Stream_record_delimiter>0x0A
  </File_Character_Stream_record_delimiter>
    <File_Character_Stream_record_type>STREAM
  </File_Character_Stream_record_type>
  </File_Character_Stream>
</File_Area>
<Stream_Delimited_Set>
  <Stream_Delimited>
    <local_identifier>PDS4_PPI_STREAM_CSV_ID</local_identifier>
    <Stream_Delimited_field_delimiter>0x09
  </Stream_Delimited_field_delimiter>
    <Unencoded_Stream_Base_file_type>CHARACTER
  </Unencoded_Stream_Base_file_type>
    <maximum_record_length>163</maximum_record_length>
    <number_of_fields>6</number_of_fields>
    <number_of_records>20</number_of_records>
    <Stream_Delimited_record_delimiter>0x0A
  </Stream_Delimited_record_delimiter>
    <Data_Location>
      <file_local_identifier>PDS4_PPI_STREAM_CSV_FILE_ID
    </file_local_identifier>
      <offset>1</offset>
    </Data_Location>
    <Stream_Delimited_Record>
      <Stream_Delimited_Grouped_Sequence>
        <repetitions>1</repetitions>

        <Stream_Delimited_Field_Sequence>
          <Stream_Delimited_Field>
            <field_name>INDEX</field_name>
            <field_number>1</field_number>
            <field_data_type>CHARACTER</field_data_type>
            <field_description>Primary index into data record.
          </field_description>
            <field_bytes>6</field_bytes>
          </Stream_Delimited_Field>

```

```

<Stream_Delimited_Field>
  <field_name>TIME</field_name>
  <field_number>2</field_number>
  <field_data_type>TIME</field_data_type>
  <field_description>Spacecraft event time (UT) for this data
    record.</field_description>
  <field_bytes>23</field_bytes>
</Stream_Delimited_Field>
<Stream_Delimited_Field>
  <field_name>DURATION</field_name>
  <field_number>3</field_number>
  <field_data_type>ASCII_REAL</field_data_type>
  <field_format>F7.2</field_format>
  <field_unit>SECOND/FIELD_UNIT</field_unit>
  <field_description>Time interval over which counting
    was performed (seconds).
    </field_description>
  <field_bytes>7</field_bytes>
</Stream_Delimited_Field>
<Stream_Delimited_Field>
  <field_name>MODE</field_name>
  <field_number>4</field_number>
  <field_data_type>CHARACTER</field_data_type>
  <field_format>A7</field_format>
  <field_description>Scan mode name. See the instrument
    description for a complete list of
    scan mode names and properties.
    </field_description>
  <field_bytes>7</field_bytes>
</Stream_Delimited_Field>
</Stream_Delimited_Field_Sequence>
</Stream_Delimited_Grouped_Sequence>
</Stream_Delimited_Record>

<Stream_Delimited_Record>
  <Stream_Delimited_Grouped_Sequence>
    <repetitions>10</repetitions>

    <Stream_Delimited_Field_Sequence>
      <Stream_Delimited_Field>
        <field_name>ELECTRON COUNTS</field_name>
        <field_number>5</field_number>
        <field_data_type>ASCII_INTEGER</field_data_type>
        <field_format>I5</field_format>
        <field_unit>COUNTS/FIELD_UNIT</field_unit>
        <field_description>This field contains electron counts
          from channels E1-E10. Items without values indicate
          channels not counted during the interval. Values of
          zero denote counted channels in which no electrons
          were detected. Values of -1 denote corrupted data,
          excluded from the data file (counted, but value
          undefined).</field_description>
        <field_bytes>5</field_bytes>
      </Stream_Delimited_Field>
    </Stream_Delimited_Field_Sequence>
  </Stream_Delimited_Grouped_Sequence>
</Stream_Delimited_Record>

<Stream_Delimited_Record>
  <Stream_Delimited_Grouped_Sequence>
    <repetitions>10</repetitions>

    <Stream_Delimited_Field_Sequence>

```

```

<Stream_Delimited_Field>
  <field_name>ION COUNTS</field_name>
  <field_number>6</field_number>
  <field_data_type>ASCII_INTEGER</field_data_type>
  <field_format>I5</field_format>
  <field_unit>COUNTS</field_unit>
  <field_description>This field contains ion counts from
    channels D1-D10. Items without values indicate channels
    not counted during the interval. Values of zero denote
    counted channels in which no ions were detected. Values
    of -1 denote corrupted data, excluded from the data file
    (counted, but value undefined).</field_description>
  <field_bytes>5</field_bytes>
</Stream_Delimited_Field>
</Stream_Delimited_Field_Sequence>
</Stream_Delimited_Grouped_Sequence>
</Stream_Delimited_Record>
</Stream_Delimited>
</Stream_Delimited_Set>
</Product_Stream_Delimited>

```

7.3.1.4 PDS4 STREAM_DELIMITED and PDS3 SPREADSHEET Parallelisms

TBD

7.3.2 SOFTWARE_SET

This section describes the SOFTWARE_SET class where one or more files, as identified as a set, comprise a logically complete “copy” of the referenced Software.

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 SOFTWARE object to the PDS4 SOFTWARE_SET class and demonstrates how the software “pieces / fragments” can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.3.2.1 SOFTWARE_SET Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.3.2-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 SOFTWARE_SET class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the required or optional status, and the cardinality of repeating structures.

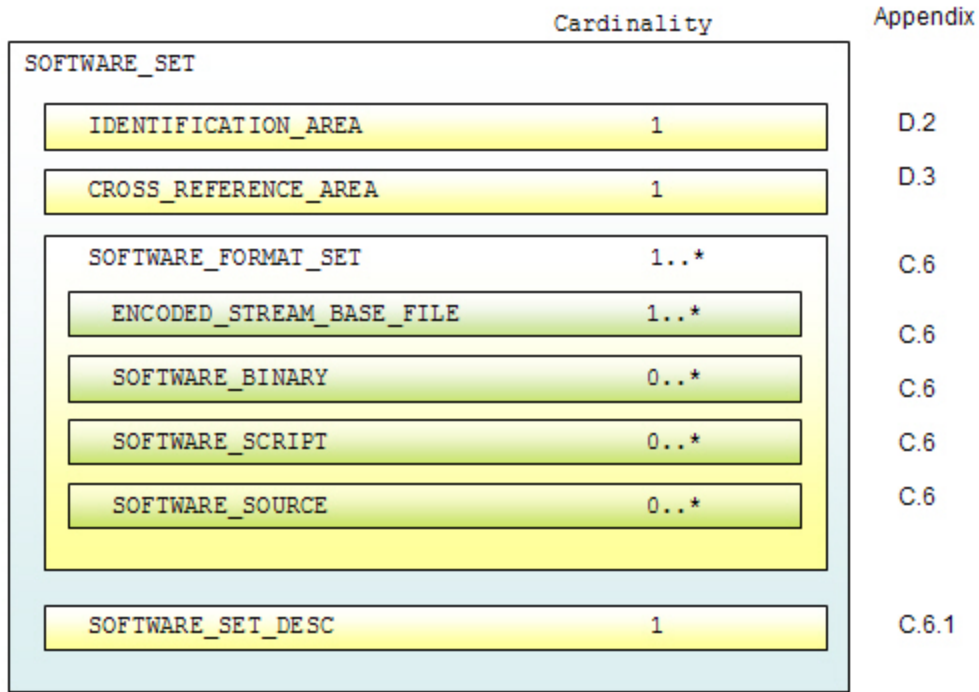


Figure 7.3.2-1. Diagram of the SOFTWARE_SET Schema

From Figure 7.3.2-1, the overall structure of the SOFTWARE_SET data object description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the SOFTWARE_SET data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

7.3.2.2 SOFTWARE_SET Structure and Constituent Parts

Figure 7.3.3-2 depicts a representation of the overall structure and the individual constituent parts of a PDS4 SOFTWARE_SET.

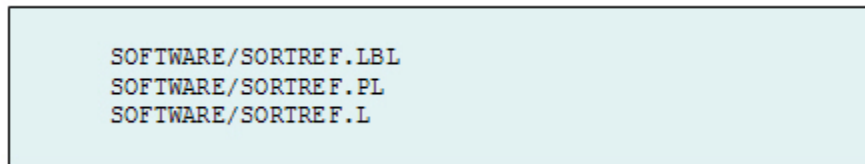


Figure 7.3.2-2. Diagram of the SOFTWARE_SET Structure

With respect to the above structure:

1. The set of software files is described by the LBL file which is resident in the SOFTWARE directory.

2. The software is comprised of a single Perl script.
3. The UNIX-man file is considered a document and is described using the DOCUMENT_SET class.

7.3.2.3 SOFTWARE_SET Label Scheme

This section depicts how the structure and constituent parts of a SOFTWARE_SET, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 SOFTWARE_SET class is the successor to the PDS3 SOFTWARE object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema: : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific "other" Schema(s): : <http://tbd>

7.3.2.3.1 PDS3 SOFTWARE_SET Structure and Constituent Parts

Under PDS3, the data product depicted in Figure 7.3.2-2 is described by a very terse set of information which principally focused on a high level description of the software function.

```

PDS_VERSION_ID      = PDS3
RECORD_TYPE         = STREAM

OBJECT              = SOFTWARE
  SOFTWARE_ID        = SBN_REFSORT
  SOFTWARE_VERSION_ID = "V1.0"
  SOFTWARE_PURPOSE   = VERIFICATION

OBJECT              = SOFTWARE_INFORMATION
  SOFTWARE_NAME      = REFSORT
  DATA_FORMAT       = PDS
  SOFTWARE_LICENSE_TYPE = "PUBLIC DOMAIN"
  TECHNICAL_SUPPORT_TYPE = FULL
  REQUIRED_STORAGE_BYTES = 5000
  PDS_USER_ID        = "N/A"
  NODE_ID            = SBN
  SOFTWARE_DESC       = "This Perl utility sorts a file containing
                        a series of (properly-formatted) REFERENCE

```

```

objects according to the value of the
REFERENCE_KEY_ID elements. Formatting is
not otherwise changed. A text version
of a Unix 'man' page is included in the
distribution, in addition to the man page
source file."
END_OBJECT = SOFTWARE_INFORMATION

OBJECT      = SOFTWARE_ONLINE
ON_LINE_IDENTIFICATION =
"http://pdssbn.astro.umd.edu/software/refsort.tar"
ON_LINE_NAME      = "SBN REFERENCE Object Source Routine"
NODE_ID           = SBN
PROTOCOL_TYPE    = URL
PLATFORM         = MULTIPLE
END_OBJECT = SOFTWARE_ONLINE

END_OBJECT = SOFTWARE
END

```

7.3.2.3.2 PDS4 SOFTWARE_SET Structure and Constituent Parts

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 in a single label by use of the SOFTWARE_SET class. Under PDS4, the SOFTWARE_SET data product depicted in Figure 7.3.2-2 is described by a more descriptive set of metadata that is descriptive of the function of the software; as well as, the document that accompany the software.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Software_Set xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
  file:Software_Set_2009-06-09m.xsd">
  <Identification_Area>
    <guid>PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_ODL_ID:V1.0</guid>
    <identifier>PDSURN:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_SOFTWARE_SET</identifier>
    <title>SBN REFSOFT V1.0 Perl Source Routine</title>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
    <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
    <label_revision_note>
      20090101:1.0 - initial version
    </label_revision_note>
    <product_id>SBN_REFSOFT_PERL_ROUTINE_V1.0</product_id>
    <product_creation_time>2008-12-23T00:36:08.000</product_creation_time>
    <logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_ODL_ID
    </logical_identifier>
    <status>PENDING</status>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Cross_Reference_Area>
    <!-- Include references to external docs
      (1) REFSOFT UNIX-man file
      (2) REFSOFT Programmers manual
      (3) REFSOFT Users Guide
    -->
    <Document_Reference>
      <document_guid>

```

```

    PDSURN:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_MAN_REFERENCE_ID:V1.0
  </document_guid>
  <document_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_MAN_REFERENCE_ID
  </document_logical_identifier>
  <document_guid>
    PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_PROGRAMMERS_MANUAL_ID:V1.0
  </document_guid>
  <document_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_PROGRAMMERS_MANUAL_ID
  </document_logical_identifier>
  <document_guid>
    PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_USERS_MANUAL_ID:V1.0
  </document_guid>
  <document_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_USERS_MANUAL_ID
  </document_logical_identifier>
</Document_Reference>
<Node_Reference>
  <node_guid>PDSURN:SBN-V1.0</node_guid>
  <node_logical_identifier>
    PDSURN:SBN-V1.0
  </node_logical_identifier>
</Node_Reference>
</Cross_Reference_Area>
<Software_Format_Set>
  <associated_object_local_id>
    PDSURN:MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_ODL_ID:V1.0
  </associated_object_local_id>
  <Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
    <local_identifier>
      MPFL-M-IMP-2-EDR-V1.0:PDS4_SBN_REFSOFT_ODL_ID
    </local_identifier>
    <checksum>123</checksum>
    <file_size>12345</file_size>
    <file_specification_name>REFSOFT.PERL</file_specification_name>
    <file_type>SCRIPT</file_type>
  </Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
  <Software_Script>
    <files>1</files>
    <install_notes>NONE</install_notes>
    <supported_environment>MOST</supported_environment>
    <system_requirements>PERL</system_requirements>
  </Software_Script>
</Software_Format_Set>
<Software_Set_Desc>
  <version>1.0</version>
  <author_list>A.RAUGH</author_list>
  <description>Reads a file containing a simple list
    of PDS REFERENCE object definitions,
    sorts the definitions based on the
    REFERENCE_KEY_ID values, and output the
    result.

```

Any lines in the file preceding the first REFERENCE object are preserved; comments between references and any lines following the END statement are deleted.

A single blank line will be inserted between REFERENCE objects. If the input lines are padded to 80 bytes and have CR/LF carriage-control, so will the inserted blank lines;

```

        otherwise these will just consist of a
        linefeed. The output file will only contain an
        END statement if one was found in the original
        file.</description>
<name>SBN -- SORT References based on REF_KEY_ID</name>
<programmers_manual_identifier>
    PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_PROGRAMMERS_MANUAL_ID
</programmers_manual_identifier>
<software_id>PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_V1.0</software_id>
<software_type>SCRIPT</software_type>
<users_manual_identifier>
    PDSURN:SBN_REFSOFT_USERS_MANUAL_ID
</users_manual_identifier>
</Software_Set_Desc>
</Software_Set>

```

7.3.2.4 PDS4 SOFTWARE_SET and PDS3 SOFTWARE Parallelisms

TBD

7.4 ENCODED STREAM BASE

7.4.1 DOCUMENT_SET

This section describes the DOCUMENT_SET class where one or more files, as identified as a set, comprise a logically complete “copy” of the referenced document file(s).

This section identifies a mapping of the PDS3 DOCUMENT object to the PDS4 DOCUMENT_SET class and demonstrates how the document “pieces / fragments” can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

7.4.1.1 DOCUMENT_SET Class Description and Schema

Figure 7.4.1-1 depicts a representation of the PDS4 DOCUMENT_SET class and the associated parent and child classes. The figure additionally lists the required or optional status, and the cardinality of repeating structures.

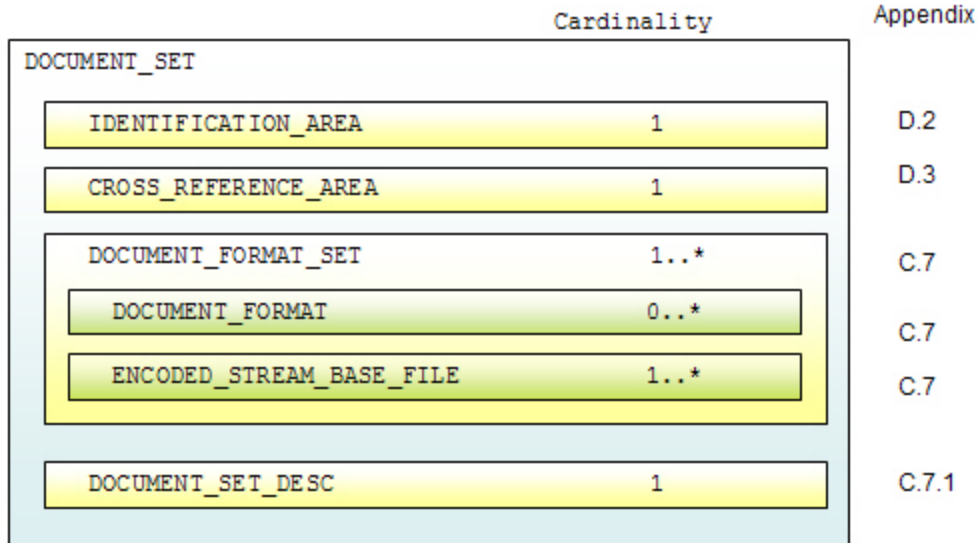


Figure 7.4.1-1. Diagram of the DOCUMENT_SET Schema

From Figure 7.4.1-1, the overall structure of the DOCUMENT_SET data object description can be easily discerned and understood. A detailed set of diagrams of the composite classes that comprise the DOCUMENT_SET data product description can be found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

7.4.1.2 DOCUMENT_SET Structure and Constituent Parts

Figure 7.4.1-2 depicts a representation of the overall structure and the individual constituent parts of a PDS4 DOCUMENT_SET.

Diagram illustrating the structure of a DOCUMENT_SET, showing a list of files organized into two main directories: DOCUMENT and DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES.

```

DOCUMENT/MECA_RDR_SIS.LBL
DOCUMENT/MECA_RDR_SIS.PDF
DOCUMENT/MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE001.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE002.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE003.JPG
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE004.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE005.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE006.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE007.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE008.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE009.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE010.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE011.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE012.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE013.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE014.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE015.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE016.JPG
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE017.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE018.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE019.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE020.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE021.GIF
DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES/IMAGE022.GIF

```

Figure 7.4.1-2. Diagram of the DOCUMENT_SET Structure

With respect to the above structure:

1. The set of documents is described by the LBL file which is resident in the DOCUMENT directory.
2. The document is represented as both a PDF version and an HTML version.
3. The PDF version is comprised of a single file which is resident in the DOCUMENT directory.
4. The HTML version is a multi-part document which is comprised of some 20+ files where the parent HTM file, resident in the DOCUMENT directory, references the 20+ associated images which are resident in the DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES directory.

7.4.1.3 DOCUMENT_SET Label Scheme

This section depicts how the structure and constituent parts of a DOCUMENT_SET, as illustrated above, can be described by both a PDS3 label and a PDS4 label.

The PDS4 DOCUMENT_SET class is the successor to the PDS3 DOCUMENT object.

The files that describe both the PDS3 and the PDS4 data products described within this section can be found at:

- PDS3 ODL Label: <http://tbd>
- PDS3 data product: <http://tbd>

- PDS4 XML Label : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 XML Label template : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Generic Schema : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific Product Schema : <http://tbd>
- PDS4 Specific "other" Schema(s) : <http://tbd>

7.4.1.3.1 PDS3 DOCUMENT_SET Label Scheme

Under PDS3, the data product depicted in Figure 7.4.1-2 must be described by two separate label files, as the files that comprise the document reside in separate directories.

The primary label describes the files that reside in the DOCUMENT directory. These files describe both the PDF version and the HTML version of the document:

```

PDS_VERSION_ID      = PDS3
RECORD_TYPE         = UNDEFINED
^PDF_DOCUMENT       = "MECA_RDR_SIS.PDF"
^HTML_DOCUMENT      = "MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"

OBJECT              = PDF_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "Phoenix Project Software Interface
                      Specification(SIS) MECA Non-Imaging Reduced
                      Data Record (RDR)"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "DATA PRODUCT SIS"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT  = BINARY
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = "ADOBE PDF"
DESCRIPTION         = "The MECA Non-Imaging RDR SIS
                      describes the format and content of MECA
                      Non-Imaging RDR data products. This file
                      is intended to be viewed using a PDF reader
                      such as Adobe Acrobat."
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = PDF_DOCUMENT

OBJECT              = HTML_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "Phoenix Project Software Interface
                      Specification(SIS) MECA Non-Imaging
                      Reduced Data Record (RDR)"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "DATA PRODUCT SIS"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT  = ASCII
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = "HTML"
DESCRIPTION         = "The MECA Non-Imaging RDR SIS
                      describes the format and content of MECA
                      Non-Imaging RDR data products. This file

```



```

                                is intended to be viewed using a web
                                browser."
PUBLICATION_DATE                = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT                       = HTML_DOCUMENT
END

```

The secondary label describes the files that reside in the DOCUMENT/IMAGE_FILES directory. These files describe the GIF and JPG images that are referenced by the HTML version of the document:

```

PDS_VERSION_ID                  = PDS3
RECORD_TYPE                     = UNDEFINED

^GIF1_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE001.GIF"
^GIF2_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE002.GIF"
^JPG3_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE003.JPG"
^GIF4_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE004.GIF"
^GIF5_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE005.GIF"
^GIF6_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE006.GIF"
^GIF7_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE007.GIF"
^GIF8_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE008.GIF"
^GIF9_DOCUMENT                  = "IMAGE009.GIF"
^GIF10_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE010.GIF"
^GIF11_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE011.GIF"
^GIF12_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE012.GIF"
^GIF13_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE013.GIF"
^GIF14_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE014.GIF"
^GIF15_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE015.GIF"
^JPG16_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE016.JPG"
^GIF17_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE017.GIF"
^GIF18_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE018.GIF"
^GIF19_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE019.GIF"
^GIF20_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE020.GIF"
^GIF21_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE021.GIF"
^GIF22_DOCUMENT                 = "IMAGE022.GIF"

OBJECT                           = GIF1_DOCUMENT
  DOCUMENT_NAME                  = "IMAGE001.GIF"
  DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE            = "N/A"
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT             = BINARY
  DOCUMENT_FORMAT                = GIF
  DESCRIPTION                    = "Image 1 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
  PUBLICATION_DATE               = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT                       = GIF1_DOCUMENT

OBJECT                           = GIF2_DOCUMENT
  DOCUMENT_NAME                  = "IMAGE002.GIF"
  DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE            = "N/A"
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT             = BINARY
  DOCUMENT_FORMAT                = GIF
  DESCRIPTION                    = "Image 2 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
  PUBLICATION_DATE               = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT                       = GIF2_DOCUMENT

OBJECT                           = JPG3_DOCUMENT
  DOCUMENT_NAME                  = "IMAGE003.JPG"
  DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE            = "N/A"
  INTERCHANGE_FORMAT             = BINARY
  DOCUMENT_FORMAT                = JPG

```

DESCRIPTION = "Image 3 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = JPG3_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF4_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE004.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 4 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF4_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF5_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE005.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 5 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF5_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF6_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE006.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 6 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF6_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF7_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE007.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 7 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF7_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF8_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE008.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 8 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF8_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF9_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE009.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 9 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF9_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF10_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE010.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF

DESCRIPTION = "Image 10 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF10_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF11_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE011.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 11 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF11_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF12_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE012.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 12 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF12_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF13_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE013.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 13 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF13_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF14_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE014.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 14 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF14_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF15_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE015.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 15 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = GIF15_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = JPG16_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE016.JPG"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = JPG
 DESCRIPTION = "Image 16 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
 PUBLICATION_DATE = 2008-12-23
 END_OBJECT = JPG16_DOCUMENT

OBJECT = GIF17_DOCUMENT
 DOCUMENT_NAME = "IMAGE017.GIF"
 DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
 INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
 DOCUMENT_FORMAT = GIF

```

DESCRIPTION          = "Image 17 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = GIF17_DOCUMENT

OBJECT              = GIF18_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "IMAGE018.GIF"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = GIF
DESCRIPTION         = "Image 18 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = GIF18_DOCUMENT

OBJECT              = GIF19_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "IMAGE019.GIF"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = GIF
DESCRIPTION         = "Image 19 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = GIF19_DOCUMENT

OBJECT              = GIF20_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "IMAGE020.GIF"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = GIF
DESCRIPTION         = "Image 20 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = GIF20_DOCUMENT

OBJECT              = GIF21_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "IMAGE021.GIF"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = GIF
DESCRIPTION         = "Image 21 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = GIF21_DOCUMENT

OBJECT              = GIF22_DOCUMENT
DOCUMENT_NAME       = "IMAGE022.GIF"
DOCUMENT_TOPIC_TYPE = "N/A"
INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY
DOCUMENT_FORMAT     = GIF
DESCRIPTION         = "Image 22 in MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM"
PUBLICATION_DATE    = 2008-12-23
END_OBJECT          = GIF22_DOCUMENT

END

```

7.4.1.3.2 PDS4 DOCUMENT_SET Label Scheme

The same data product can also be described in PDS4 in a single label by use of the DOCUMENT_SET class:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Document_Set xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common"

```

```

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://pds.nasa.gov/schema/pds4/common
file:Document_Set_2009-06-09m.xsd">
  <Identification_Area>
    <guid>PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET:V1.0</guid>
    <identifier>PDSURN:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET</identifier>
    <title>Phoenix Project Software Interface Specification
      (SIS) MECA Non-Imaging Reduced Data Record (RDR)
    </title>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <dd_version_id>PDS4_PDSDD_V.09</dd_version_id>
    <pds_version_id>PDS4.0</pds_version_id>
    <label_revision_note>
      20090101:1.0 - initial version
    </label_revision_note>
    <product_id>PDSURN:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET_V1.0</product_id>
    <product_creation_time>2008-12-23T00:36:08.000</product_creation_time>
    <logical_identifier>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET_ID
    </logical_identifier>
    <status>PENDING</status>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Cross_Reference_Area>
    <Node_Reference>
      <node_guid>PDSURN:SBN-V1.0</node_guid>
      <node_logical_identifier>
        PDSURN:GEOSCIENCES-V1.0
      </node_logical_identifier>
    </Node_Reference>
  </Cross_Reference_Area>
  <Document_Format_Set>
    <associated_object_local_id>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET:V1.0
    </associated_object_local_id>
    <description>
      The PDF version of the MECA Non-Imaging RDR SIS
    </description>
    <Document_Format>
      <description>N/A</description>
      <Document_Format_format_type>PDF</Document_Format_format_type>
    </Document_Format>
    <Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
      <local_identifier>PDSURN:MECA_RDR_SIS-PDF_FILE</local_identifier>
      <checksum>123</checksum>
      <file_size>111</file_size>
      <file_specification_name>MECA_RDR_SIS.PDF</file_specification_name>
      <file_type>BINARY</file_type>
    </Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
  </Document_Format_Set>
  <Document_Format_Set>
    <associated_object_local_id>
      PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET:V1.0
    </associated_object_local_id>
    <description>
      The HTML version of the MECA Non-Imaging RDR SIS
    </description>
    <Document_Format>
      <description>N/A</description>
      <Document_Format_format_type>HTML</Document_Format_format_type>
    </Document_Format>
    <Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
      <local_identifier>PDSURN:MECA_RDR_SIS-HTML_FILE</local_identifier>
      <checksum>111</checksum>

```

```

        <file_size>111</file_size>
        <file_specification_name>MECA_RDR_SIS.HTM</file_specification_name>
        <file_type>CHARACTER</file_type>
    </Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
</Document_Format_Set>
<Document_Format_Set>
    <associated_object_local_id>
        PDSURN:PHX-M-MECA-4-NIRDR-V1.0:PDS4_MECA_DOCUMENT_SET:V1.0
    </associated_object_local_id>
    <description>
        The GIF images that reside within the HTM
    </description>
    <Document_Format>
        <description>N/A</description>
        <Document_Format_format_type>GIF</Document_Format_format_type>
    </Document_Format>
    <Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
        <local_identifier>PDSURN:MECA_RDR_SIS-IMAGE_001</local_identifier>
        <checksum>111</checksum>
        <file_size>111</file_size>
        <file_specification_name>IMAGE_001.GIF</file_specification_name>
        <file_type>BINARY</file_type>
    </Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
    <Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
        <local_identifier>PDSURN:MECA_RDR_SIS-IMAGE_002</local_identifier>
        <checksum>111</checksum>
        <file_size>111</file_size>
        <file_specification_name>IMAGE_002.GIF</file_specification_name>
        <file_type>BINARY</file_type>
    </Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
    <!--
    .
    .
    .
-->
    <Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
        <local_identifier>PDSURN:MECA_RDR_SIS-IMAGE_022</local_identifier>
        <checksum>111</checksum>
        <file_size>111</file_size>
        <file_specification_name>IMAGE_022.GIF</file_specification_name>
        <file_type>BINARY</file_type>
    </Encoded_Stream_Base_File>
</Document_Format_Set>
<Document_Set_Desc>
    <title>Phoenix Project Software Interface Specification
        (SIS) MECA Non-Imaging Reduced Data Record (RDR)</title>
    <acknowledgement>N/A</acknowledgement>
    <author_list>S.SLAVNEY</author_list>
    <description>Phoenix Project Software Interface Specification
        (SIS) MECA Non-Imaging Reduced Data
        Record (RDR)</description>
    <doi>N/A</doi>
    <publication_date>2008-12-23</publication_date>
    <Document_Set_Desc_rights>PUBLIC_DOMAIN</Document_Set_Desc_rights>
</Document_Set_Desc>
</Document_Set>

```

7.4.1.4 PDS4 DOCUMENT_SET and PDS3 DOCUMENT Parallelisms

TBD

APPENDIX A ACRONYMS

The following acronyms are pertinent to this document:

ADM	Architecture Development Method
API	Application Programming Interface
COTS	Commercial Off-The-Shelf
EN	Engineering Node (PDS)
ESDIS	Earth Science Data and Information System
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IPDA	International Planetary Data Alliance
IT	Information Technology
JPL	Jet Propulsion Laboratory
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NSSDC	National Space Science Data Center
PDS	Planetary Data System
RM-ODP	Reference Model of Open Distributed Processing
RSS	Really Simple Syndication
SDSC	San Diego Supercomputing Center
SOA	Service-Oriented Architecture
TB	Terabyte
TOGAF	The Open Group Architecture Framework
XML	eXtensible Markup Language

APPENDIX B DEFINITION OF TERMS

The following are definitions of essential terms used throughout this document:

Association:

An "association" is a type of defined relationship between classes.

Attribute:

An "attribute" is a property or characteristic that allows both identification and distinction.

Cardinality:

"Cardinality" is the number of values allowed to an attribute or association in a single class. Cardinality in general is stated as a range with a minimum and maximum. For example, an attribute that may be multi-valued will have a cardinality of "1..*". A cardinality where the minimum and maximum are the same is often shown as the single value. For example, an attribute required to have exactly one value will have a cardinality of "1". When a value is required the minimum cardinality is at least 1. At least one value is always required in PDS4.

Class:

A "class" is the set of attributes which identifies a family. A class is generic -- a template from which individual members of each family may be constructed.

Class Hierarchy:

A "class hierarchy" is a classification of object types, denoting objects as the instantiations of classes.

Data Elements:

A "data element" is a discrete unit of data or metadata. It is an elementary piece of information in a data dictionary.

Entity:

An "entity" is something that has a distinct, separate existence.

Metadata:

Metadata is data about data.

Model:

A "model" is a representation or description designed to show an entity and its composition.

Object:

An "object" is a specific instance of a class.

APPENDIX C DIGITAL OBJECT DESCRIPTIONS

This section provides a detailed diagrams of the Classes that collectively comprise the Digital Object Descriptions that are referenced within this document:

- (1) IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_SET
- (2) TABLE_CHARACTER_SET
- (3) TABLE_BINARY_SET
- (4) SOFTWARE_SET
- (5) DOCUMENT_SET

C.1 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_SET

Class Description: TBD

IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_SET	1
DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..*
IMAGE_GRAYSCALE	1
OBJECT_STATISTICS	0..1
SPECIAL_CONSTANTS	0..1
PROPERTY_MAP	0..1

C.1.1 IMAGE_GRAYSCALE

IMAGE_GRAYSCALE	1
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_AXES_ORDER	1
IMAGE_GRAYSCALE_BYTE_ORDER	1
ARRAY_BASE_FILE_TYPE	1
ARRAY_BASE_FIRST_ELEMENT	1
ARRAY_BASE_MIN_INDEX	1
ARRAY_2D_NUMBER_OF_AXES	1

DATA_LOCATION	1
FILE_LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
OFFSET	1

ARRAY_AXIS	2
AXIS_LENGTH	1
AXIS_NAME	1
AXIS_SCALE_TYPE	1
AXIS_UNIT	1

ARRAY_ELEMENT	1
ELEMENT_BYTES	0..1
ELEMENT_SCALING_FACTOR	0..1
ELEMENT_TYPE	1
ELEMENT_UNIT	0..1
ELEMENT_VALUE_OFFSET	0..1

C.2 TABLE_CHARACTER_SET

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_CHARACTER_SET	1
DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..*
TABLE_CHARACTER	1
PROPERTY_MAP	0..1

C.2.1 TABLE_CHARACTER

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_CHARACTER	1
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
TABLE_BASE_CHARACTER_FILE_TYPE	1
NAME	0..1
NUMBER_OF_FIELDS	1
NUMBER_OF_ROWS	1
RECORD_BYTES	1
DATA_LOCATION	1
FILE_LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
OFFSET	1
TABLE_RECORD_CHARACTER	1..*
TABLE_CHARACTER_FIELD	1..*
FIELD_NAME	1
FIELD_NUMBER	0..1
FIELD_DATA_TYPE	1
FIELD_LOCATION	0..1
FIELD_LENGTH	1
FIELD_FORMAT	0..1
FIELD_MIN_PHYSICAL	0..1
FIELD_MAX_PHYSICAL	0..1
FIELD_MIN_LOGICAL	0..1
FIELD_MAX_LOGICAL	0..1
FIELD_SCALING_FACTOR	0..1
FIELD_VALUE_OFFSET	0..1
FIELD_UNIT	0..1
FIELD_DESCRIPTION	0..1
OBJECT_STATISTICS	0..*
SPECIAL_CONSTANTS	0..1

C.3 TABLE_BINARY_SET

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_BINARY_SET	1
DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..*
TABLE_BINARY	1
PROPERTY_MAP	0..1

C.3.1 TABLE_BINARY

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_BINARY	1
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
TABLE_BASE_BINARY_FILE_TYPE	1
NAME	0..1
NUMBER_OF_FIELDS	1
NUMBER_OF_ROWS	1
RECORD_BYTES	1
DATA_LOCATION	1
FILE_LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
OFFSET	1
TABLE_RECORD_BINARY	1..*
TABLE_BINARY_FIELD	1..*
FIELD_NAME	1
FIELD_NUMBER	0..1
FIELD_DATA_TYPE	1
FIELD_LOCATION	0..1
FIELD_LENGTH	1
FIELD_FORMAT	0..1
FIELD_MIN_PHYSICAL	0..1
FIELD_MAX_PHYSICAL	0..1
FIELD_MIN_LOGICAL	0..1
FIELD_MAX_LOGICAL	0..1
FIELD_SCALING_FACTOR	0..1
FIELD_VALUE_OFFSET	0..1
FIELD_UNIT	0..1
FIELD_DESCRIPTION	0..1
OBJECT_STATISTICS	0..*
SPECIAL_CONSTANTS	0..1

C.4 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_SET

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_SET	1
DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..*
TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED	1
PROPERTY_MAP	0..1

C.4.1 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED	1
DATA_LOCATION	1
TABLE_RECORD_CHARACTER_GROUPED	1..*

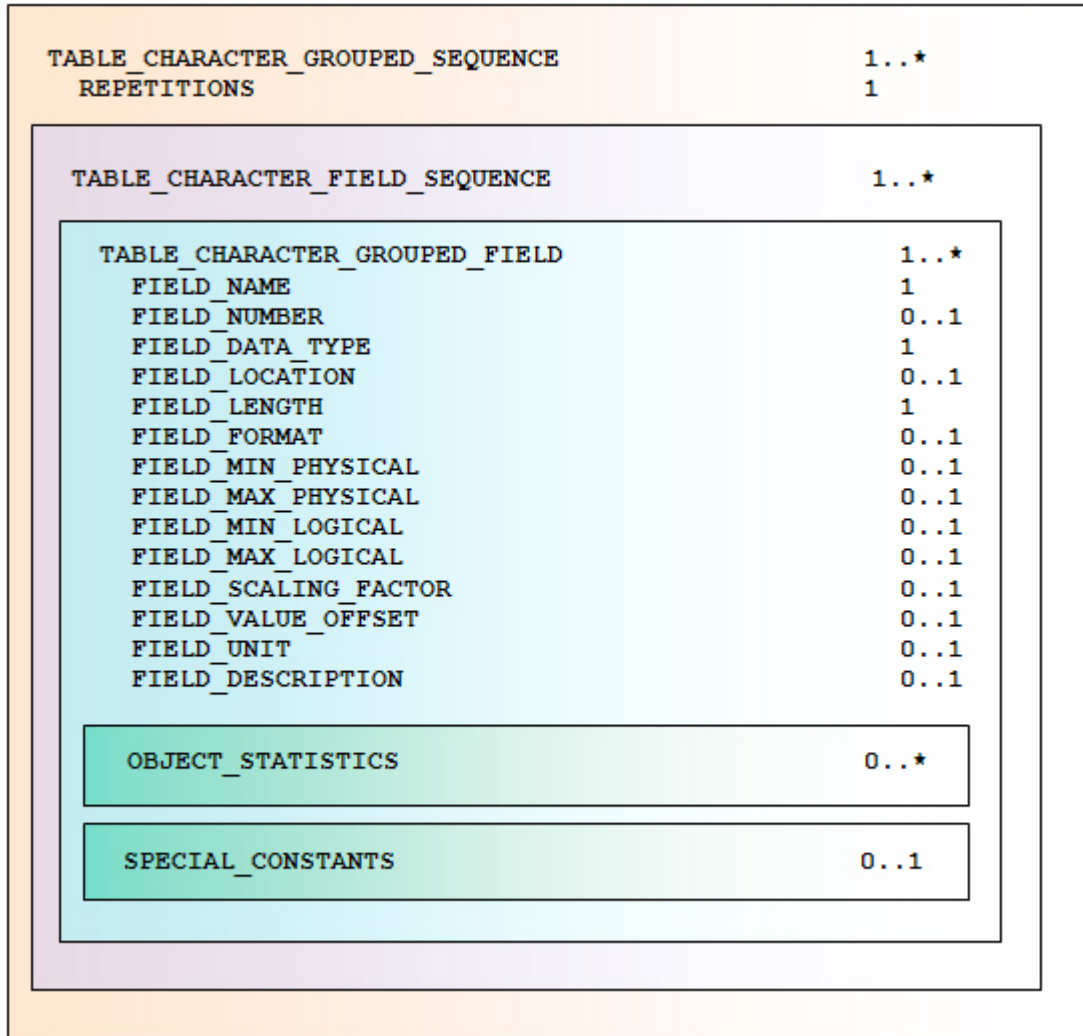
C.4.2 TABLE_RECORD_CHARACTER_GROUPED

Class Description: TBD

TABLE_RECORD_CHARACTER_GROUPED	1..*
TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_SEQUENCE	1..*

C.4.3 TABLE_CHARACTER_GROUPED_SEQUENCE

Class Description: TBD



C.5 STREAM_DELIMITED_SET

Class Description: TBD

STREAM_DELIMITED_SET	1
DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..*
STREAM_DELIMITED	1
PROPERTY_MAP	0..1

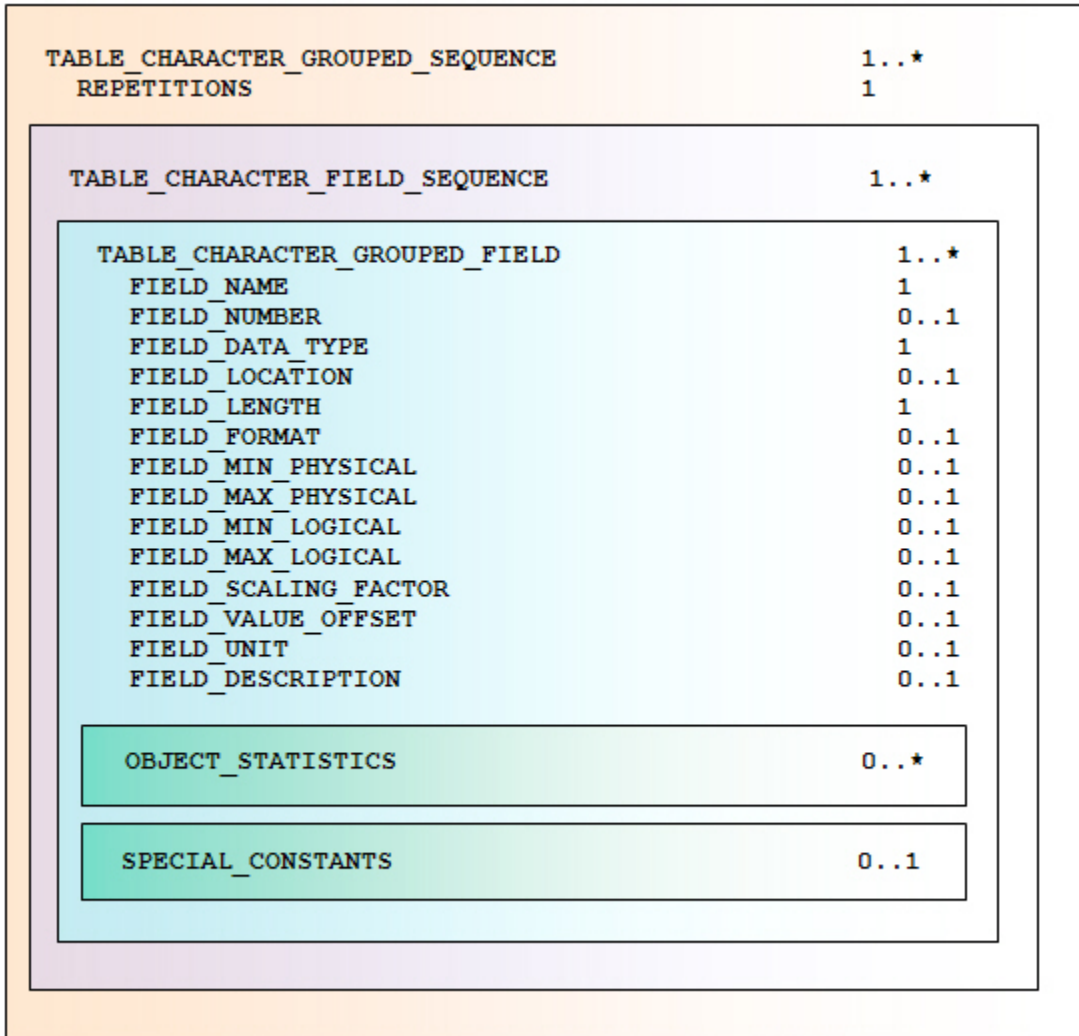
C.5.1 STREAM_DELIMITED

Class Description: TBD

STREAM_DELIMITED	1
DATA_LOCATION	1
STREAM_DELIMITED_RECORD	1..*

C.5.2 STREAM_DELIMITED_RECORD

Class Description: TBD



C.6 SOFTWARE_FORMAT_SET

Class Description: TBD

SOFTWARE_FORMAT_SET	1..*
ASSOCIATED_OBJECT_LOCAL_ID	0..*
DESCRIPTION	0..1
ENCODED_STREAM_BASE_FILE	
ENCODED_STREAM_BASE_FILE	1..*
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
CHECKSUM	1
FILE_SIZE	1
FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1
FILE_TYPE	1
SOFTWARE_BINARY	
SOFTWARE_BINARY	0..*
OS_VERSION	1
FILES	1
PROGRAM_NOTES_IDENTIFIER	1
SUPPORTED_OS	1
SUPPORTED_ARCHITECTURE	1
SW_FORMAT_TYPE	1
SYSTEM_REQUIREMENTS	1
SOFTWARE_SCRIPT	
SOFTWARE_SCRIPT	0..*
FILES	1
INSTALL_NOTES	1
SUPPORTED_ENVIRONMENT	1
SYSTEM_REQUIREMENTS	1
SOFTWARE_SOURCE	
SOFTWARE_SOURCE	0..*
OS_VERSION	1
COMPILE_NOTES	1
FILES	1
PROGRAM_NOTES_IDENTIFIER	1
SOFTWARE_DIALECT	1
SOFTWARE_LANGUAGE	1
SUPPORTED_OS	1..*
SUPPORTED_ARCHITECTURE	1..*
SW_FORMAT_TYPE	1
SYSTEM_REQUIREMENTS	1

C.6.1 SOFTWARE_SET_DESC

Class Description: TBD

SOFTWARE_SET_DESC	1
VERSION	1
AUTHOR_LIST	1
DESCRIPTION	1
NAME	1
PROGRAMMERS_MANUAL_IDENTIFIER	1
SOFTWARE_ID	1
SOFTWARE_TYPE	1
USERS_MANUAL_IDENTIFIER	1

C.7 DOCUMENT_FORMAT_SET

Class Description: TBD

DOCUMENT_FORMAT_SET	1..*												
ASSOCIATED_OBJECT_LOCAL_ID	0..*												
DESCRIPTION	0..1												
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>DOCUMENT_FORMAT</td> <td>0..*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DESCRIPTION</td> <td>0..1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DOCUMENT_FORMAT_FORMAT_TYPE</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table>		DOCUMENT_FORMAT	0..*	DESCRIPTION	0..1	DOCUMENT_FORMAT_FORMAT_TYPE	1						
DOCUMENT_FORMAT	0..*												
DESCRIPTION	0..1												
DOCUMENT_FORMAT_FORMAT_TYPE	1												
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>ENCODED_STREAM_BASE_FILE</td> <td>1..*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LOCAL_IDENTIFIER</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CHECKSUM</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FILE_SIZE</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FILE_TYPE</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table>		ENCODED_STREAM_BASE_FILE	1..*	LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1	CHECKSUM	1	FILE_SIZE	1	FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1	FILE_TYPE	1
ENCODED_STREAM_BASE_FILE	1..*												
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1												
CHECKSUM	1												
FILE_SIZE	1												
FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1												
FILE_TYPE	1												

C.7.1 DOCUMENT_SET_DESC

Class Description: TBD

DOCUMENT_SET_DESC	1
TITLE	1
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	0..1
AUTHOR_LIST	1
DESCRIPTION	0..1
DOI	0..1
PUBLICATION_DATE	1
RIGHTS	1

C.x HEADER_SET

Class Description: TBD

HEADER_SET	1
DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..1
HEADER	1
PROPERTY_MAP	0..1

C.x.1 HEADER

Class Description: TBD

HEADER	0..1
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
BYTES	1
DESCRIPTION	0..1
EXTERNAL_STANDARD	1
ENCODED_STREAM_BASE_FILE_TYPE	1
NAME	0..1
DATA_LOCATION	1

APPENDIX D NON-DIGITAL OBJECT DESCRIPTIONS

This section provides a detailed diagrams of the Classes that collectively comprise the Non-Digital Object Descriptions that are referenced within this document:

- (1) DESCRIPTION_AREA
- (2) IDENTIFICATION_AREA
- (3) CROSS_REFERENCE_AREA
- (4) CIRCUMSTANCES_OF_OBSERVATION_SECTION
- (5) SPACECRAFT_CIRCUMSTANCES_OF_OBSERVATION_SECTION
- (6) OBJECT_STATISTICS
- (7) SPECIAL_CONSTANTS
- (8) PROPERTY_MAP
- (9) FILE_AREA
- (10) DATA_LOCATION

D.1 DESCRIPTION_AREA

Class Description: TBD

DESCRIPTION_AREA	0..1
DESCRIPTION	1

D.2 IDENTIFICATION_AREA

Class Description: TBD

IDENTIFICATION_AREA	1
GUID	1
IDENTIFIER	1
TITLE	1
VERSION	1
DD_VERSION_ID	1
PDS_VERSION_ID	1
LABEL_REVISION_NOTE	1
PRODUCT_ID	1
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME	1
ALTERNATIVE	0..1
LOGICAL_IDENTIFIER	1
STATUS	1

D.3 CROSS_REFERENCE_AREA

Class Description: TBD

CROSS_REFERENCE_AREA	1
DATA_SET_REFERENCE	1..*
DOCUMENT_REFERENCE	1..*
INSTRUMENT_HOST_REFERENCE	1..*
INSTRUMENT_REFERENCE	1..*
MISSION_REFERENCE	1..*
NODE_REFERENCE	1..*
TARGET_REFERENCE	1..*

D.4 CIRCUMSTANCES_OF_OBSERVATION_AREA

Class Description: TBD

CIRCUMSTANCES_OF_OBSERVATION_AREA	1
COMMENT	0..1
START_TIME	1
STOP_TIME	1

D.5 SPACECRAFT_CIRCUMSTANCES_OF_OBSERVATION_AREA

Class Description: TBD

SPACECRAFT_CIRCUMSTANCES_OF_OBSERVATION_AREA	1
COMMENT	0..1
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT	1
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT	1
START_TIME	1
STOP_TIME	1

D.6 OBJECT_STATISTICS

Class Description: TBD

OBJECT_STATISTICS	0..*
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
CHECKSUM	0..1
MAXIMUM	0..1
MEAN	0..1
MEDIAN	0..1
MINIMUM	0..1
STANDARD_DEVIATION	0..1

D.7 SPECIAL_CONSTANTS

Class Description: TBD

SPECIAL_CONSTANTS	0..1
ERROR_CONSTANT	0..1
INVALID_CONSTANT	0..1
MISSING_CONSTANT	0..1
NOT_APPLICABLE_CONSTANT	0..1
SATURATED_CONSTANT	0..1
UNKNOWN_CONSTANT	0..1

D.8 PROPERTY_MAP

Class Description: TBD

PROPERTY_MAP	0..1
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
NAMESPACE_ID	1
PROPERTY_MAP_ENTRY	1..*
PROPERTY_NAME	1
PROPERTY_VALUE	1..*

D.9 FILE_AREA

Class Description: TBD

FILE_AREA	1
FILE_BINARY_FIXED	1
FILE_BINARY_VARIABLE	1
FILE_CHARACTER_FIXED	1
FILE_CHARACTER_STREAM	1

D.9.1 FILE_BINARY_FIXED

Class Description: TBD

FILE_BINARY_FIXED	1..*
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
CHECKSUM	1
FILE_SIZE	1
FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1
FILE_BINARY_FILE_TYPE	1
MAX_RECORD_BYTES	1
FILE_BINARY_FIXED_RECORD_TYPE	1

D.9.2 FILE_BINARY_VARIABLE

Class Description: TBD

FILE_BINARY_VARIABLE	1..*
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
CHECKSUM	1
FILE_SIZE	1
FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1
FILE_BINARY_FILE_TYPE	1
MAX_RECORD_BYTES	1
FILE_BINARY_VARIABLE_RECORD_TYPE	1

D.9.3 FILE_CHARACTER_FIXED

Class Description: TBD

FILE_CHARACTER_FIXED	1..*
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
CHECKSUM	1
FILE_SIZE	1
FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1
FILE_CHARACTER_FILE_TYPE	1
MAX_RECORD_BYTES	1
FILE_CHARACTER_FIXED_RECORD_TYPE	1

D.9.4 FILE_CHARACTER_STREAM

Class Description: TBD

FILE_CHARACTER_STREAM	1..*
LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
COMMENT	0..1
CHECKSUM	1
FILE_SIZE	1
FILE_SPECIFICATION_NAME	1
FILE_CHARACTER_FILE_TYPE	1
MAX_RECORD_BYTES	1
FILE_CHARACTER_STREAM_RECORD_DELIMITER	1
FILE_CHARACTER_STREAM_RECORD_TYPE	1

D.10 DATA_LOCATION

Class Description: TBD

DATA_LOCATION	1
FILE_LOCAL_IDENTIFIER	1
OFFSET	1